



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 6, 2025 – 01:44 AM EDT

PDB ID : 8E6S / pdb_00008e6s
EMDB ID : EMD-27924
Title : Human TRPM2 ion channel in 1 mM dADPR and Ca²⁺
Authors : Wang, L.; Fu, T.M.; Xia, S.; Wu, H.
Deposited on : 2022-08-23
Resolution : 4.60 Å(reported)

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A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev118
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.43.1

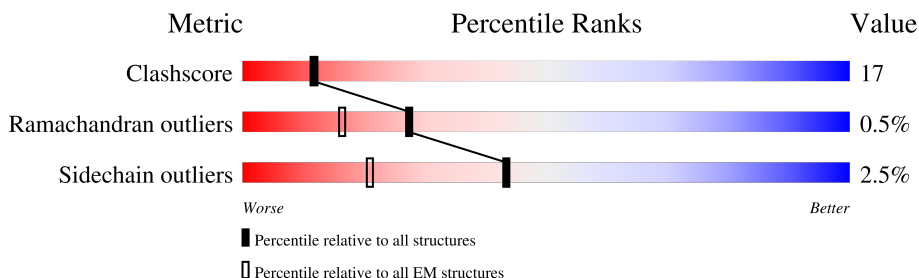
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	1503	<div> <div>39%</div> <div>56%</div> <div>31%</div> <div>12%</div> </div>
1	B	1503	<div> <div>39%</div> <div>56%</div> <div>31%</div> <div>12%</div> </div>
1	C	1503	<div> <div>40%</div> <div>56%</div> <div>30%</div> <div>12%</div> </div>
1	D	1503	<div> <div>39%</div> <div>56%</div> <div>31%</div> <div>12%</div> </div>

2 Entry composition [i](#)

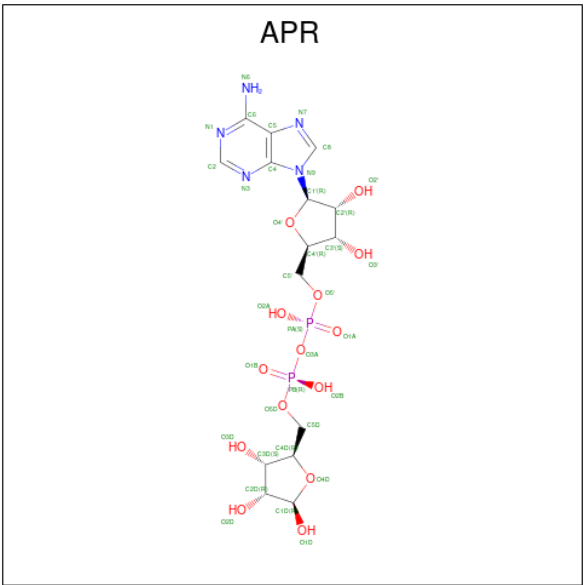
There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 42336 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Transient receptor potential cation channel subfamily M member 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	1330	10521	6791	1829	1851	50	0	0
1	B	1330	10521	6791	1829	1851	50	0	0
1	C	1330	10521	6791	1829	1851	50	0	0
1	D	1330	10521	6791	1829	1851	50	0	0

- Molecule 2 is ADENOSINE-5-DIPHOSPHORIBOSE (CCD ID: APR) (formula: C₁₅H₂₃N₅O₁₄P₂) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



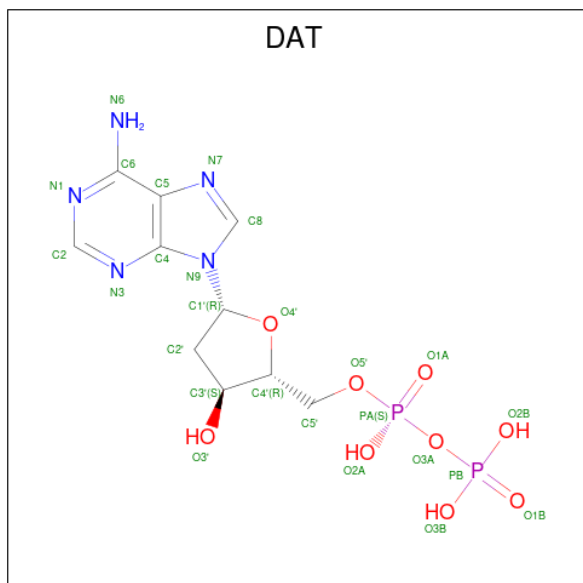
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P	
2	A	1	35	15	5	13	2	0
2	B	1	35	15	5	13	2	0

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
2	C	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			35	15	5	13	2	
2	D	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			35	15	5	13	2	

- Molecule 3 is 2'-DEOXYADENOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: DAT) (formula: $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_9P_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			26	10	5	9	2	
3	B	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			26	10	5	9	2	
3	C	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			26	10	5	9	2	
3	D	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			26	10	5	9	2	

- Molecule 4 is ZINC ION (CCD ID: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
4	A	1	Total	Zn	0
			1	1	
4	B	1	Total	Zn	0
			1	1	
4	C	1	Total	Zn	0
			1	1	

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
4	D	1	Total	Zn	0
			1	1	

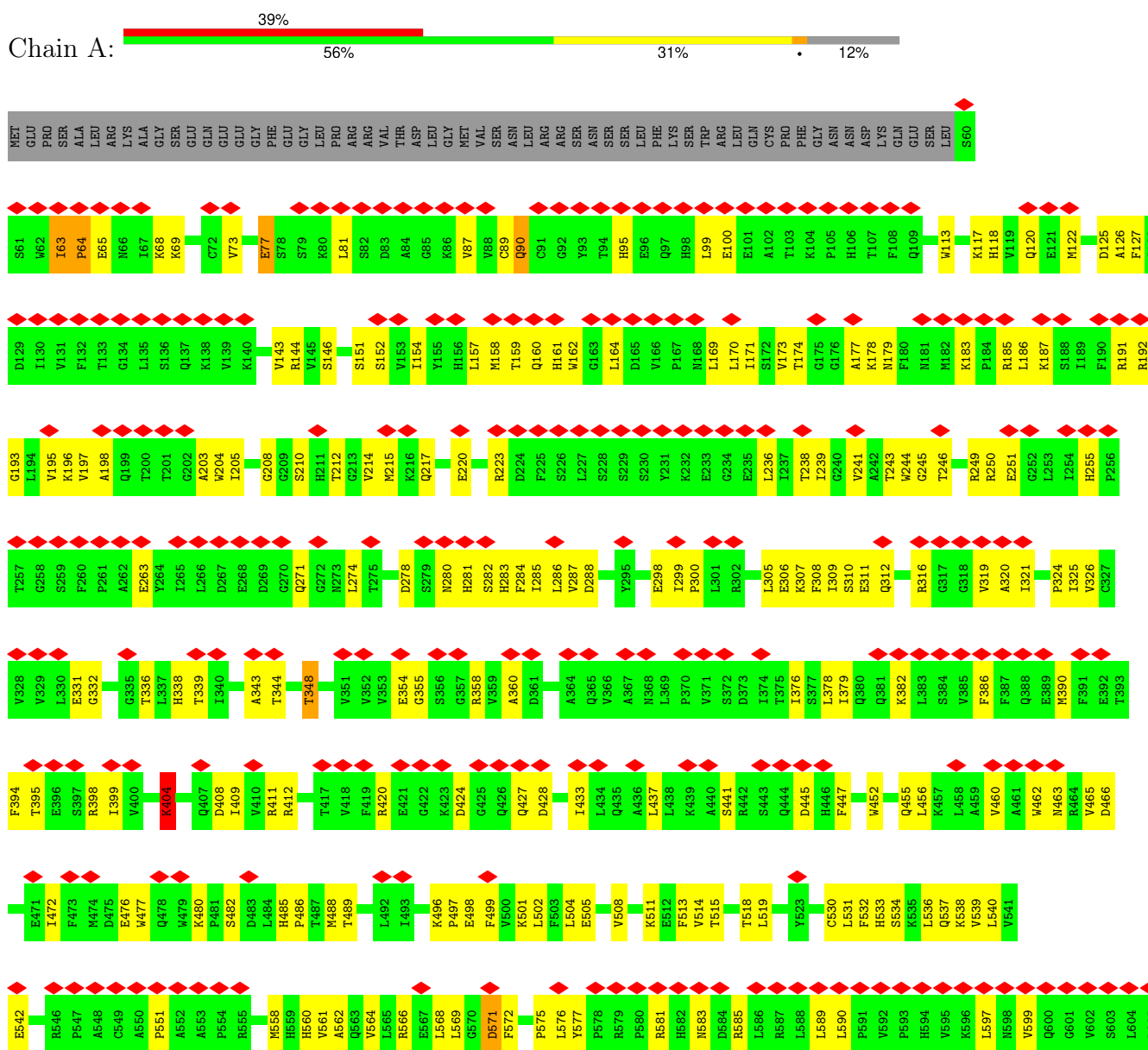
- Molecule 5 is CALCIUM ION (CCD ID: CA) (formula: Ca).

