



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Oct 15, 2024 – 07:43 AM JST

PDB ID : 3DTP
EMDB ID : EMD-1950
Title : Tarantula heavy meromyosin obtained by flexible docking to Tarantula muscle thick filament Cryo-EM 3D-MAP
Authors : Alamo, L.; Wriggers, W.; Pinto, A.; Bartoli, F.; Salazar, L.; Zhao, F.Q.; Craig, R.; Padron, R.
Deposited on : 2008-07-15
Resolution : 20.00 Å (reported)
Based on initial models : 1B7T, 1I84, 2FXM

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev113
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

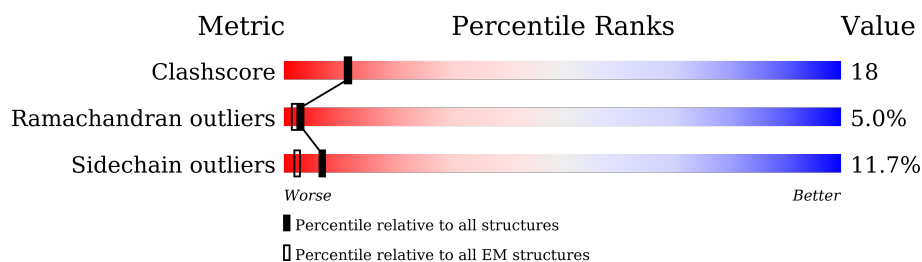
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 20.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	971	<div> <div>85%</div> <div> <div>56%</div> <div>32%</div> <div>8%</div> <div>..</div> </div> </div>
2	B	973	<div> <div>40%</div> <div> <div>49%</div> <div>37%</div> <div>9%</div> <div>..</div> </div> </div>
3	C	150	<div> <div>68%</div> <div> <div>73%</div> <div>23%</div> <div>..</div> </div> </div>
3	D	150	<div> <div>34%</div> <div> <div>47%</div> <div>42%</div> <div>8%</div> <div>..</div> </div> </div>
4	E	196	<div> <div>99%</div> <div> <div>57%</div> <div>36%</div> <div>6%</div> <div>.</div> </div> </div>
4	F	196	<div> <div>100%</div> <div> <div>43%</div> <div>34%</div> <div>15%</div> <div>8%</div> </div> </div>

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 25293 atoms, of which 4713 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Myosin-11,Myosin-7.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
1	A	938	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			9360	4819	1759	1312	1432	38		

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	2	ALA	-	see sequence_details	UNP P10587

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Myosin-11,Myosin-7.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
2	B	940	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			9379	4828	1764	1315	1434	38		

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	2	ALA	-	see sequence_details	UNP P10587

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Myosin light polypeptide 6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
3	C	148	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1411	722	251	193	234	11		
3	D	148	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1411	722	251	193	234	11		

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Myosin II regulatory light chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
4	E	196	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1866	948	344	259	309	6		

Continued on next page...

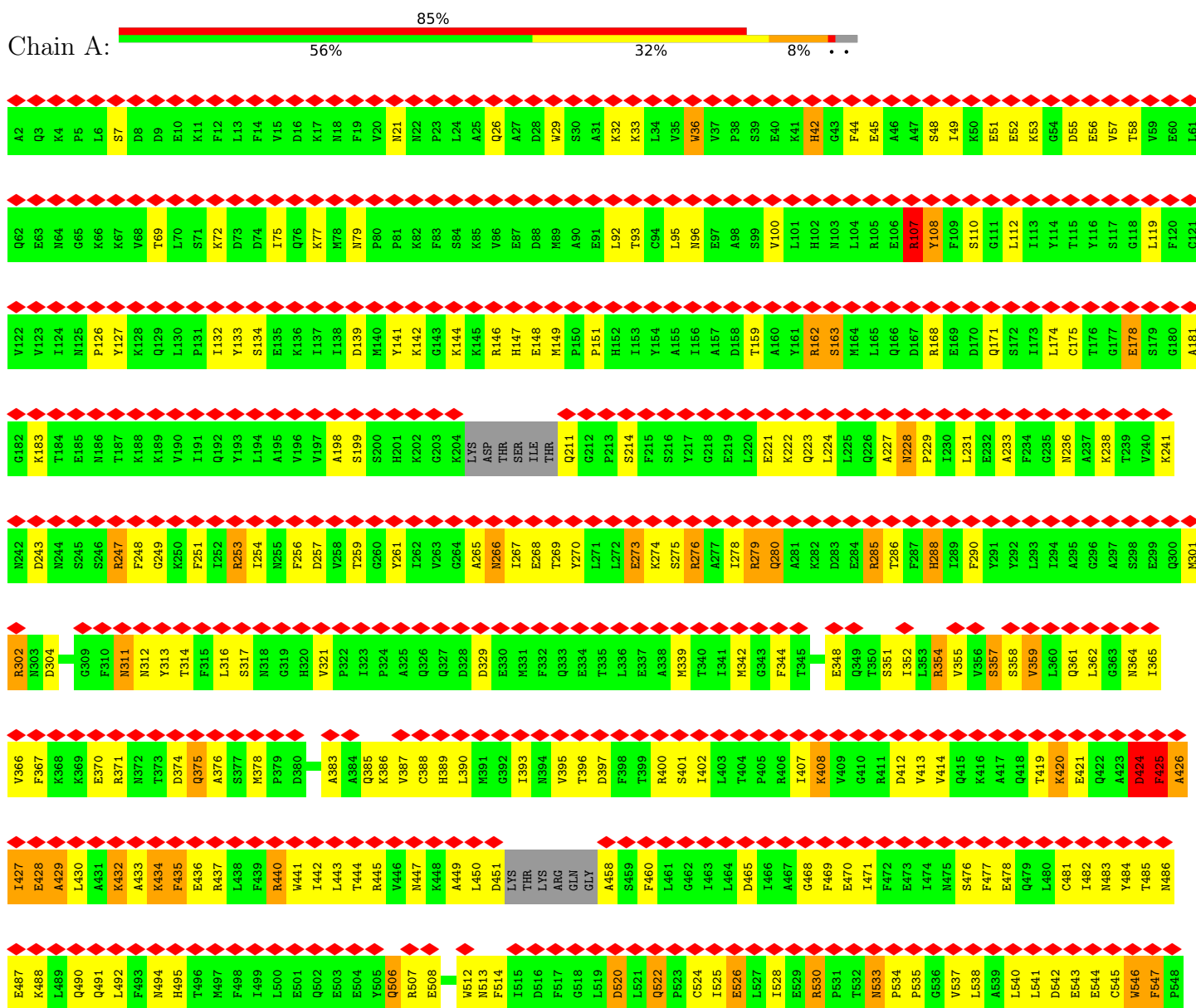
Continued from previous page...

