



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Dec 2, 2024 – 09:43 AM EST

PDB ID : 1ING  
Title : INFLUENZA A SUBTYPE N2 NEURAMINIDASE COMPLEXED WITH AROMATIC BANA109 INHIBITOR  
Authors : Jedrzejas, M.J.; Luo, M.  
Deposited on : 1995-07-07  
Resolution : 2.40 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.21
EDS	:	3.0
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
CCP4	:	9.0.004 (Gargrove)
Density-Fitness	:	1.0.11
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.40

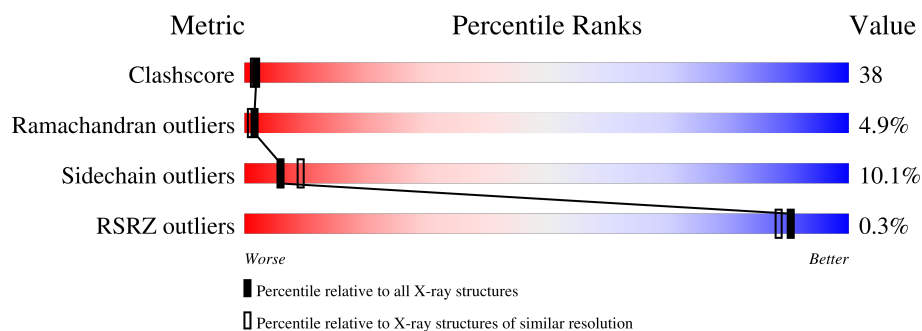
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.




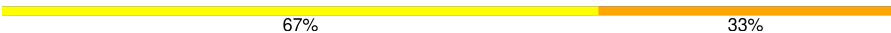
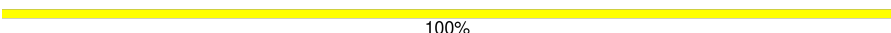
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	180529	5218 (2.40-2.40)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	5158 (2.40-2.40)
Sidechain outliers	177891	5159 (2.40-2.40)
RSRZ outliers	164620	4642 (2.40-2.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ .

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	388	41% 50% 9% .
1	B	388	40% 51% 9% .
2	C	2	100%
2	F	2	100%
2	G	2	100%
2	J	2	100%
3	D	4	75% 25%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
4	E	6	 50%50%
4	I	6	 67%33%
5	H	4	 100%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	FUL	D	4	-	-	X	-
4	NAG	E	1	-	-	X	-
4	MAN	E	4	-	-	X	-
4	MAN	E	6	-	-	X	-
4	NAG	I	1	-	-	X	-
5	FUC	H	4	X	-	-	-

## 2 Entry composition

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8978 atoms, of which 2292 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called INFLUENZA A SUBTYPE N2 NEURAMINIDASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	388	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3745	1866	723	545	588	23			
1	B	388	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0	0	0
			3745	1866	723	545	588	23			

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

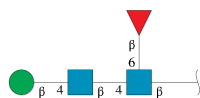
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	339	ASP	ASN	conflict	UNP P06820
B	339	ASP	ASN	conflict	UNP P06820

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



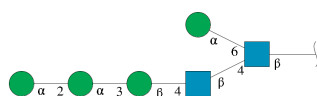
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	C	2	Total	C	H	N	O		0	0	0
			55	16	27	2	10				
2	F	2	Total	C	H	N	O		0	0	0
			55	16	27	2	10				
2	G	2	Total	C	H	N	O		0	0	0
			55	16	27	2	10				
2	J	2	Total	C	H	N	O		0	0	0
			55	16	27	2	10				

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[beta-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



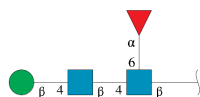
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	D	4	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0	0
			96	28	47	2	19			

- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	E	6	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0	0
			139	40	67	2	30			
4	I	6	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0	0
			139	40	67	2	30			