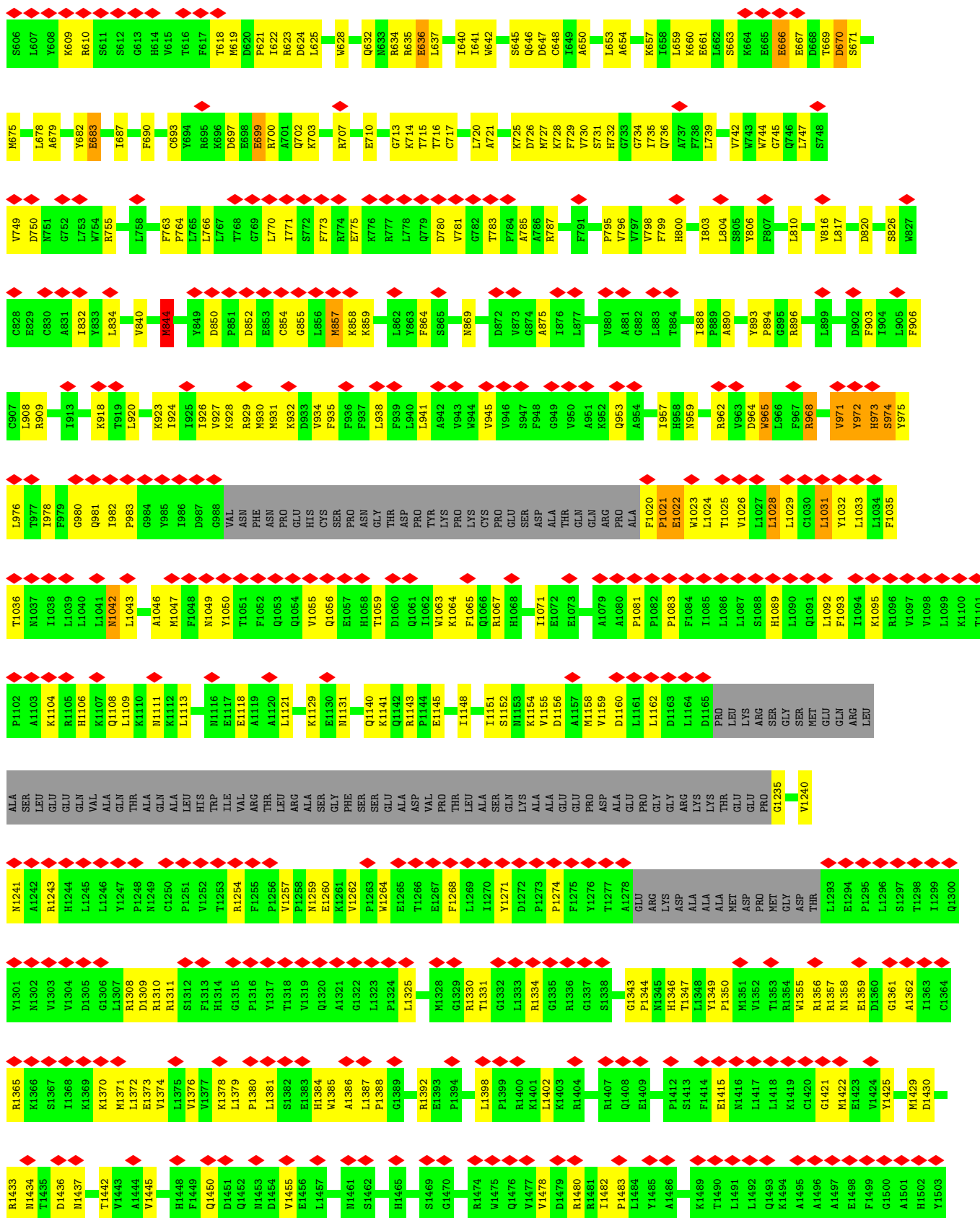
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
5	A	1	Total	Ca	0
			1	1	
5	B	1	Total	Ca	0
			1	1	
5	C	1	Total	Ca	0
			1	1	
5	D	1	Total	Ca	0
			1	1	

3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Transient receptor potential cation channel subfamily M member 2







N1037	T977	C907	S826	S748	M675	L607	R546	D475	I399	E331	L194
I1038	I978	L908	W827	V749	M676	Y608	P547	E476	V400	G332	V195
L1039	F979	R909	C828	D750	L678	K609	A548	Q477	G335	G336	K196
L1040	G980	I913	E829	W751	A679	R610	C549	Q478	E263	T336	V197
N1042	Q981	I916	C830	G752	Y682	S611	A550	Q479	Y264	L337	A198
L1043	I982	S917	A831	R755	E683	S612	P551	P481	I265	H338	Q199
L1044	P983	K918	I832	L758	E684	G613	A552	S482	T200	T339	T201
	G984	R919	Y833		I687	H614	A553	D483	I340	I340	G202
	Y985	T919	L834		F690	V615	P554	L484	A411	A343	A203
M1047	Y985				C693	T616	P486	H485	R412	T344	W204
F1048	I986	K923	V840	F763	Y694	F617	M488	T487	T417	T348	I205
N1049	D987	I924	C841	L764	R695	T618	T489	V418	V418	G272	G208
Y1050	G988	I925	R844	L765	R696	M619	H559	F419	N273	G272	G209
T1051	VAL	I926		L766	K696	D620	H560	R420	N273	N273	G210
F1052	ASN	I927		T767	P621	P621	V561	E421	T275	T275	H011
Q1053	ASN	K928	F848	T768	D697	I622	A562	I493	D278	D278	M215
Q1054	PRD	R929	Y849	G769	E698	R623	O563	G422	S279	S279	K216
Q1055	GLU	M930	Y849	L770	E699	D624	V564	G423	N280	N280	Q217
V1055	GLU	M931	D850	L771	R700	L625	L565	D424	H281	H281	Q217
Q1056	HIS	K932	P851	T772	A701		R566	G425	S282	S282	E220
E1057	CYS	D933	D852	F773	Q702		L567	G426	H983	H983	R223
E1057	SER	V934	E853	F774	K703		L568	Q427	F284	F284	D224
H1058	PRD	P935	R774	E775	R707		L569	D428	I285	I285	D224
T1059	ASN	F935			E710		L570	I433	L286	L286	F225
D1060	THR	L938	C854	K776			L571	I434	L287	L287	S226
Q1061	ASP	F939	C855	R777			L572	Q435	D288	D288	S226
I1062	PRD	L856	L856	R778			L573	L434	Y295	Y295	S228
W1063	TYR	N857	N857	L778			Q574	L435	E298	E298	S230
K1064	LYS	K859	K859	Q779			E505	S441	I299	I299	Y231
F1065	PRD	A942	A942	D780			L575	R442	L301	L301	K232
Q1066	CYS	Y943	K859	T715			L576	S443	K302	K302	E233
R1067	CYS	Y944	A860	T716			L577	Q444	L305	L305	G234
	GLY	P945		C717			Y508	D445	E306	E306	E235
	PRD	V945					L519	H445	K307	K307	L236
	GLU	P946					L523	F447	I309	I309	I237
	GLU	S947					L588	W452	E311	E311	T238
	SER	P948					L589	Q455	Q382	Q382	V241
	ALA	F948					L590	L456	L383	L383	A242
	THR	G949					L591	K457	S384	S384	T243
	GLN	V950					L592	L458	V385	V385	W244
	GLN	A951					L593	A459	F386	F386	G245
	ARG	K952					L594	V460	G317	G317	T246
	PRD	L876					L595	A461	Q388	Q388	R249
	ALA	L877					L596	W462	E389	E389	R250
P1081	F1020						L597	N463	M390	M390	E251
P1082	P1021						L598	R464	F391	F391	G252
P1083	E1022						L599	Y466	I321	I321	L253
F1084	W1023						L600	D466	P324	P324	G254
F1085	L1024						L601	E471	I325	I325	I254
L1086	T1025						G601	I472	C327	C327	H255
L1087	V1026						V602	F473	V329	V329	P256
S1088	L1028						L604	M474	V329	V329	G258
H1089	O1028						L605		L330	L330	S259
L1090	L1029						S606				
Q1091	C1030										
L1092	Y1032										
F1093	L1033										
I1094	L1034										
K1095	F1035										
R1096	T1036										
V1097											
V1098											
L1099											
K1100											
T1101											
P1102											





HI448	FI449	QI450	DI451	QI452	NI453	DI454	VI455	EI456	LI457	MI458	NI461	SI462	HI465	SI469	GI470	WI475	QI476	VI477	VI478	DI479	RI480	LI481	LI482	PI483	LI484	YI485	A1486	KI489	TI490	LI491	LI492	QI493	KI494	A1495	A1496	A1497	EI498	F1499	GI500	A1501	HI502	YI503															
LI375	VI376	VI377	KI378	LI379	PI380	LI381	SI382	EI383	HI384	WI385	AI386	LI387	PI388	GI389	LI392	EI393	PI394	LI398	PI399	RI400	KI401	LI402	KI403	RI404	QI408	EI409	PI412	SI413	FI414	EI415	NI416	LI417	LI418	KI419	CI420	GI421	MI422	EI423	VI424	YI425	MI429	DI430	DI431	PI432	RI433	NI434	TI435	DI436	NI437	TI442	VI443	A1444					
SI312	FI313	HI314	GI315	PI316	YI317	LI318	VI319	QI320	AI321	GI322	LI323	PI324	LI325	NI326	PI327	MI328	GI329	RI330	TI331	GI332	LI333	RI334	GI335	RI336	GI337	SI338	GI343	PI344	NI345	HI346	TI347	LI348	YI349	PI350	MI351	VI352	TI353	RI354	WI355	RI356	RI357	NI358	EI359	DI360	GI361	A1362	TI363	CI364	RI365	KI366	SI367	TI368	KI369	MI370	LI372	EI373	VI374

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	95674	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	49	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	8000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	22000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.852	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.361	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.029	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.169	Depositor
Map size (Å)	388.80002, 388.80002, 388.80002	wwPDB
Map dimensions	360, 360, 360	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.08, 1.08, 1.08	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, CA, DAT, APR

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.18	0/10787	0.52	6/14658 (0.0%)
1	B	0.18	0/10787	0.52	6/14658 (0.0%)
1	C	0.18	0/10787	0.52	6/14658 (0.0%)
1	D	0.18	0/10787	0.52	6/14658 (0.0%)
All	All	0.18	0/43148	0.52	24/58632 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	6
1	B	0	6
1	C	0	6
1	D	0	6
All	All	0	24

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 24 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	974	SER	N-CA-C	5.98	121.14	113.18
1	B	974	SER	N-CA-C	5.96	121.11	113.18
1	D	974	SER	N-CA-C	5.96	121.10	113.18
1	A	974	SER	N-CA-C	5.93	121.07	113.18
1	A	404	LYS	CB-CG-CD	5.82	124.69	111.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 24 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	63	ILE	Peptide
1	A	666	GLU	Peptide
1	A	965	TRP	Peptide
1	A	968	ARG	Peptide
1	A	971	VAL	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	10521	0	10407	395	0
1	B	10521	0	10407	409	0
1	C	10521	0	10407	392	0
1	D	10521	0	10407	373	0
2	A	35	0	19	1	0
2	B	35	0	19	1	0
2	C	35	0	19	1	0
2	D	35	0	19	0	0
3	A	26	0	12	1	0
3	B	26	0	12	1	0
3	C	26	0	12	1	0
3	D	26	0	12	1	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	B	1	0	0	0	0
4	C	1	0	0	0	0
4	D	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	B	1	0	0	0	0
5	C	1	0	0	0	0
5	D	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	42336	0	41752	1451	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 17.