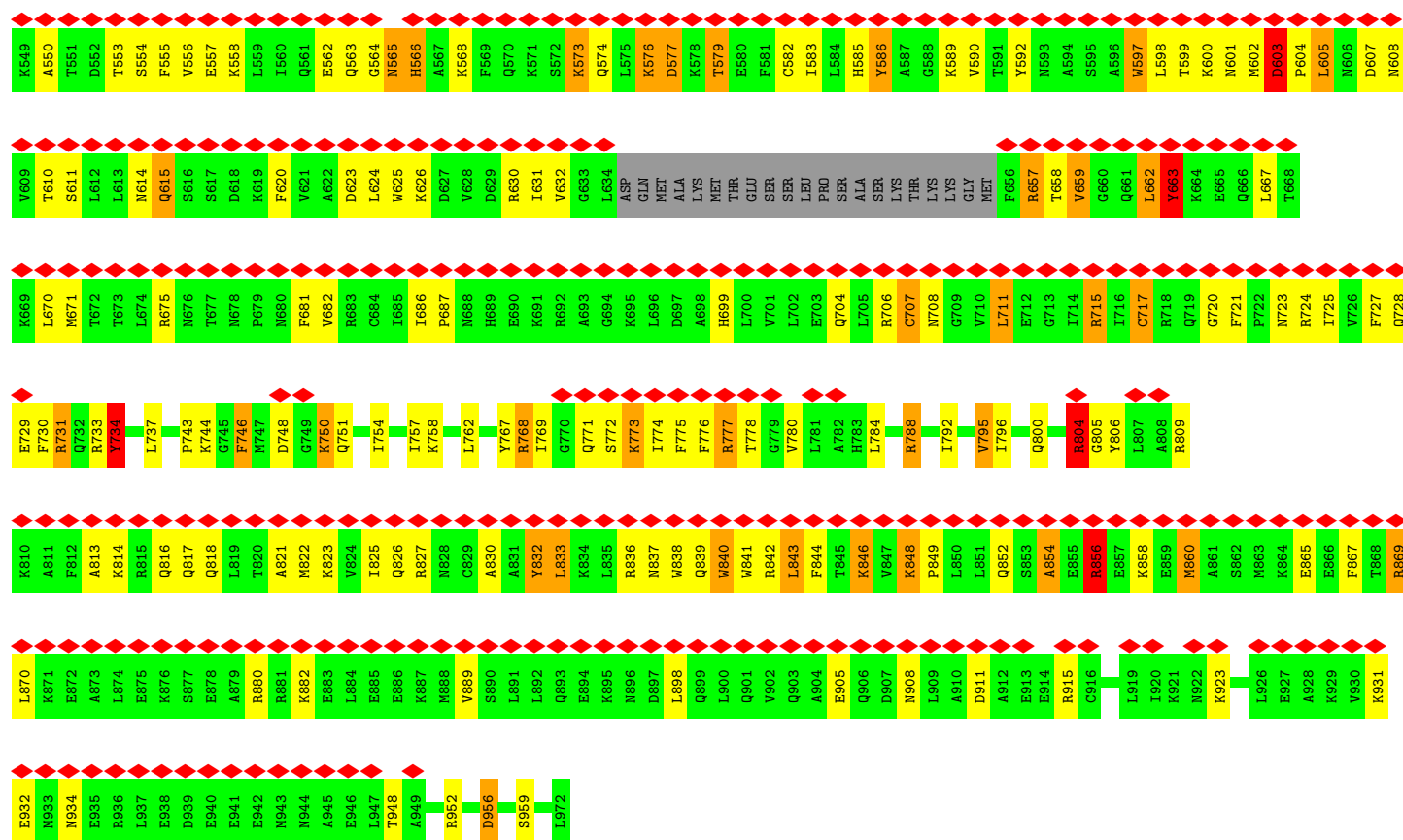
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						AltConf	Trace
4	F	196	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0
			1866	948	344	259	309	6		

3 Residue-property plots

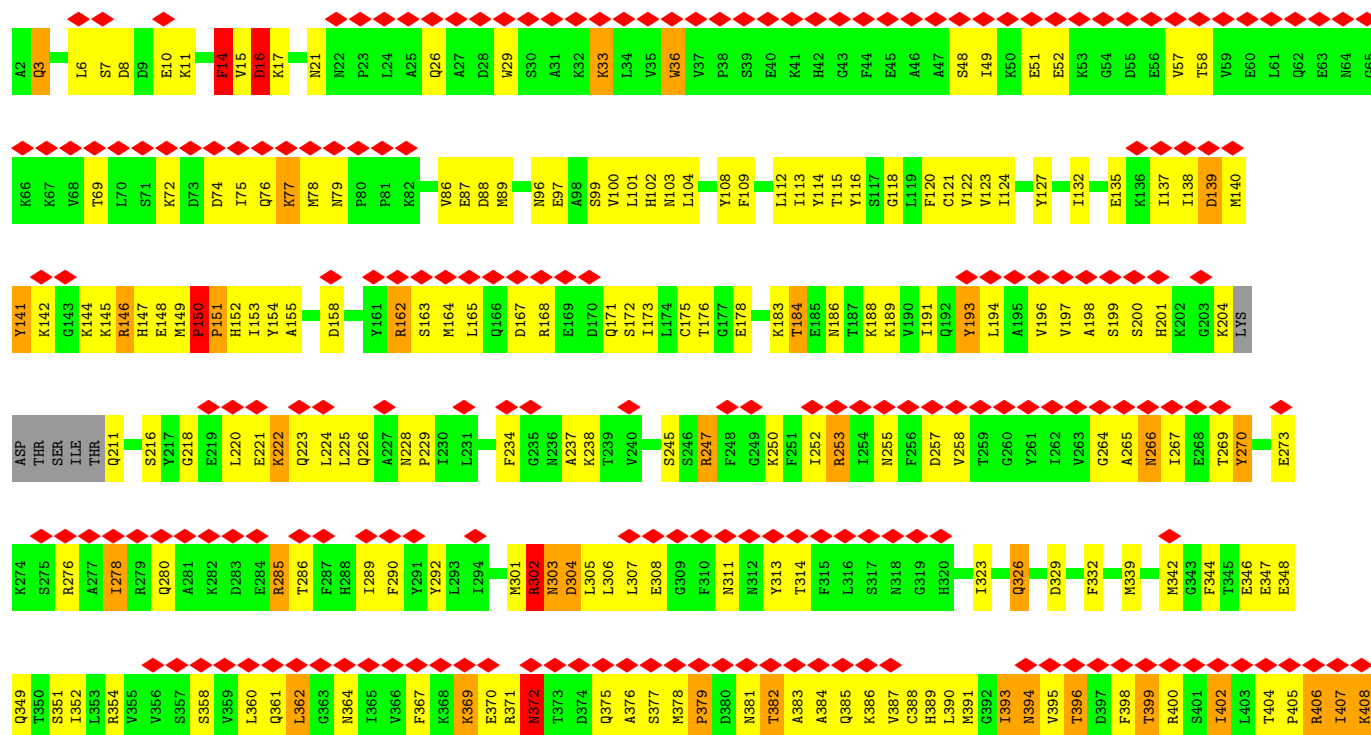
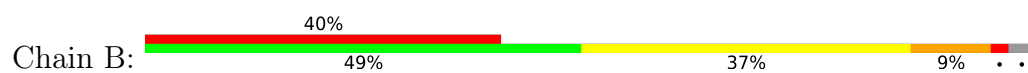
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