- Molecule 5 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



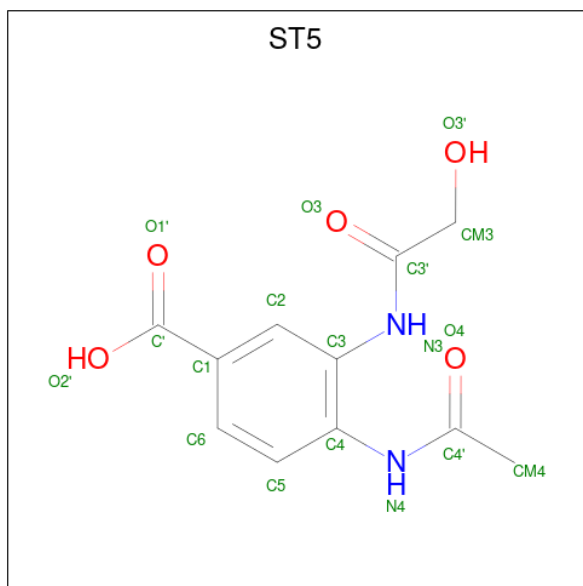
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
5	H	4	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0	0
			96	28	47	2	19			

- Molecule 6 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	Ca	0	0
			1	1		
6	B	1	Total	Ca	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 7 is 4-(ACETYLAMINO)-3-[(HYDROXYACETYL)AMINO]BENZOIC ACID

(three-letter code: ST5) (formula: C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>12</sub>N<sub>2</sub>O<sub>5</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			23	11	5	2	5		
7	B	1	Total	C	H	N	O	0	0
			23	11	5	2	5		

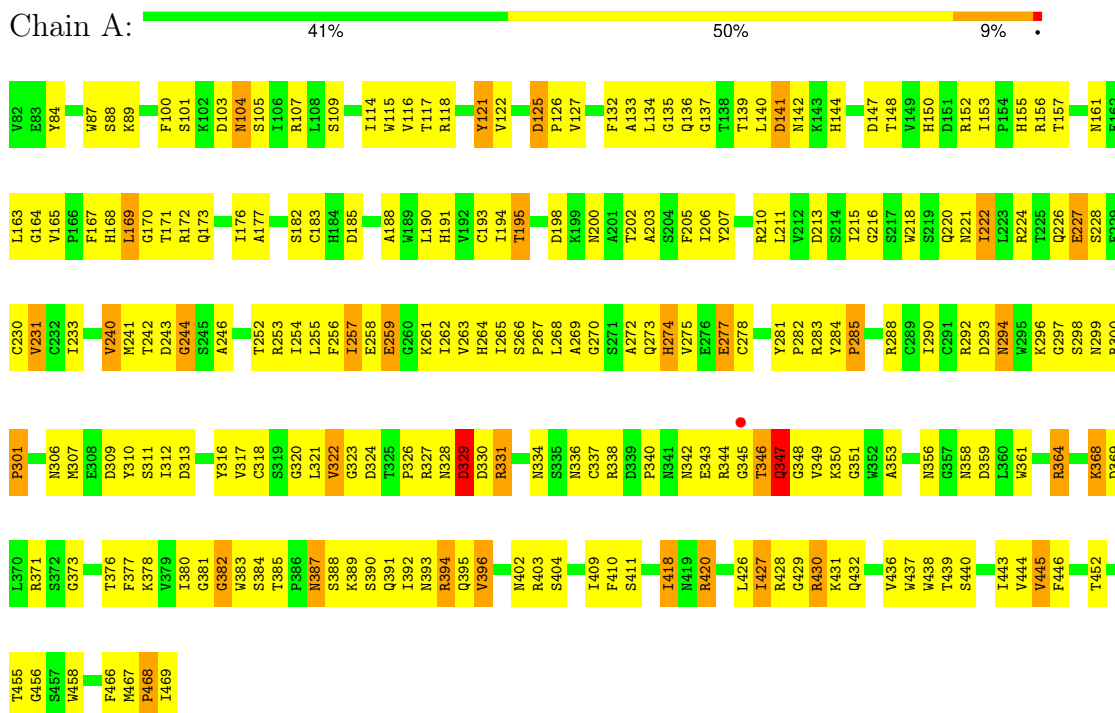
- Molecule 8 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	122	Total	H	O	0	0
			366	244	122		
8	B	128	Total	H	O	0	0
			384	256	128		