The worst 5 of 1451 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:1022:GLU:HB3	1:D:975:TYR:N	1.66	1.09
1:A:1024:LEU:H	1:B:972:TYR:C	1.70	0.99
1:C:1022:GLU:HB3	1:D:975:TYR:H	0.84	0.99
1:C:1022:GLU:CB	1:D:975:TYR:H	1.78	0.95
1:B:981:GLN:NE2	1:C:981:GLN:OE1	1.99	0.95

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	1322/1503 (88%)	1169 (88%)	147 (11%)	6 (0%)	25	64
1	B	1322/1503 (88%)	1170 (88%)	145 (11%)	7 (0%)	25	64
1	C	1322/1503 (88%)	1171 (89%)	144 (11%)	7 (0%)	25	64
1	D	1322/1503 (88%)	1171 (89%)	145 (11%)	6 (0%)	25	64
All	All	5288/6012 (88%)	4681 (88%)	581 (11%)	26 (0%)	27	64

5 of 26 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	64	PRO
1	A	87	VAL
1	B	64	PRO
1	B	87	VAL
1	C	64	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	1109/1318 (84%)	1081 (98%)	28 (2%)	42	62
1	B	1109/1318 (84%)	1081 (98%)	28 (2%)	42	62
1	C	1109/1318 (84%)	1081 (98%)	28 (2%)	42	62
1	D	1109/1318 (84%)	1081 (98%)	28 (2%)	42	62
All	All	4436/5272 (84%)	4324 (98%)	112 (2%)	43	62

5 of 112 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	195	VAL
1	D	1371	MET
1	C	834	LEU
1	D	1160	ASP
1	D	834	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 61 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	732	HIS
1	D	732	HIS
1	C	118	HIS
1	D	684	HIS
1	D	1437	ASN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 16 ligands modelled in this entry, 8 are monoatomic - leaving 8 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	APR	A	1601	-	35,38,39	0.63	0	43,58,60	0.83	2 (4%)
2	APR	B	1601	-	35,38,39	0.63	0	43,58,60	0.83	2 (4%)
2	APR	C	1601	-	35,38,39	0.62	0	43,58,60	0.83	2 (4%)
3	DAT	C	1602	-	24,28,28	0.78	0	30,43,43	0.86	1 (3%)
3	DAT	B	1602	-	24,28,28	0.77	0	30,43,43	0.86	1 (3%)
3	DAT	A	1602	-	24,28,28	0.77	0	30,43,43	0.87	1 (3%)
3	DAT	D	1602	-	24,28,28	0.78	0	30,43,43	0.86	1 (3%)
2	APR	D	1601	-	35,38,39	0.63	0	43,58,60	0.83	2 (4%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	APR	A	1601	-	-	0/18/50/54	0/4/4/4
2	APR	B	1601	-	-	0/18/50/54	0/4/4/4
2	APR	C	1601	-	-	0/18/50/54	0/4/4/4
3	DAT	C	1602	-	-	1/12/28/28	0/3/3/3
3	DAT	B	1602	-	-	1/12/28/28	0/3/3/3
3	DAT	A	1602	-	-	1/12/28/28	0/3/3/3
3	DAT	D	1602	-	-	1/12/28/28	0/3/3/3
2	APR	D	1601	-	-	0/18/50/54	0/4/4/4

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 12 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	D	1601	APR	C1D-C2D-C3D	-3.04	98.54	102.29

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	A	1601	APR	C1D-C2D-C3D	-3.04	98.55	102.29
2	B	1601	APR	C1D-C2D-C3D	-3.02	98.57	102.29
2	C	1601	APR	C1D-C2D-C3D	-3.01	98.59	102.29
2	D	1601	APR	C5-C6-N6	2.34	123.87	120.31

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

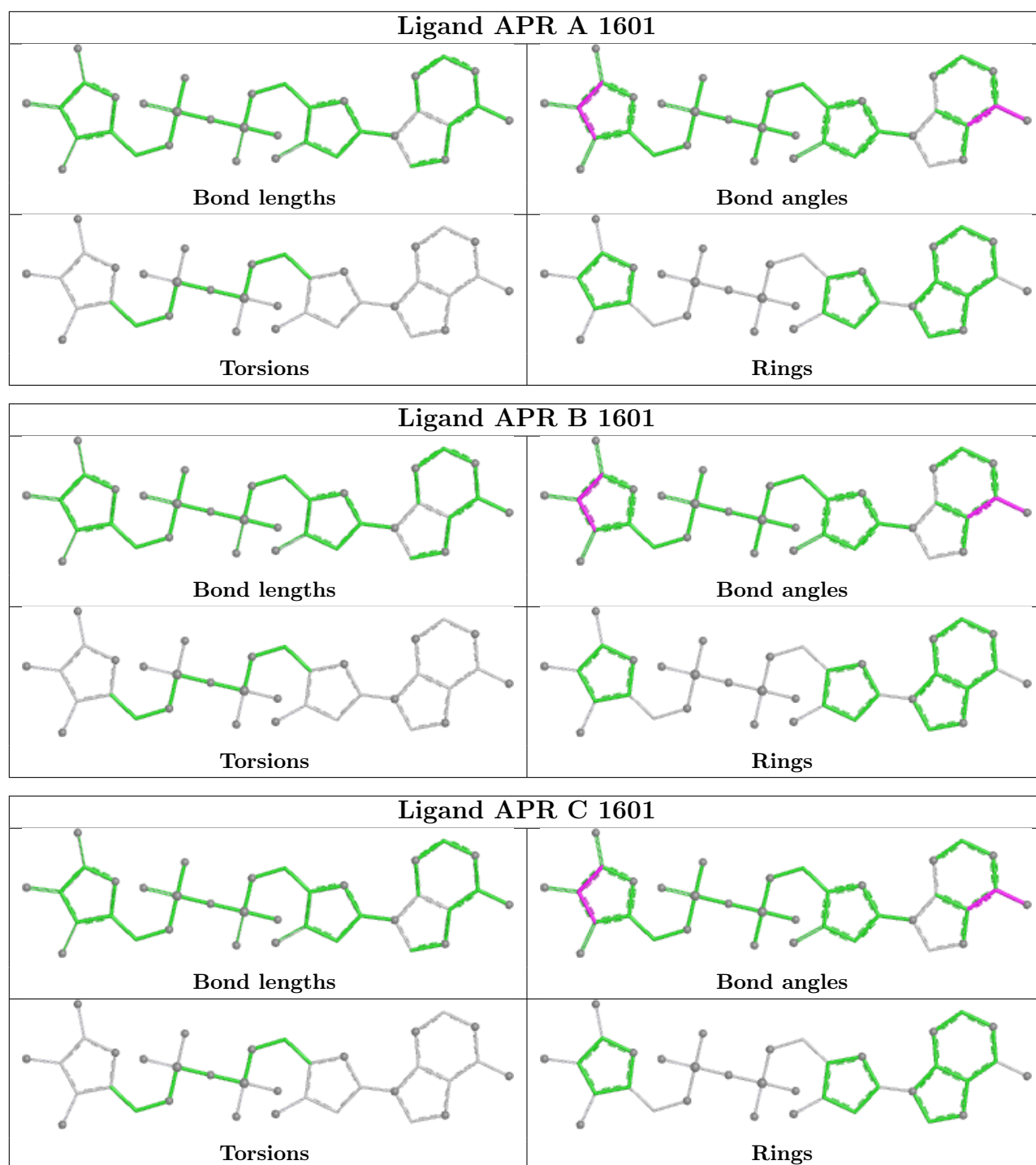
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	1602	DAT	PB-O3A-PA-O5'
3	B	1602	DAT	PB-O3A-PA-O5'
3	C	1602	DAT	PB-O3A-PA-O5'
3	D	1602	DAT	PB-O3A-PA-O5'

There are no ring outliers.

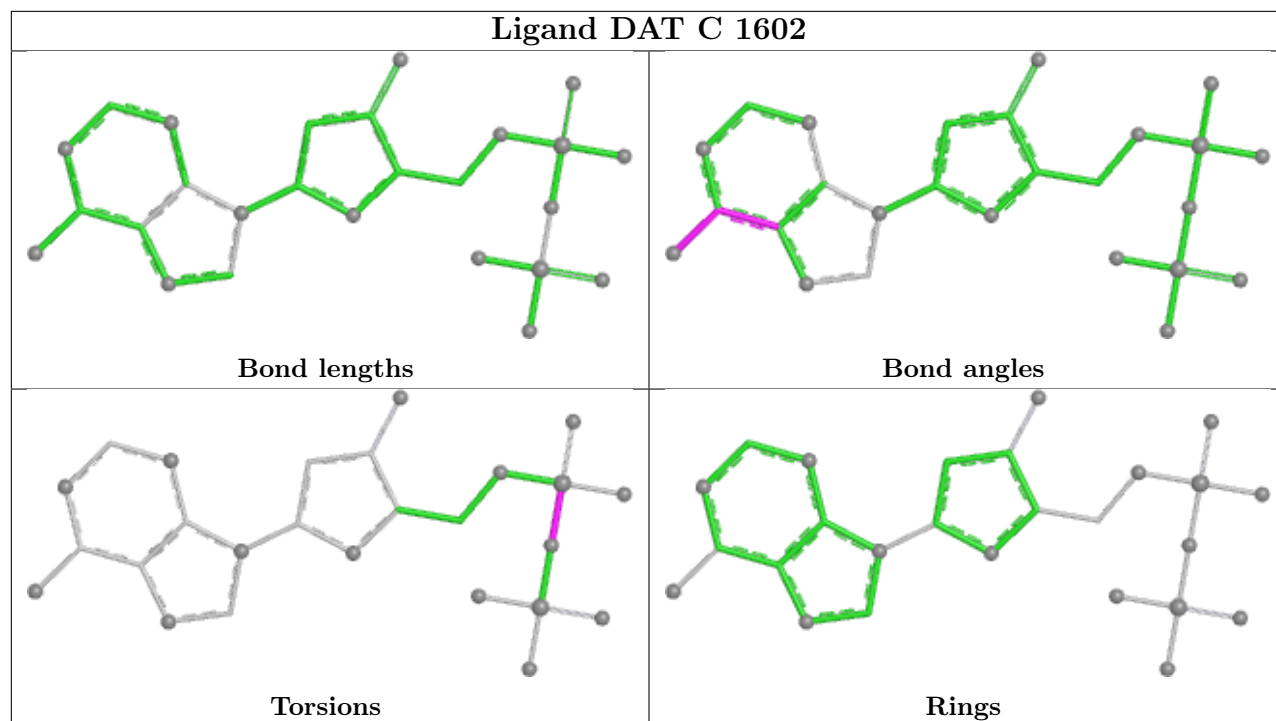
7 monomers are involved in 7 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	1601	APR	1	0
2	B	1601	APR	1	0
2	C	1601	APR	1	0
3	C	1602	DAT	1	0
3	B	1602	DAT	1	0
3	A	1602	DAT	1	0
3	D	1602	DAT	1	0