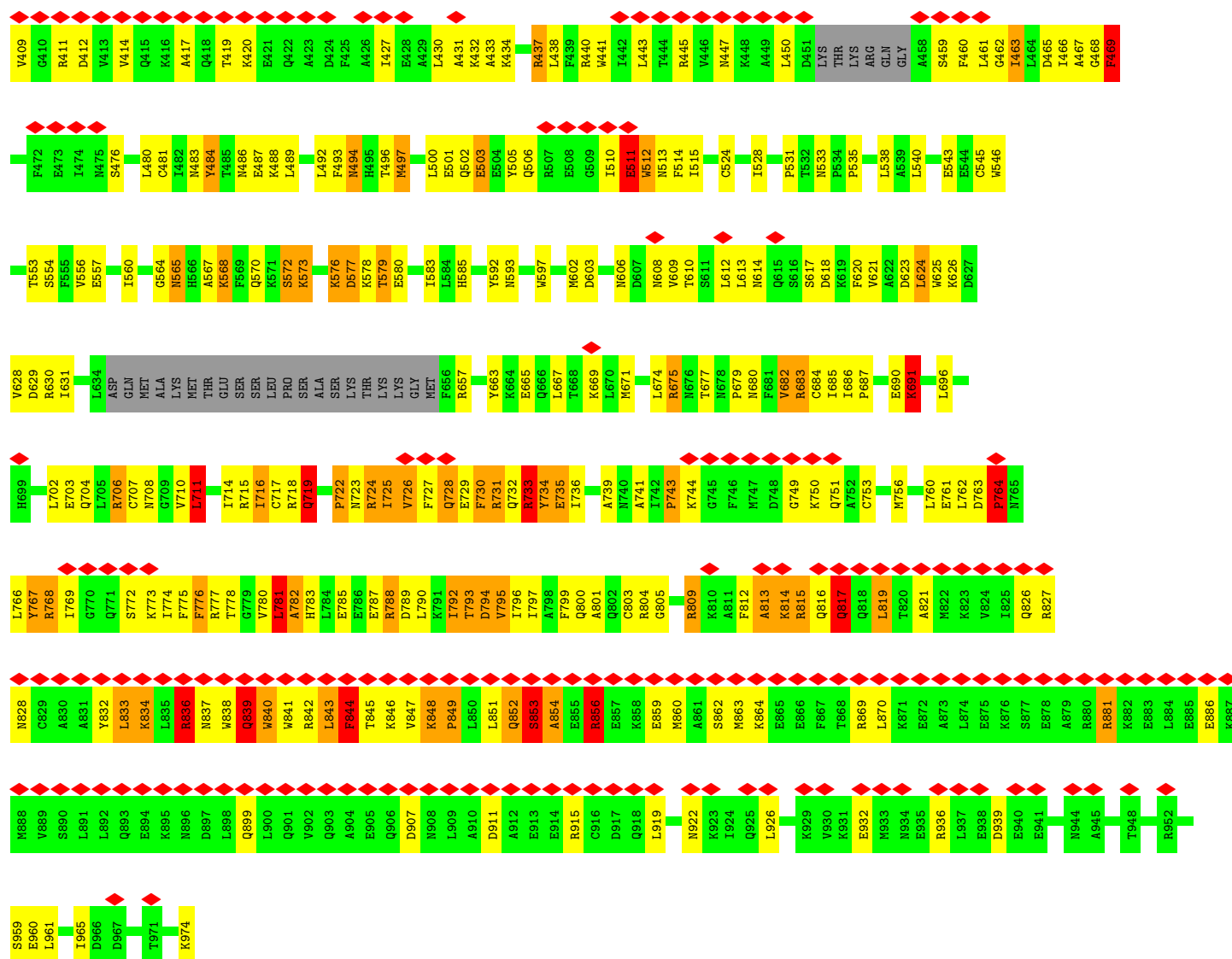
• Molecule 1: Myosin-11,Myosin-7



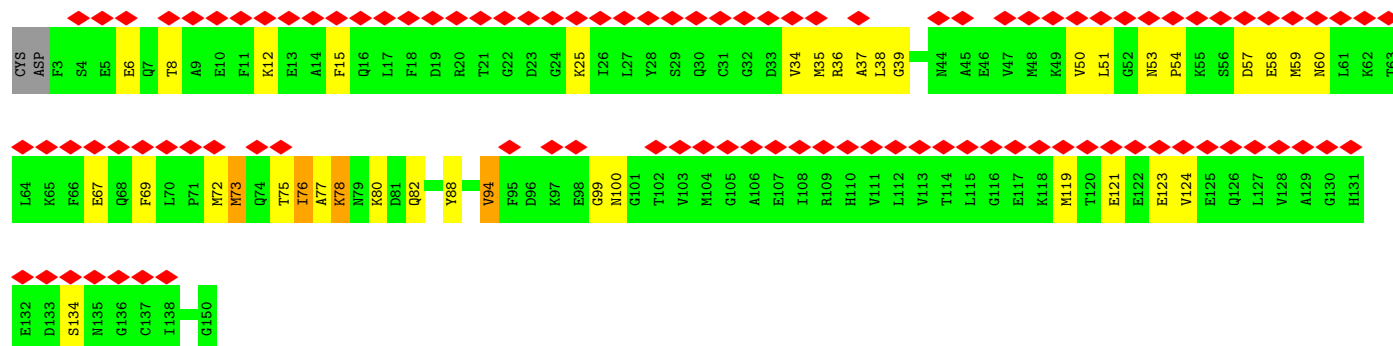
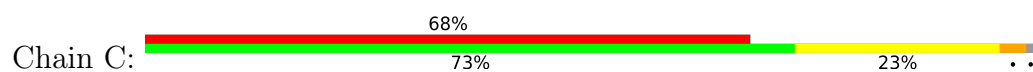