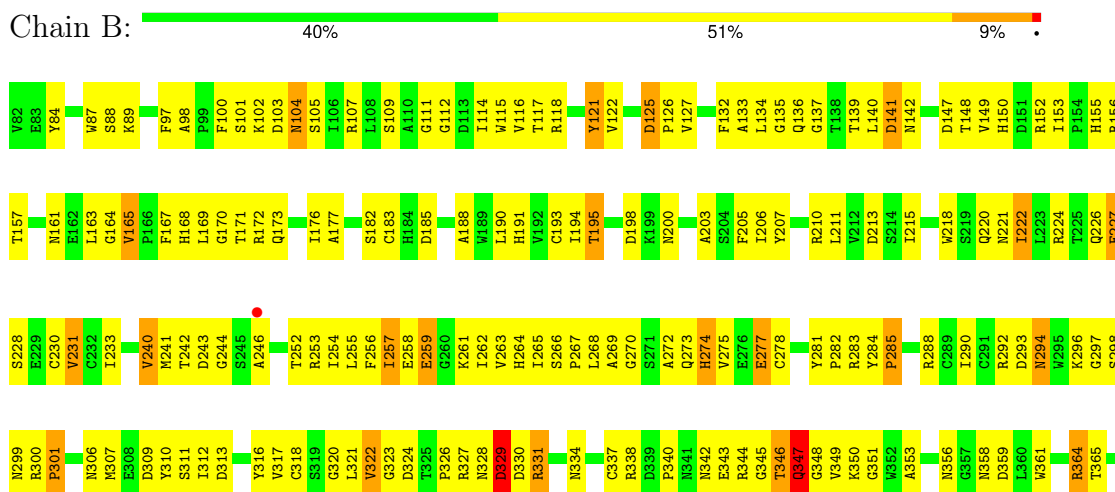
### 3 Residue-property plots

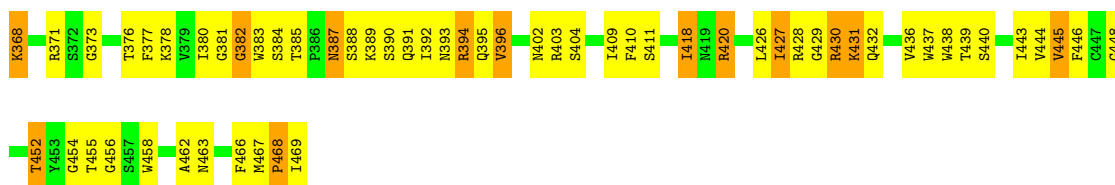
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

#### • Molecule 1: INFLUENZA A SUBTYPE N2 NEURAMINIDASE



#### • Molecule 1: INFLUENZA A SUBTYPE N2 NEURAMINIDASE





- Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C:  100%

NAG1  
NAG2

- Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain F:  100%

NAG1  
NAG2

- Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain G:  100%

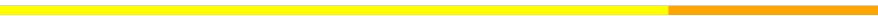
NAG1  
NAG2

- Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain J:  100%

NAG1  
NAG2

- Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[beta-D-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D:  75% 25%

NAG1  
NAG2  
BMA3  
FUL4

- Molecule 4: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain E:  50% 50%



MAG1
MAG2
BMA3
MAN4
MAN5
MAN6

- Molecule 4:  $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranose-(1-2)- $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranose-(1-3)- $\beta$ -D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[ $\alpha$ -D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranose

Chain I:  67% 33%

MAG1
MAG2
BMA3
MAN4
MAN5
MAN6

- Molecule 5:  $\beta$ -D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[ $\alpha$ -L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-glucopyranose

Chain H:  100%

MAG1
MAG2
BMA3
FUC4

## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	119.42Å 139.06Å 139.62Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	6.50 – 2.40 6.50 – 2.40	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (6.50-2.40) 43.2 (6.50-2.40)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.11	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.95 (at 2.36Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.1	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.163 , (Not available) 0.230 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	13.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	2.422	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.17 , 43.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.41$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.24$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.83	EDS
Total number of atoms	8978	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	14.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.51% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FUC, CA, FUL, MAN, NAG, BMA, ST5

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.57	0/3092	0.90	2/4194 (0.0%)
1	B	0.57	0/3092	0.90	2/4194 (0.0%)
All	All	0.57	0/6184	0.90	4/8388 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1
1	B	0	1
All	All	0	2