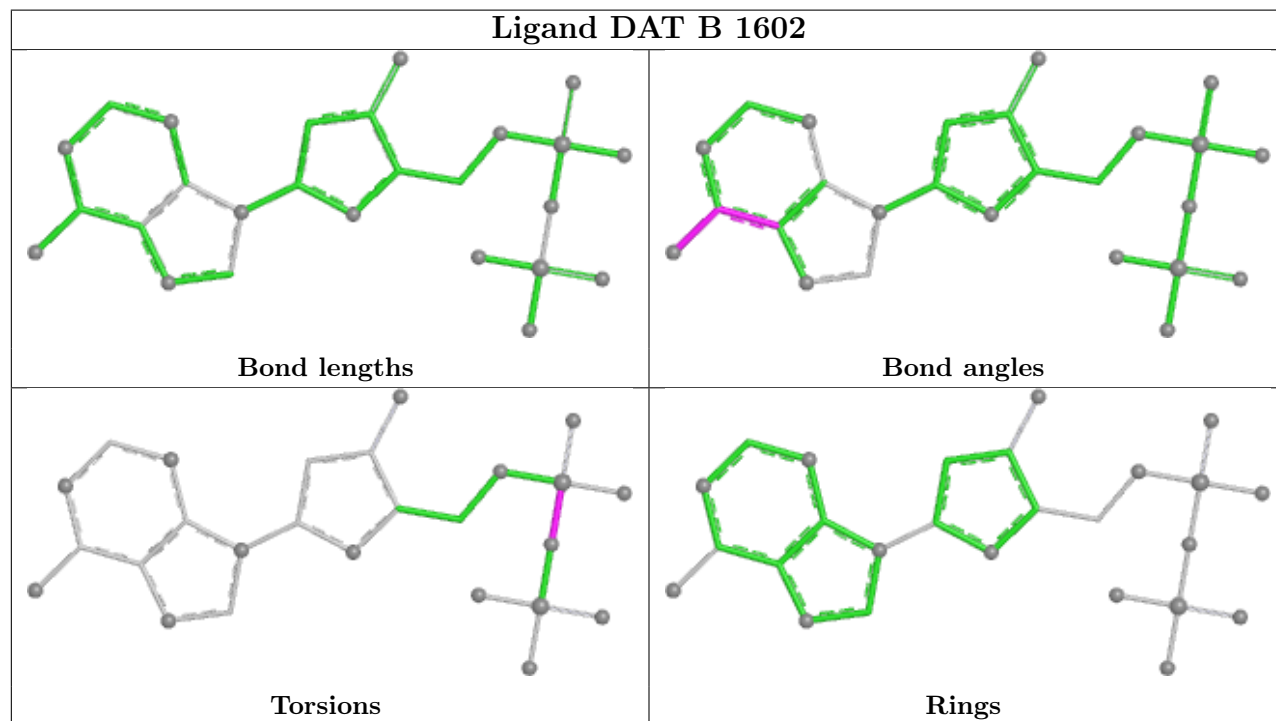
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

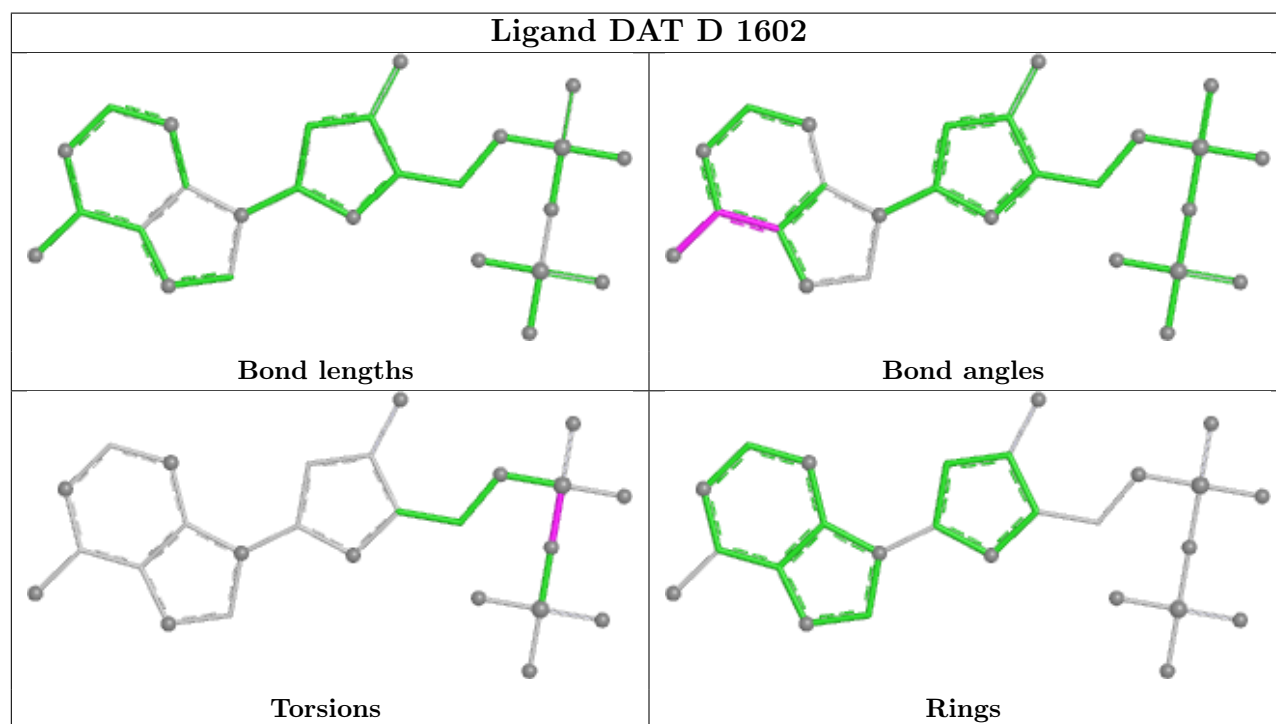
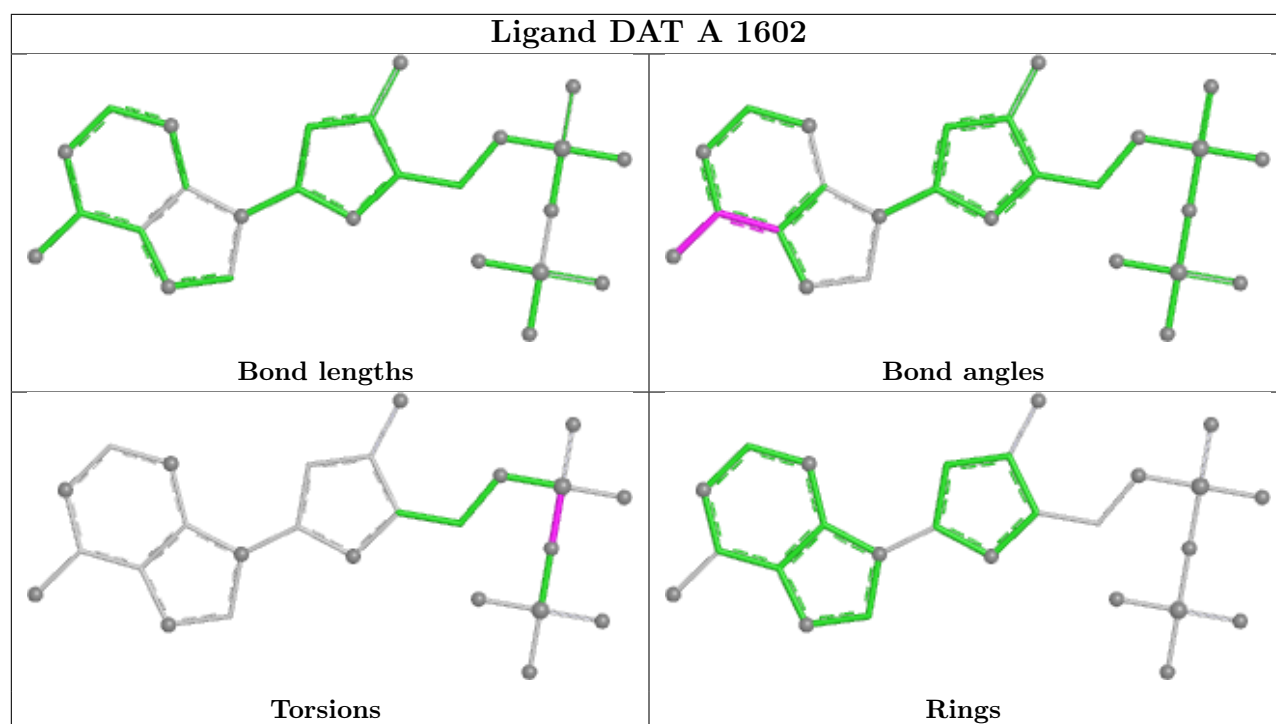


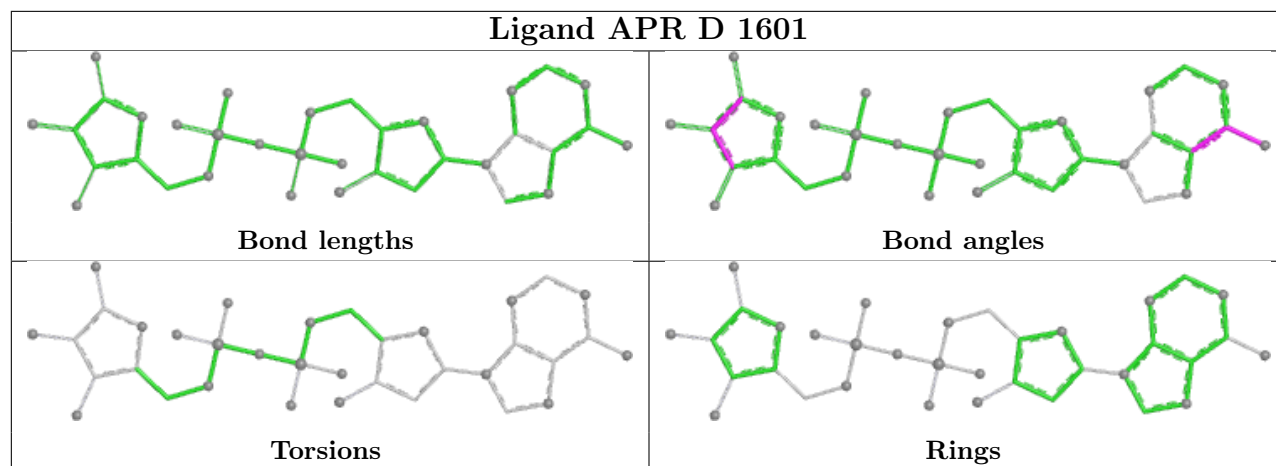
Ligand DAT C 1602



Ligand DAT B 1602







5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

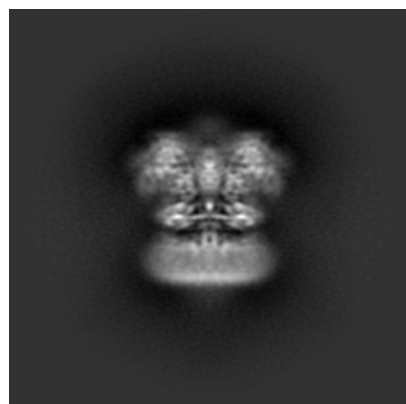
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-27924. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