• Molecule 2: Myosin-11,Myosin-7

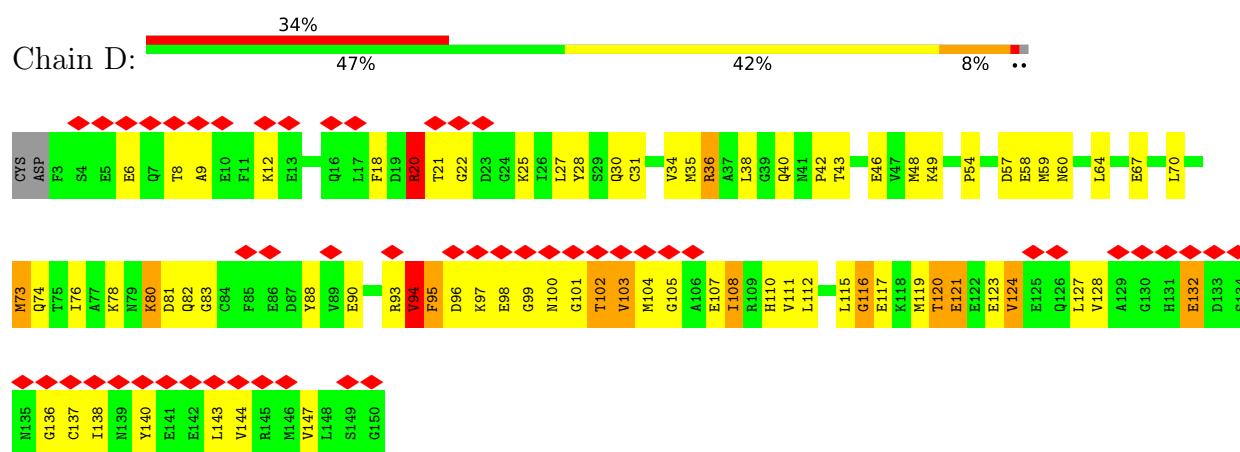




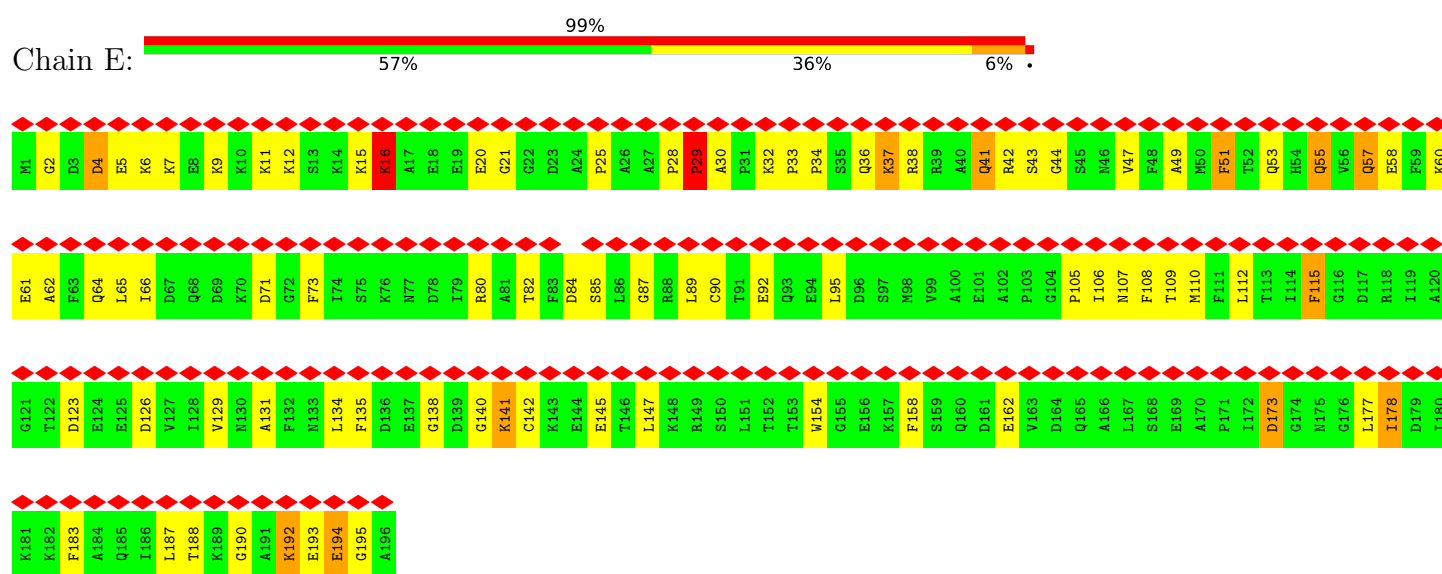
• Molecule 3: Myosin light polypeptide 6



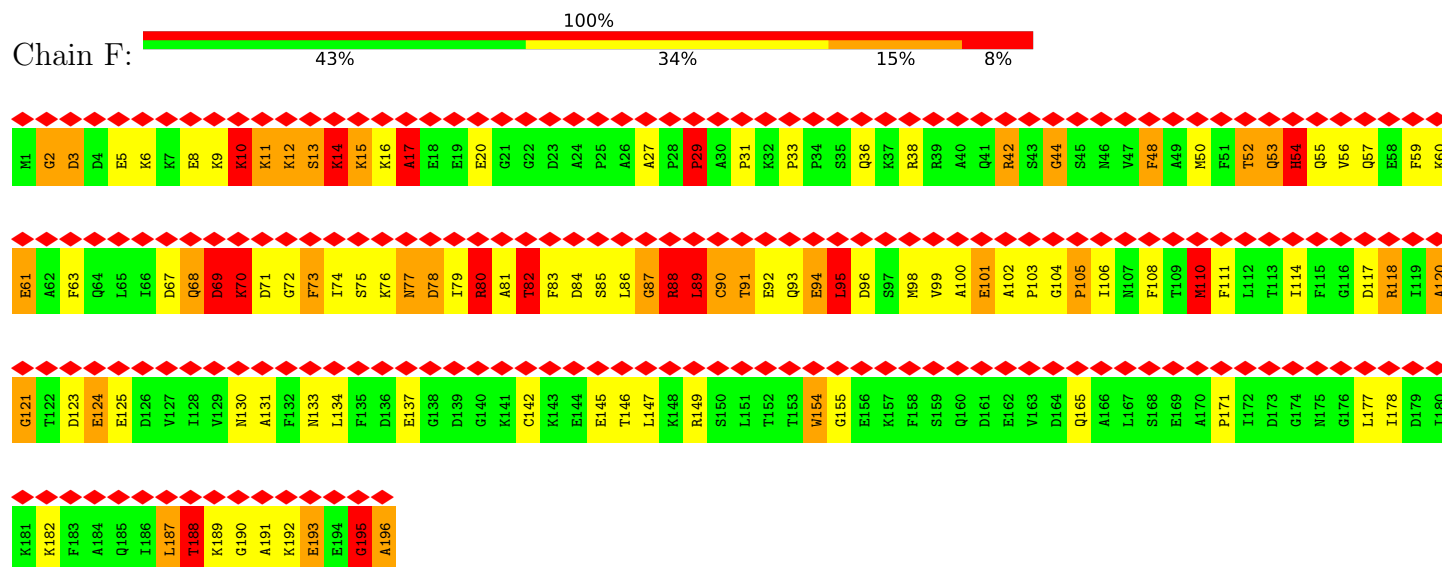
• Molecule 3: Myosin light polypeptide 6



• Molecule 4: Myosin II regulatory light chain



• Molecule 4: Myosin II regulatory light chain



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	HELICAL	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	HELICAL, twist=Not provided°, rise=Not provided Å, axial sym=Not provided	Depositor
Number of segments used	15504	Depositor
Resolution determination method	Not provided	
CTF correction method	no corrected	Depositor
Microscope	FEI/PHILIPS CM120T	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	120	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{Å}^2$)	Not provided	
Minimum defocus (nm)	1950	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1950	Depositor
Magnification	35000	Depositor
Image detector	Not provided	
Maximum map value	247.077	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.037	Depositor
Average map value	10.023	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	28.567	Depositor
Recommended contour level	25	Depositor
Map size (Å)	620, 620, 620.5	wwPDB
Map dimensions	250, 250, 250	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90, 90, 90	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	2.48, 2.48, 2.482	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.66	0/7730	1.43	79/10402 (0.8%)
2	B	0.66	0/7744	1.42	75/10420 (0.7%)
3	C	0.63	0/1175	1.19	2/1575 (0.1%)
3	D	0.65	0/1175	1.33	5/1575 (0.3%)
4	E	0.65	0/1546	1.34	10/2071 (0.5%)
4	F	0.68	0/1546	1.57	21/2071 (1.0%)
All	All	0.66	0/20916	1.41	192/28114 (0.7%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	22
2	B	0	31
3	D	0	7
4	E	0	3
4	F	0	16
All	All	0	79

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 192 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	107	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-16.82	111.89	120.30
1	A	107	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	11.80	126.20	120.30
3	C	36	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.51	115.04	120.30
1	A	285	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.09	125.34	120.30
2	B	484	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-9.55	115.27	121.00

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 79 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	107	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	108	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	127	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	133	TYR	Sidechain
1	A	249	GLY	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	7601	1759	7638	233	0
2	B	7615	1764	7656	339	0
3	C	1160	251	1126	17	0
3	D	1160	251	1126	56	0
4	E	1522	344	1492	58	0
4	F	1522	344	1492	109	0
All	All	20580	4713	20530	721	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 18.

The worst 5 of 721 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:E:12:LYS:HA	4:F:68:GLN:HG3	1.41	1.03
2:B:178:GLU:HA	2:B:469:PHE:HB3	1.42	1.01
2:B:375:GLN:HA	2:B:419:THR:HA	1.43	0.99
2:B:238:LYS:HB3	2:B:285:ARG:HB2	1.43	0.99
2:B:856:ARG:HA	2:B:859:GLU:HB2	1.47	0.95

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles

5.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	930/971 (96%)	740 (80%)	153 (16%)	37 (4%)	2	18
2	B	932/973 (96%)	764 (82%)	127 (14%)	41 (4%)	2	17
3	C	146/150 (97%)	127 (87%)	12 (8%)	7 (5%)	2	16
3	D	146/150 (97%)	122 (84%)	18 (12%)	6 (4%)	2	18
4	E	194/196 (99%)	158 (81%)	24 (12%)	12 (6%)	1	13
4	F	194/196 (99%)	118 (61%)	52 (27%)	24 (12%)	0	4
All	All	2542/2636 (96%)	2029 (80%)	386 (15%)	127 (5%)	3	16

5 of 127 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	21	ASN
1	A	181	ALA
1	A	224	LEU
1	A	429	ALA
1	A	533	ASN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	828/857 (97%)	741 (90%)	87 (10%)	5	19
2	B	829/858 (97%)	719 (87%)	110 (13%)	3	13
3	C	127/129 (98%)	118 (93%)	9 (7%)	12	32

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
3	D	127/129 (98%)	113 (89%)	14 (11%)	5	18
4	E	162/162 (100%)	146 (90%)	16 (10%)	6	21
4	F	162/162 (100%)	137 (85%)	25 (15%)	2	11
All	All	2235/2297 (97%)	1974 (88%)	261 (12%)	7	16

5 of 261 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	E	126	ASP
4	F	33	PRO
4	F	193	GLU
2	B	79	ASN
2	B	51	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 46 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	593	ASN
2	B	899	GLN
2	B	608	ASN
2	B	800	GLN
3	C	100	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

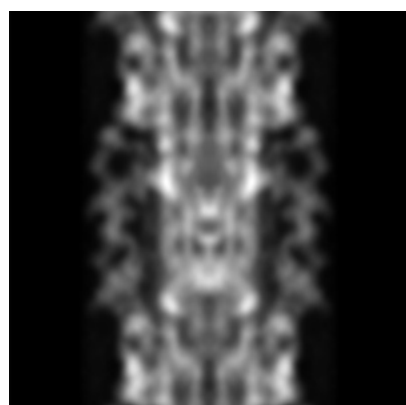
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-1950. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

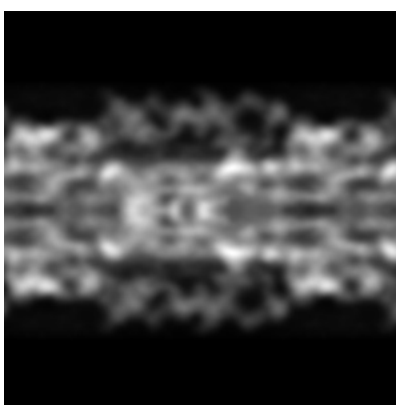
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

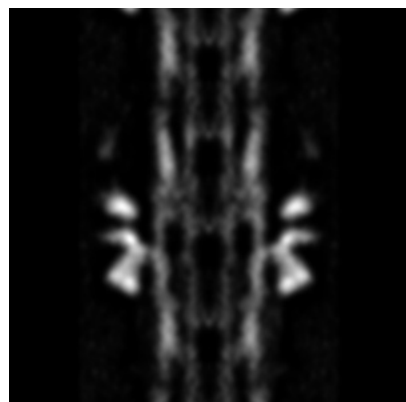


Z

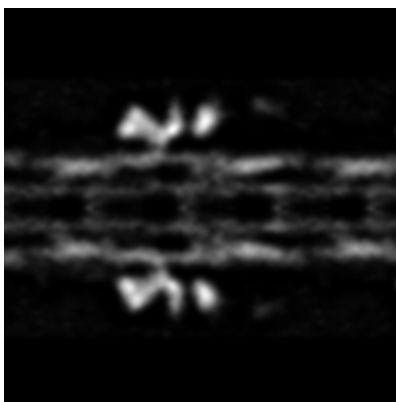
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

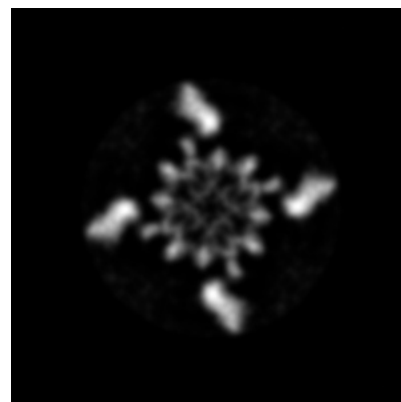
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 125



Y Index: 125

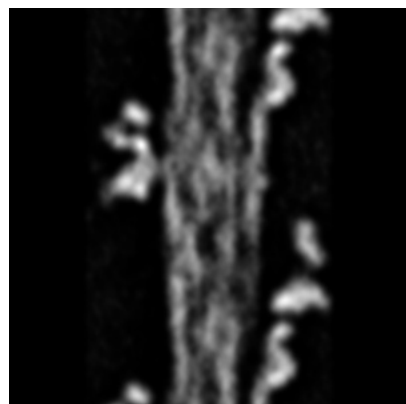


Z Index: 125

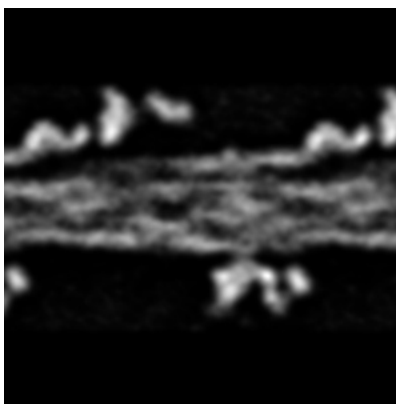
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

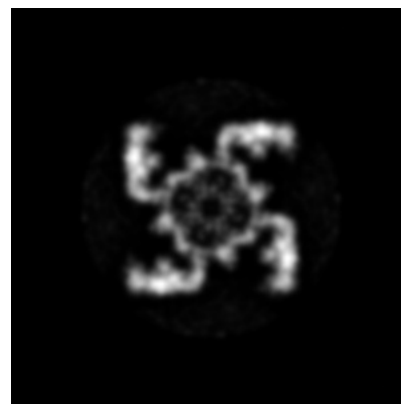
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 150



Y Index: 99

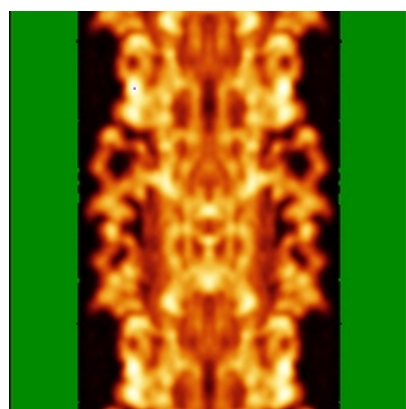


Z Index: 200

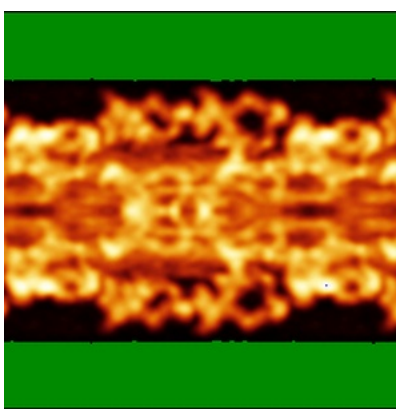
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

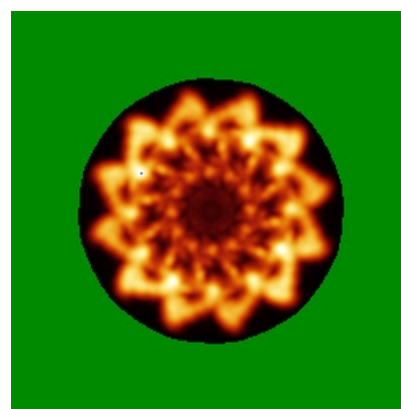
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