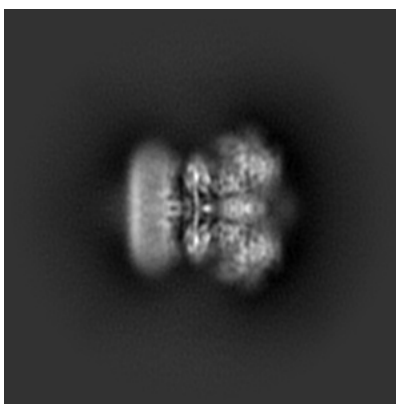
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

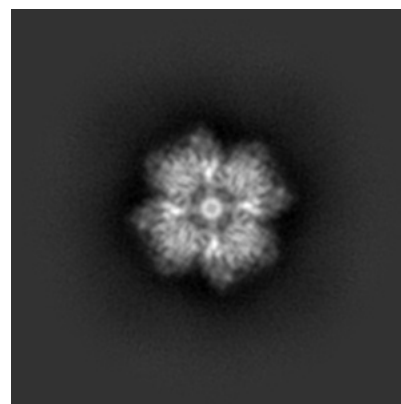
6.1.1 Primary map



X

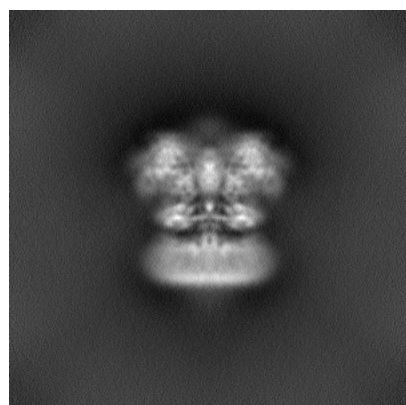


Y

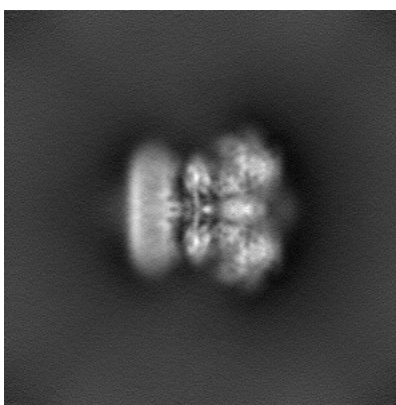


Z

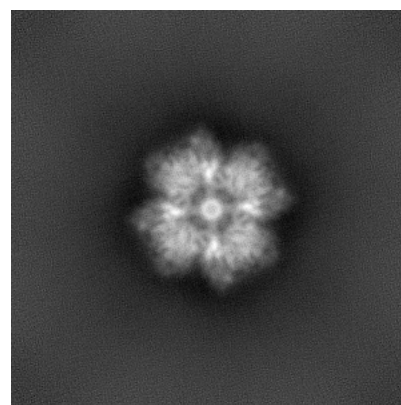
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

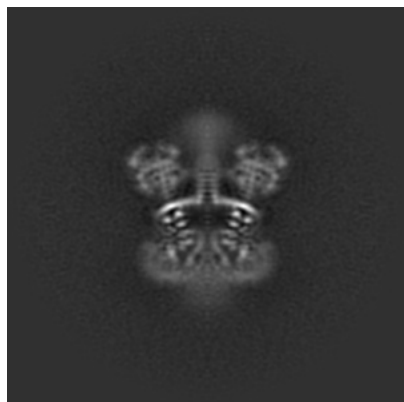


Z

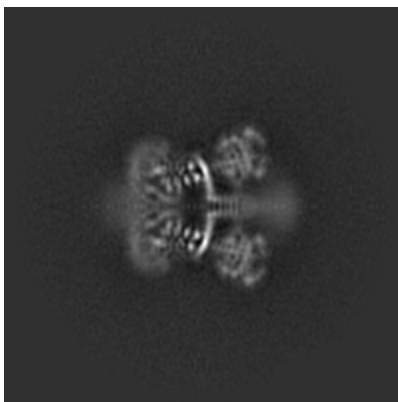
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

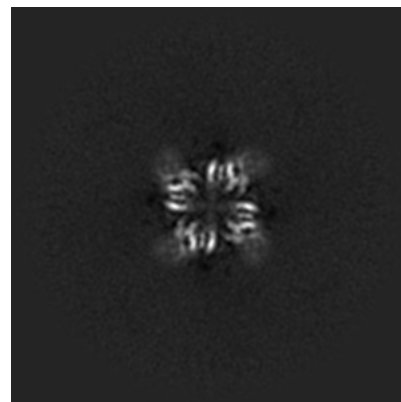
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 180

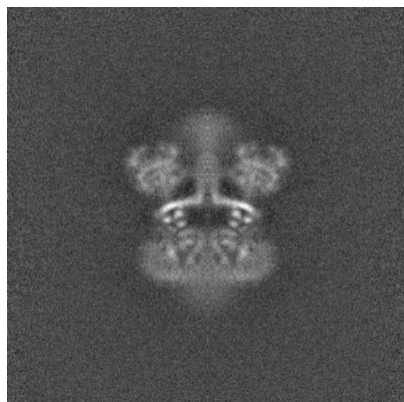


Y Index: 180

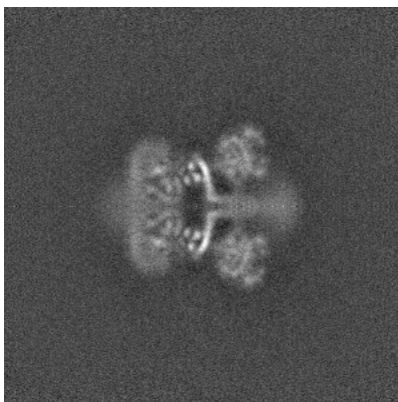


Z Index: 180

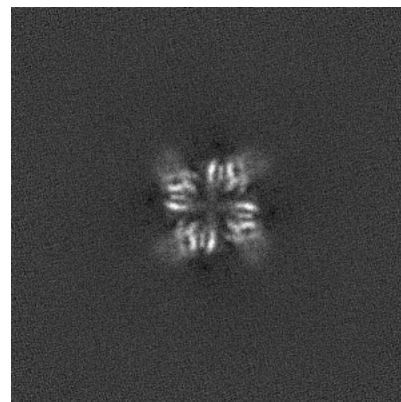
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 180



Y Index: 180

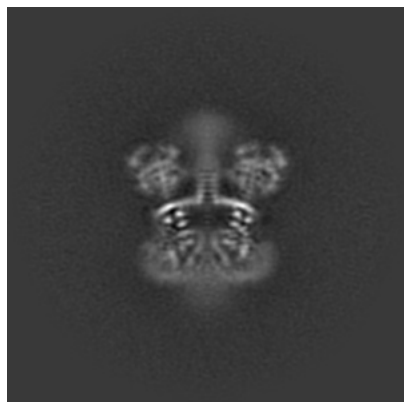


Z Index: 180

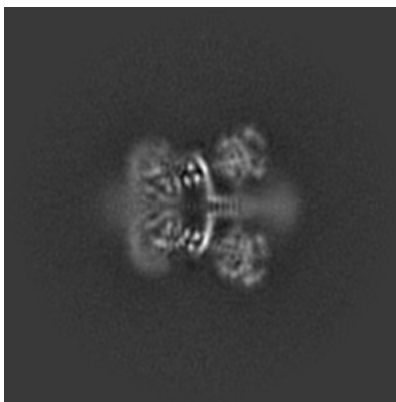
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

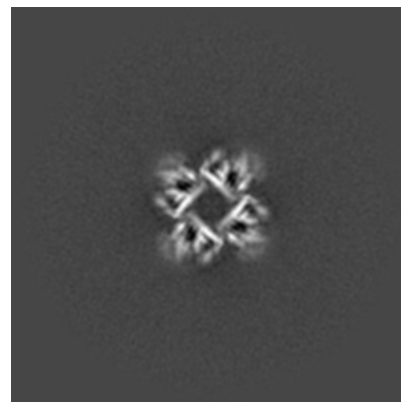
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 179

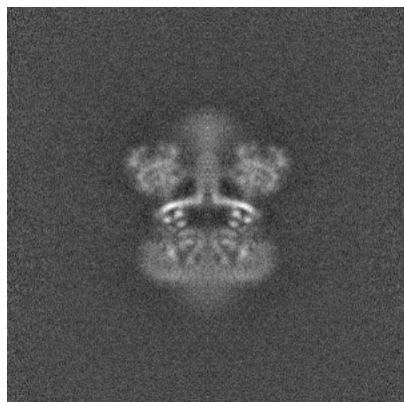


Y Index: 179

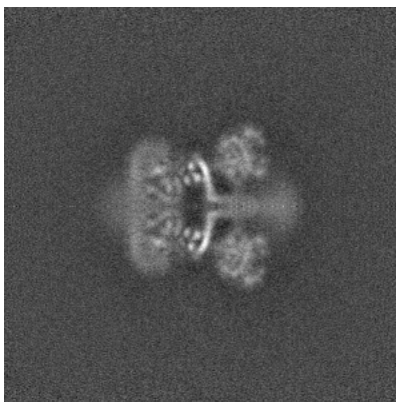


Z Index: 173

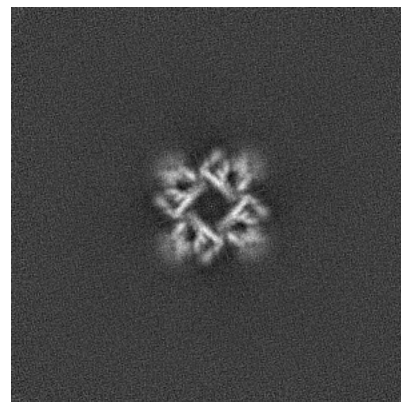
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 180