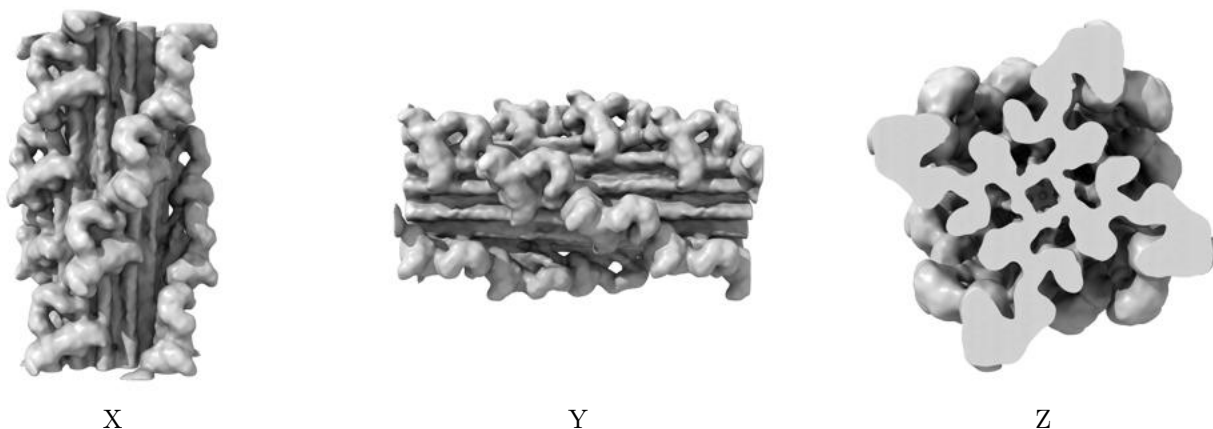


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 25.0. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

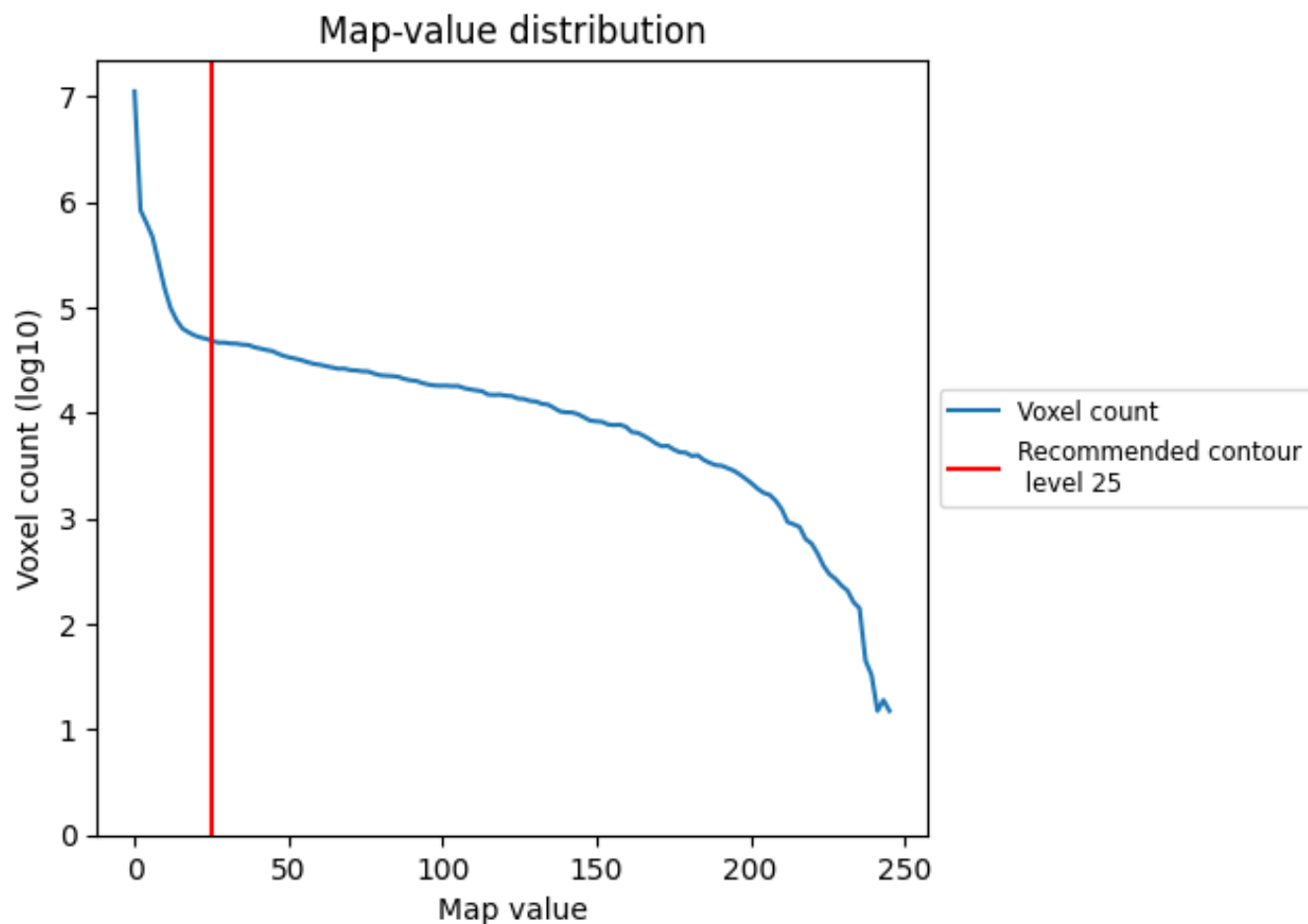
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

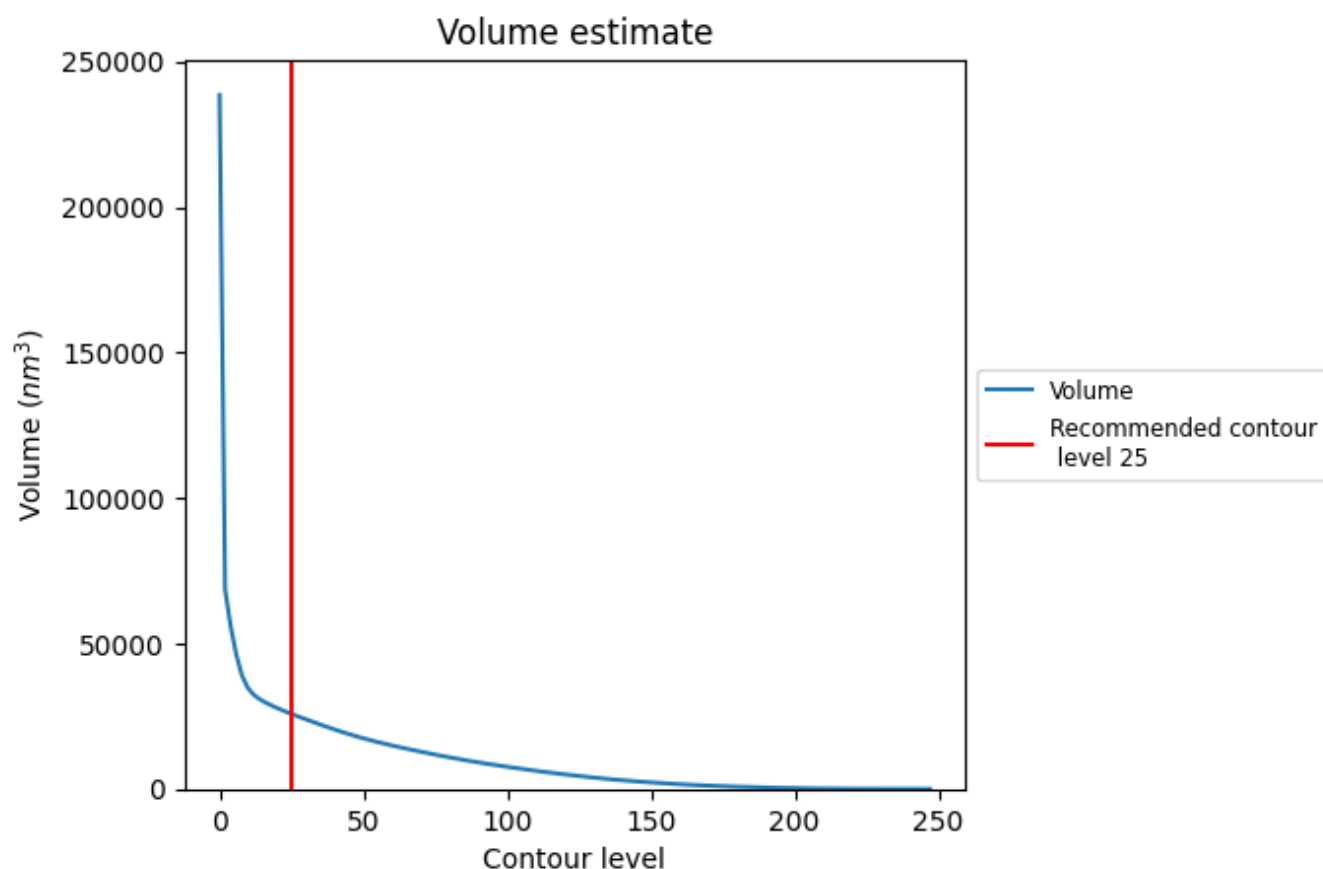
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