Y Index: 180

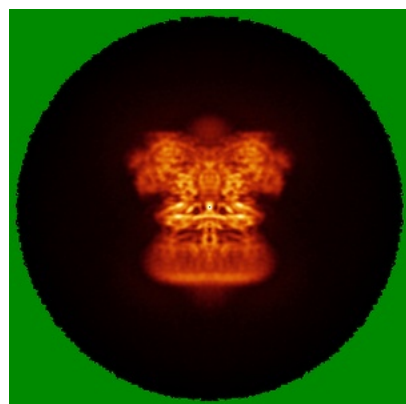


Z Index: 173

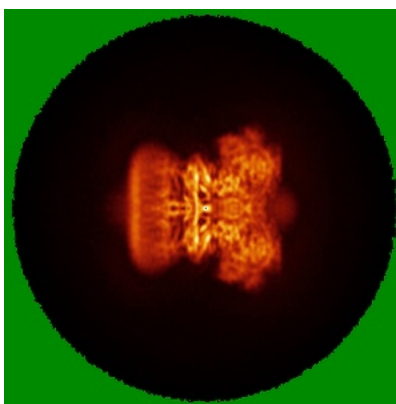
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

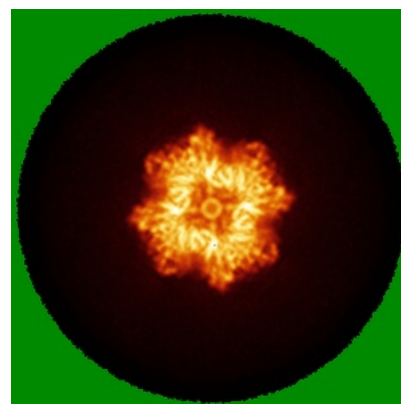
6.4.1 Primary map



X

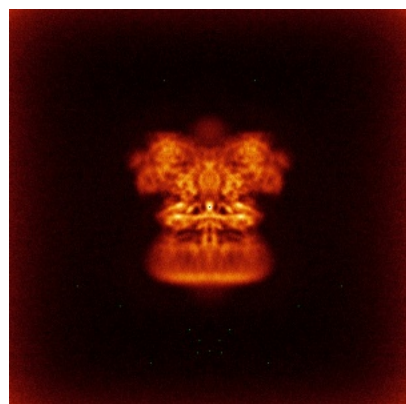


Y

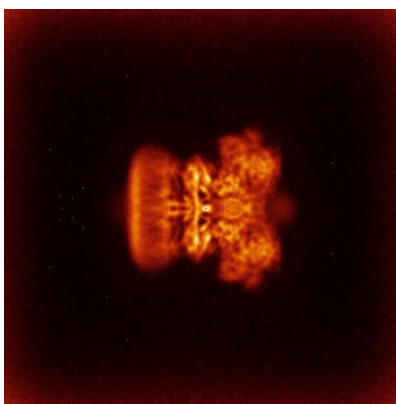


Z

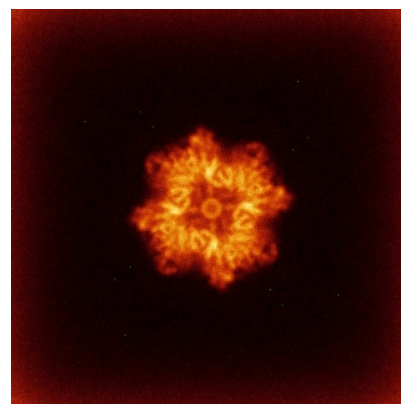
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

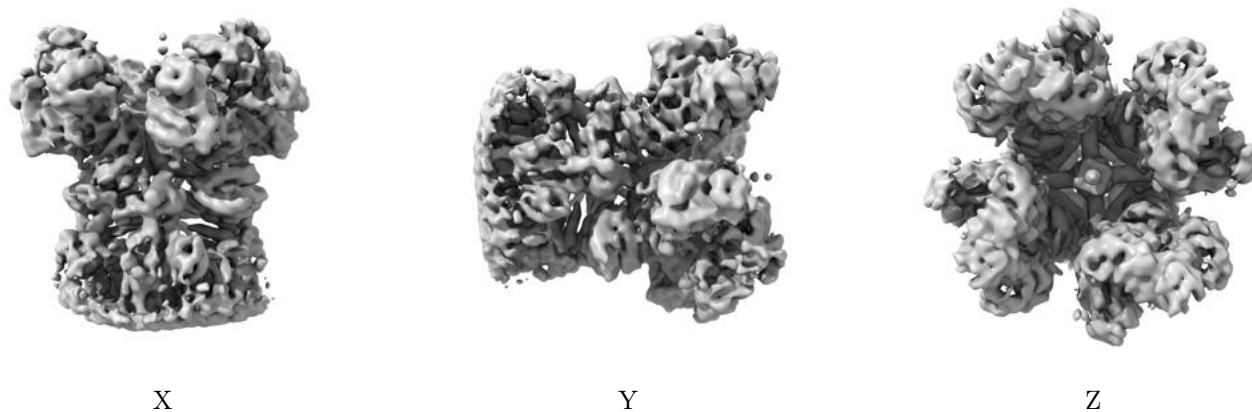


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

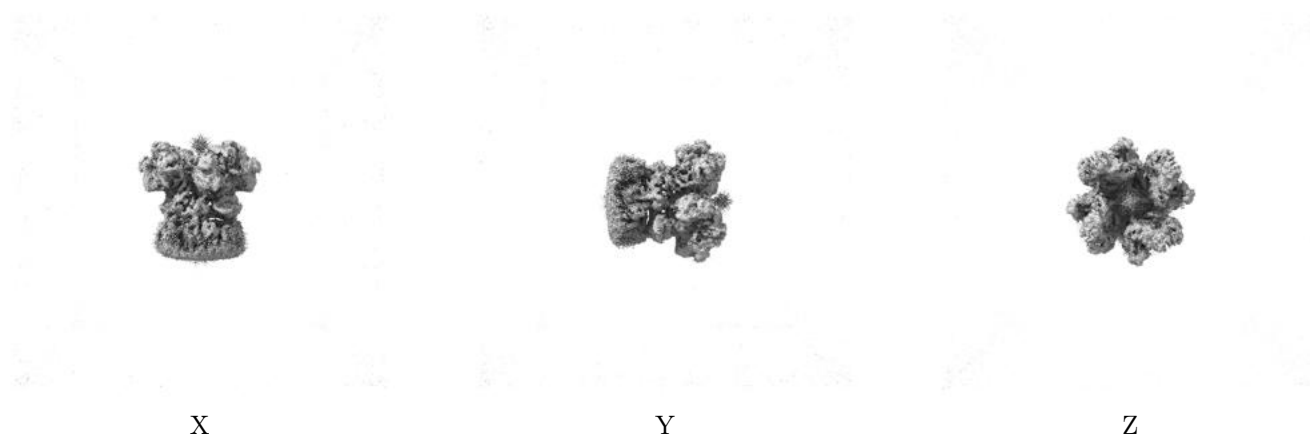
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.169. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

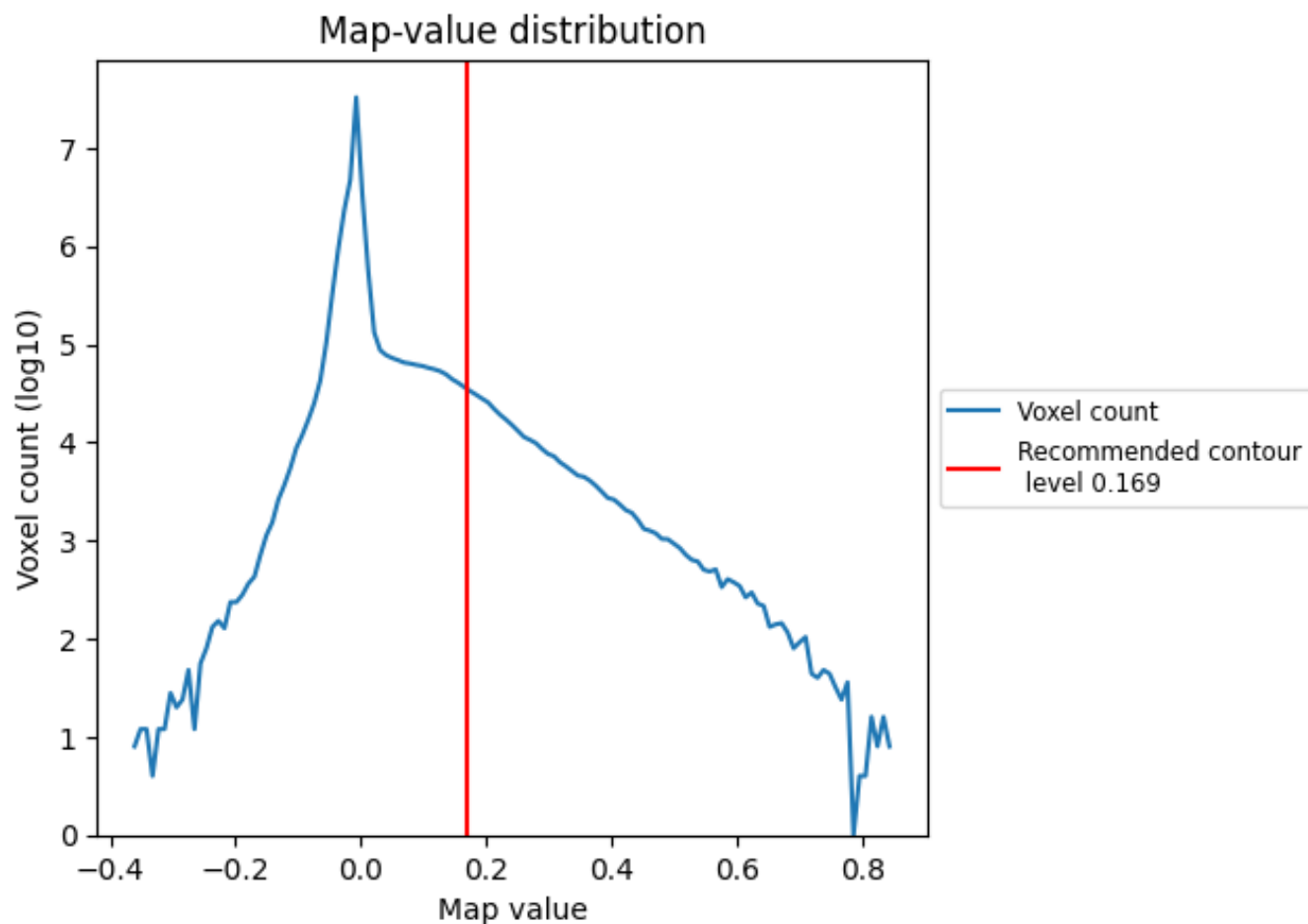
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

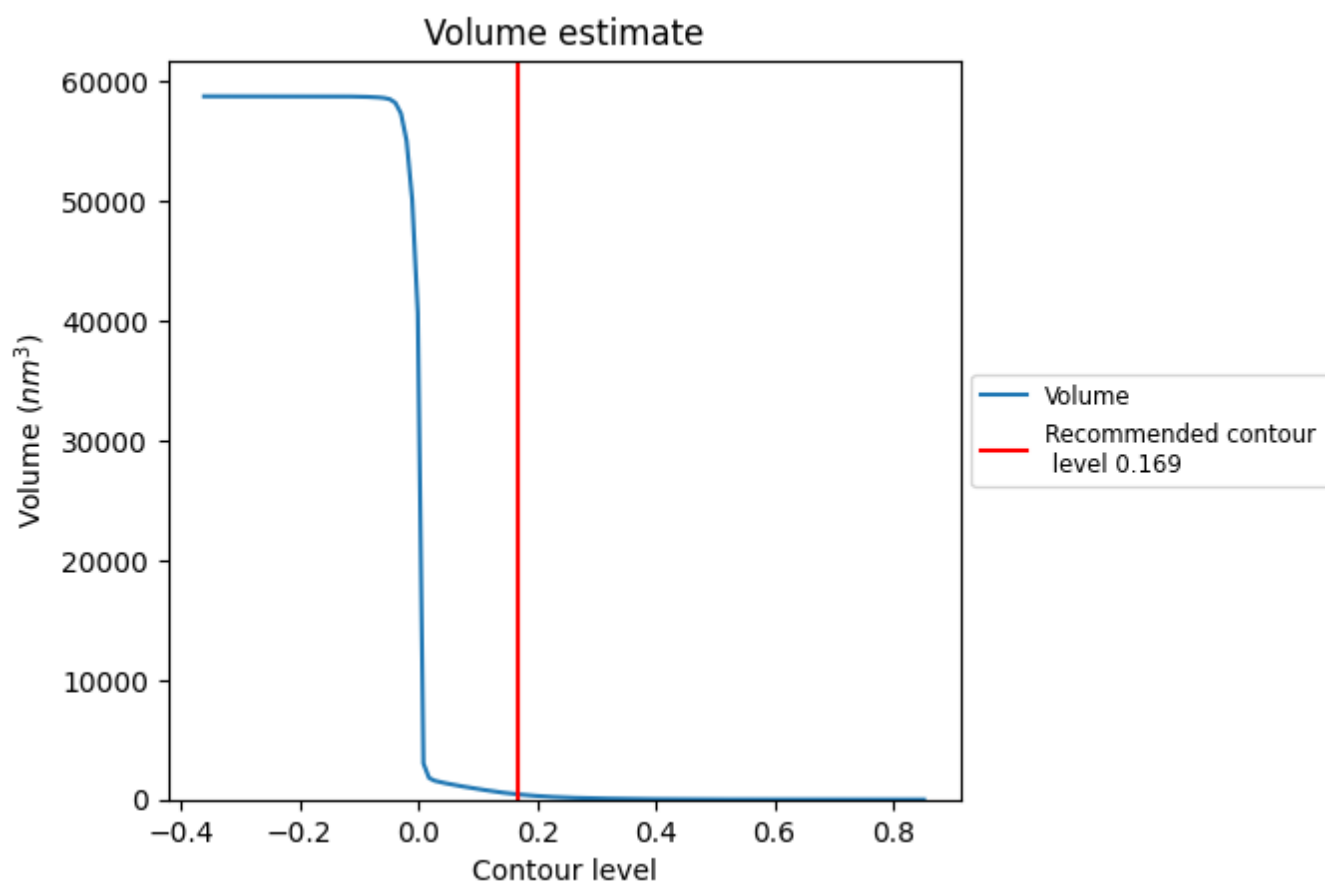
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

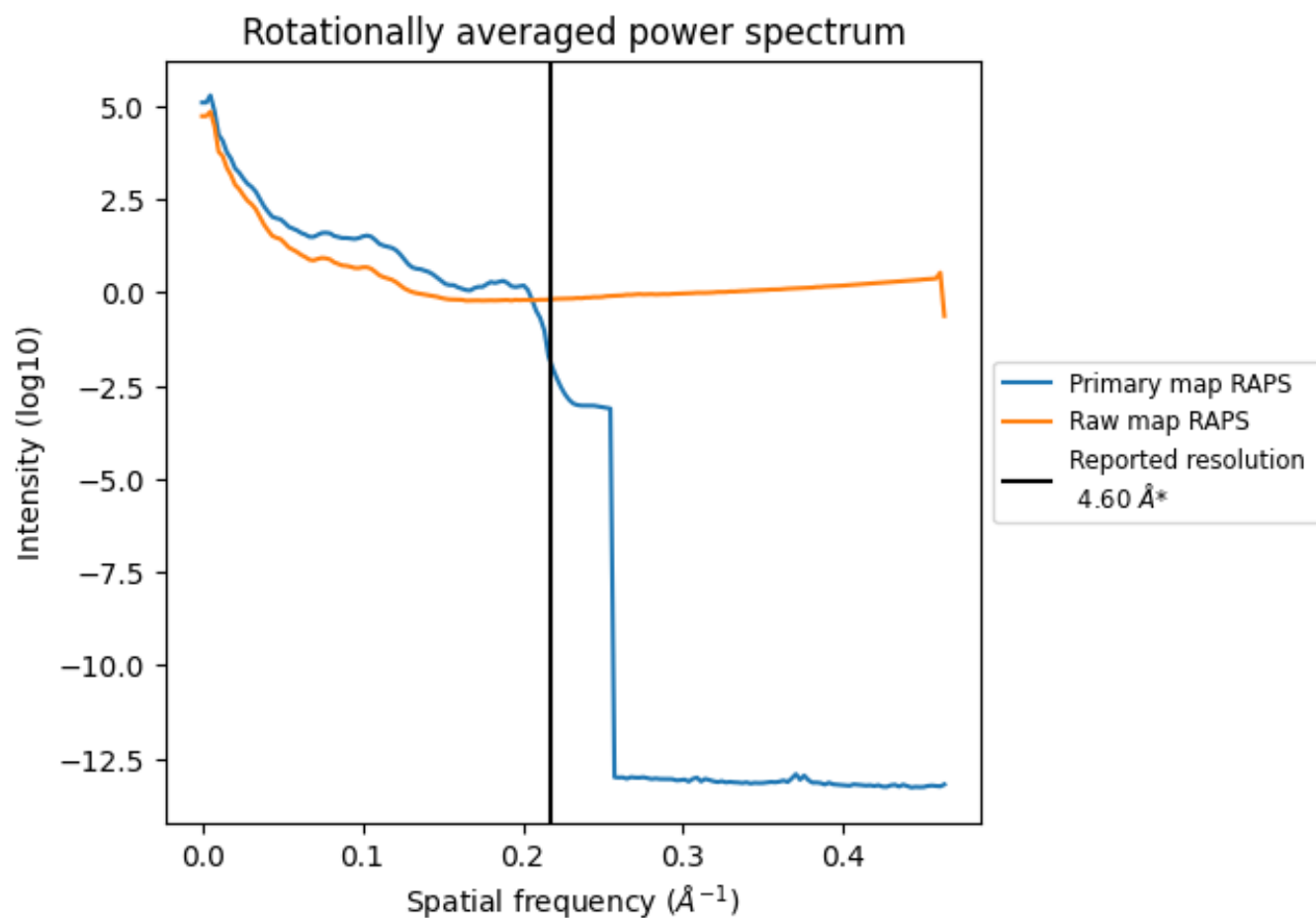
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 431 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 390 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

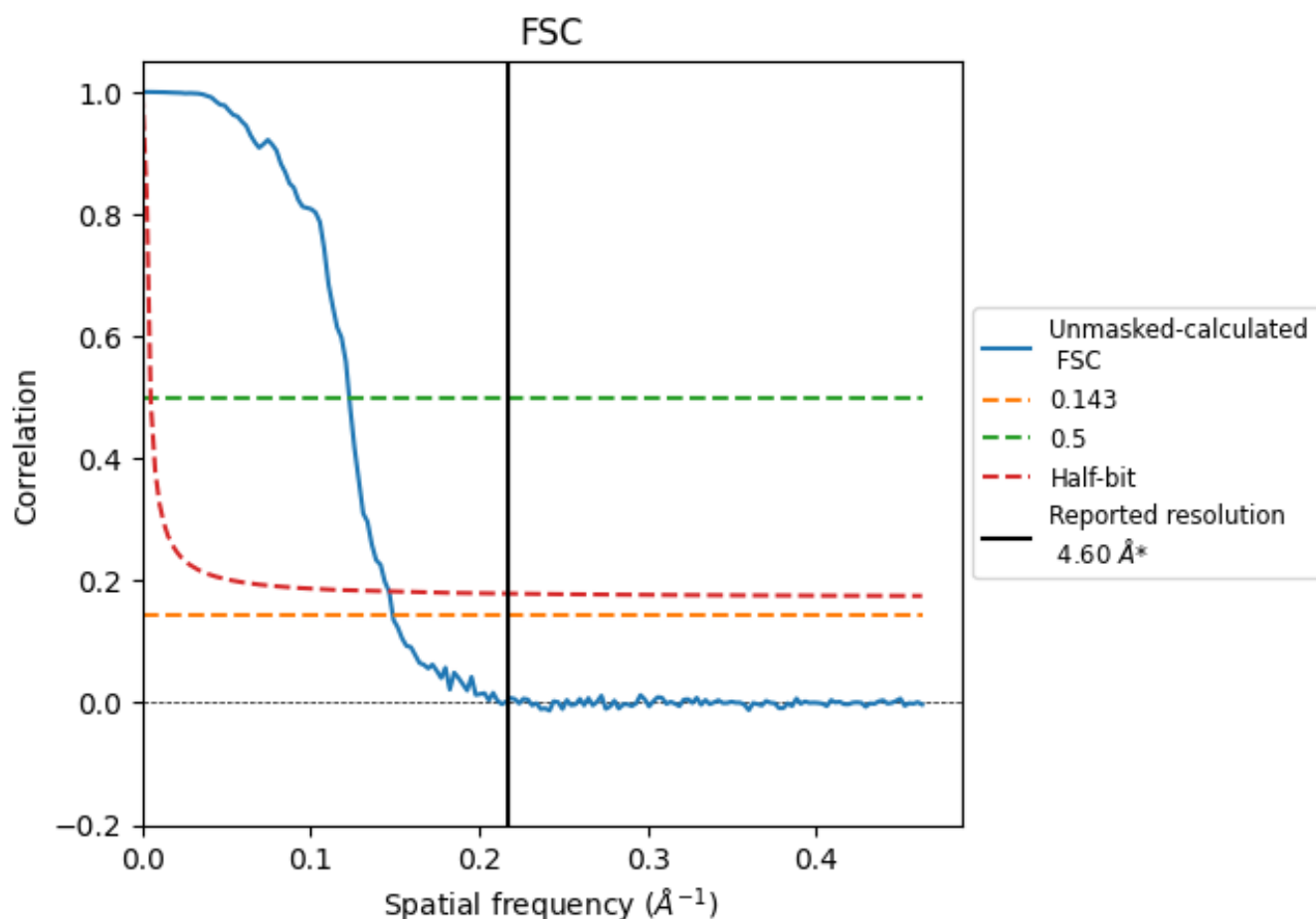


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.217 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.217 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