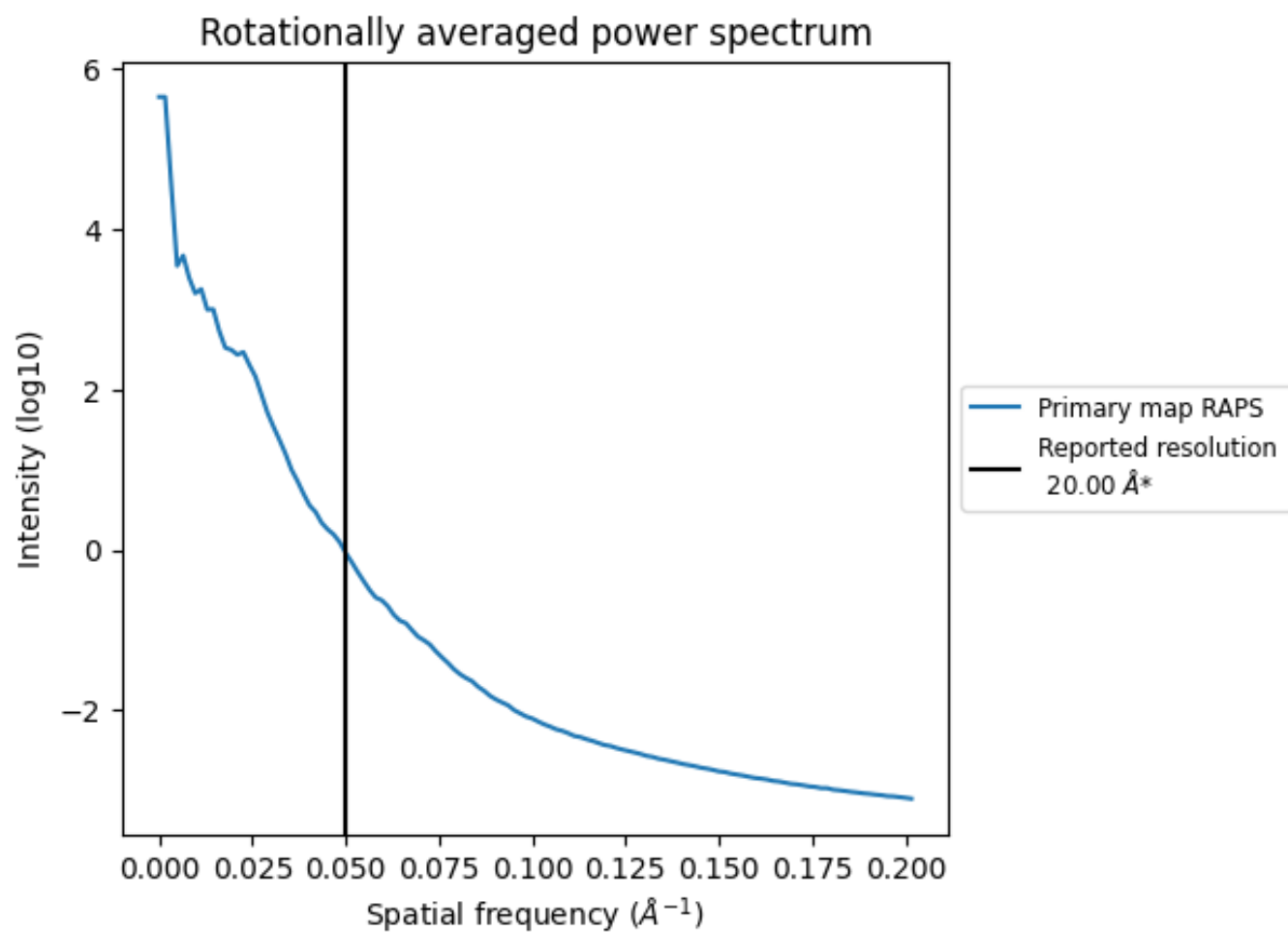
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 25767 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 23276 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.050 Å⁻¹