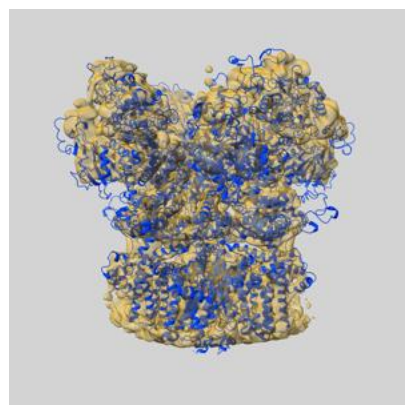
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	4.60	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	6.72	8.14	6.82

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 6.72 differs from the reported value 4.6 by more than 10 %

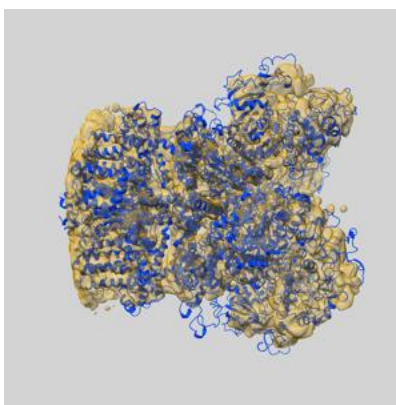
9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-27924 and PDB model 8E6S. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 6](#).

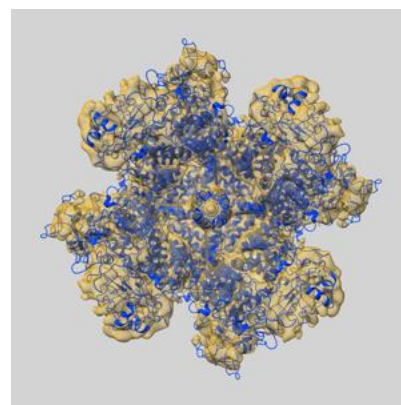
9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



X



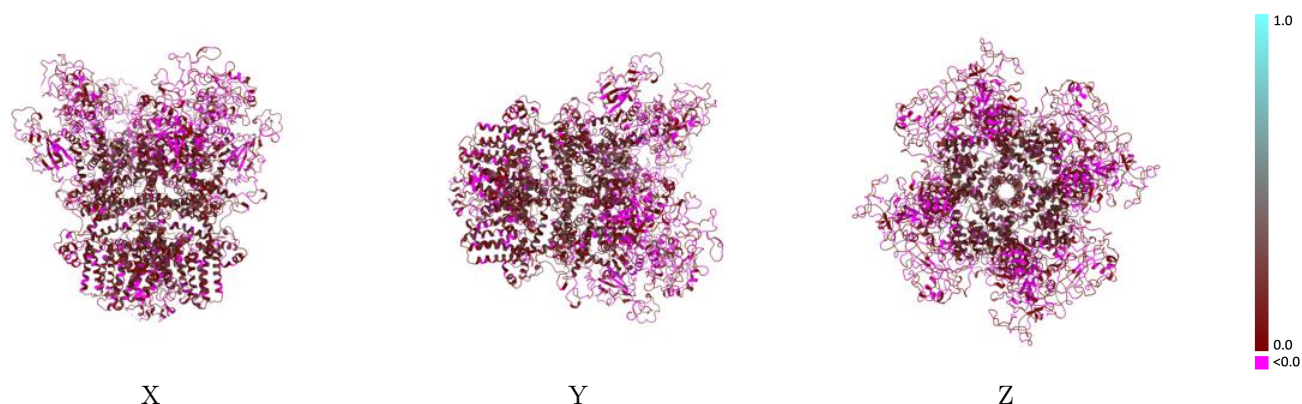
Y



Z

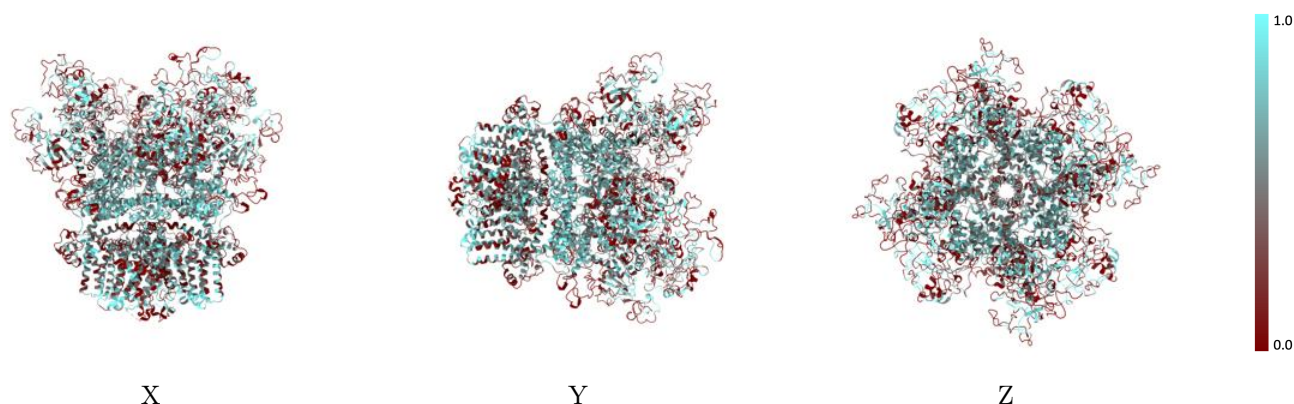
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.169 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



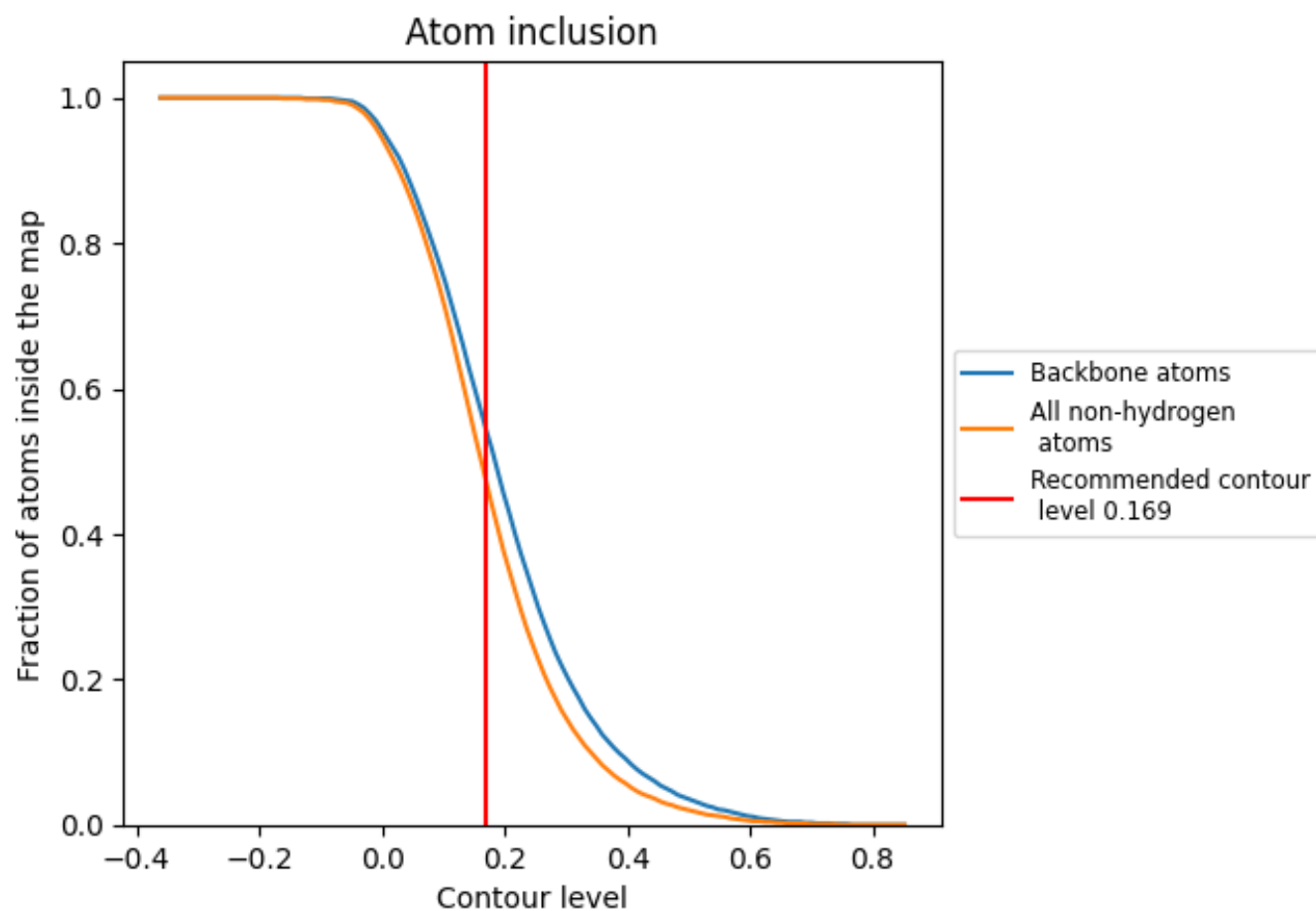
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.169).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 55% of all backbone atoms, 48% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.169) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	<div></div> 0.4750	<div></div> 0.0970
A	<div></div> 0.4750	<div></div> 0.0990
B	<div></div> 0.4760	<div></div> 0.0970
C	<div></div> 0.4710	<div></div> 0.0940
D	<div></div> 0.4760	<div></div> 0.0970