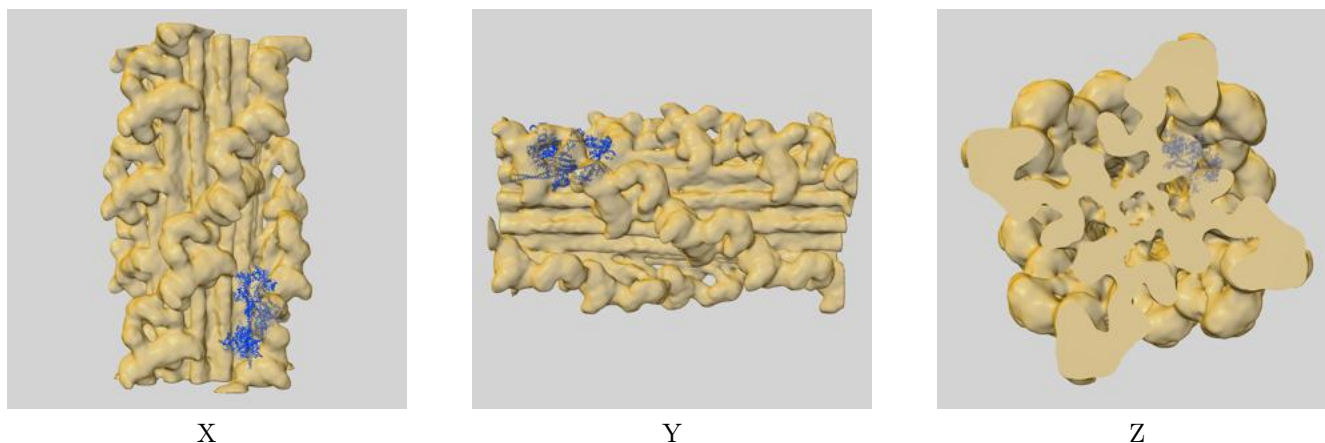
8 Fourier-Shell correlation ⓘ

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

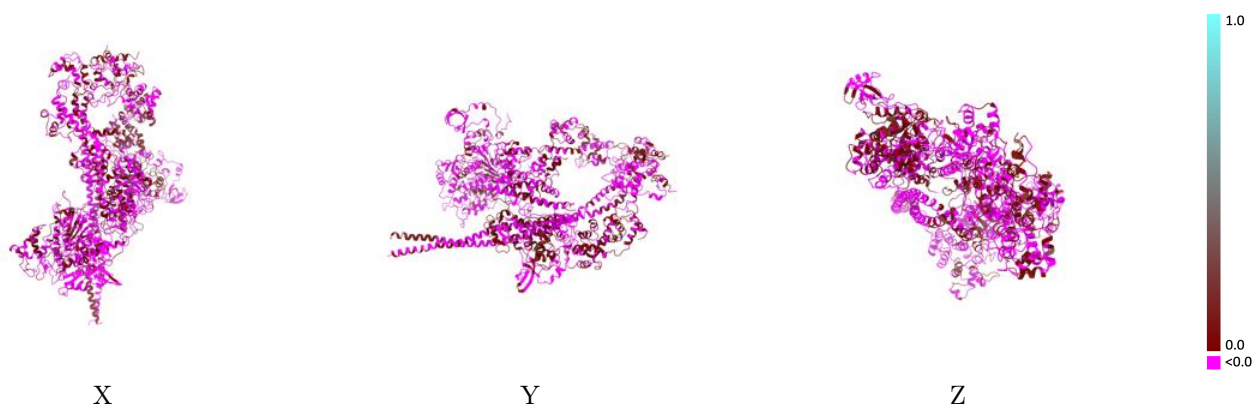
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-1950 and PDB model 3DTP. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [5](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



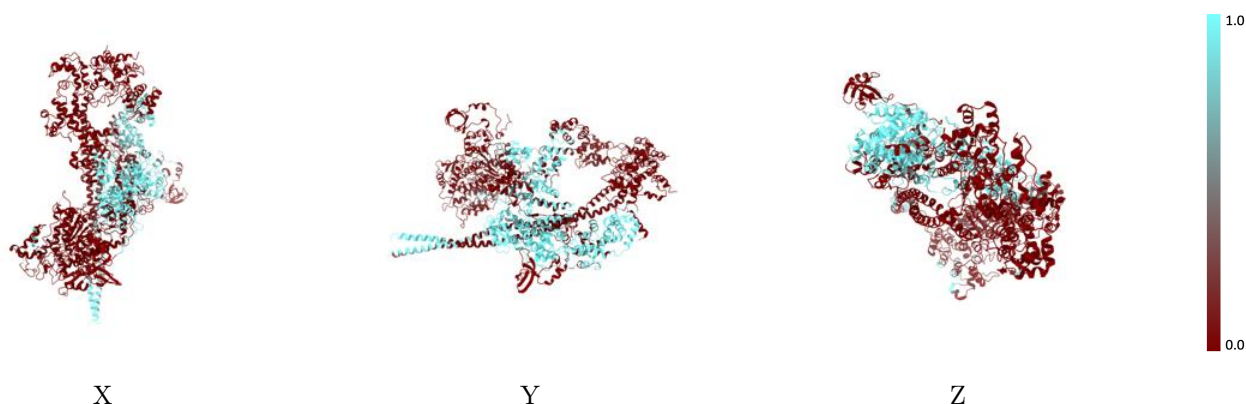
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 25.0 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



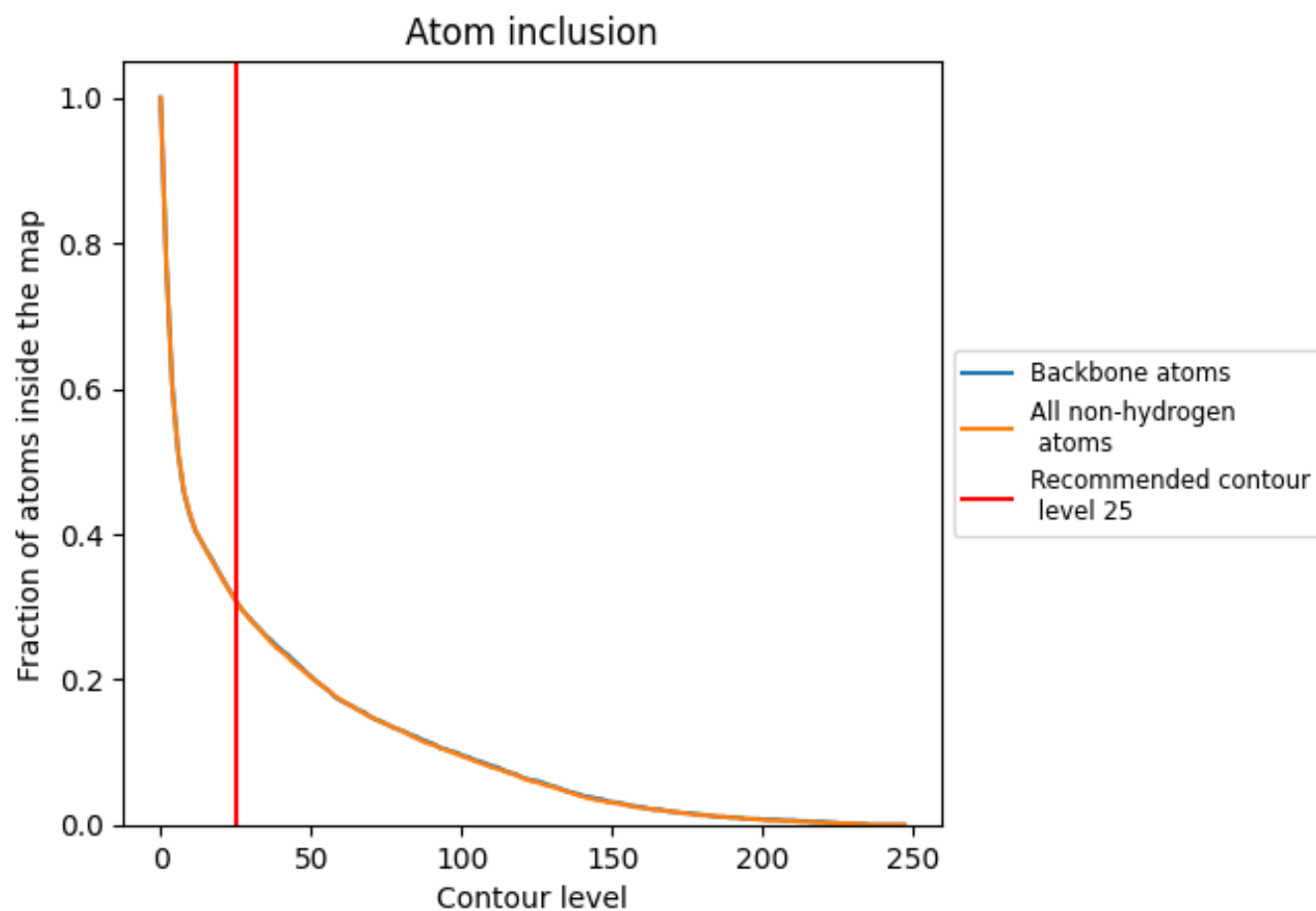
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (25).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 31% of all backbone atoms, 31% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (25) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	<div></div> 0.3070	<div></div> -0.0270
A	<div></div> 0.1230	<div></div> -0.0500
B	<div></div> 0.5670	<div></div> -0.0170
C	<div></div> 0.2960	<div></div> -0.0090
D	<div></div> 0.6610	<div></div> 0.0200
E	<div></div> 0.0050	<div></div> 0.0040
F	<div></div> 0.0010	<div></div> -0.0440

1.0
0.0
-0.0