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	346	THR	N-CA-C	-5.15	97.10	111.00
1	B	346	THR	N-CA-C	-5.15	97.10	111.00
1	A	125	ASP	N-CA-C	-5.00	97.49	111.00
1	B	125	ASP	N-CA-C	-5.00	97.49	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	121	TYR	Sidechain
1	B	121	TYR	Sidechain

## 5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3022	723	2851	229	32
1	B	3022	723	2850	260	12
2	C	28	27	25	0	0
2	F	28	27	25	0	0
2	G	28	27	25	0	0
2	J	28	27	25	0	0
3	D	49	47	43	0	10
4	E	72	67	59	23	10
4	I	72	67	61	1	10
5	H	49	47	43	0	0
6	A	1	0	0	0	0
6	B	1	0	0	0	0
7	A	18	5	11	2	0
7	B	18	5	11	2	0
8	A	122	244	0	18	9
8	B	128	256	0	24	21
All	All	6686	2292	6029	470	52

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 38.

The worst 5 of 470 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:455:THR:OG1	4:E:1:NAG:C6	1.65	1.44
1:B:455:THR:CB	4:E:1:NAG:C6	2.15	1.23
1:B:102:LYS:HE3	8:B:488:HOH:O	1.45	1.14
1:B:455:THR:HG21	4:E:1:NAG:H5	1.32	1.09
1:B:455:THR:HG23	4:E:1:NAG:C1	1.81	1.09

The worst 5 of 52 symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:170:GLY:CA	8:A:602:HOH:O[4_555]	0.79	1.41
3:D:4:FUL:H3	4:E:4:MAN:H4[3_654]	0.40	1.20
1:A:394:ARG:CA	8:B:517:HOH:O[4_555]	1.06	1.14
1:B:368:LYS:HZ1	8:B:613:HOH:H1[3_654]	0.46	1.14
3:D:4:FUL:C4	4:E:4:MAN:H61[3_654]	0.59	1.01

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	386/388 (100%)	302 (78%)	65 (17%)	19 (5%)	2	1
1	B	386/388 (100%)	302 (78%)	65 (17%)	19 (5%)	2	1
All	All	772/776 (100%)	604 (78%)	130 (17%)	38 (5%)	2	1

5 of 38 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	87	TRP
1	A	274	HIS
1	A	329	ASP
1	A	356	ASN
1	A	430	ARG

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	338/338 (100%)	304 (90%)	34 (10%)	6	9
1	B	338/338 (100%)	304 (90%)	34 (10%)	6	9
All	All	676/676 (100%)	608 (90%)	68 (10%)	6	9

5 of 68 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	387	ASN
1	B	394	ARG
1	B	445	VAL
1	A	388	SER
1	A	387	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 23 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	173	GLN
1	B	221	ASN
1	B	220	GLN
1	B	334	ASN
1	A	221	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

28 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	NAG	C	1	2,1	14,14,15	1.40	2 (14%)	17,19,21	2.03	3 (17%)
2	NAG	C	2	2	14,14,15	1.49	3 (21%)	17,19,21	2.25	2 (11%)
3	NAG	D	1	3,1	14,14,15	2.07	3 (21%)	17,19,21	2.94	5 (29%)
3	NAG	D	2	3	14,14,15	1.94	2 (14%)	17,19,21	2.26	5 (29%)
3	BMA	D	3	3	11,11,12	1.25	1 (9%)	15,15,17	2.06	3 (20%)
3	FUL	D	4	3	10,10,11	2.05	4 (40%)	14,14,16	1.86	5 (35%)
4	NAG	E	1	4,1	14,14,15	2.01	4 (28%)	17,19,21	2.93	6 (35%)
4	NAG	E	2	4	14,14,15	1.82	3 (21%)	17,19,21	2.61	4 (23%)
4	BMA	E	3	4	11,11,12	1.98	5 (45%)	15,15,17	2.56	4 (26%)
4	MAN	E	4	4	11,11,12	2.96	3 (27%)	15,15,17	2.42	4 (26%)
4	MAN	E	5	4	11,11,12	1.84	3 (27%)	15,15,17	2.29	5 (33%)
4	MAN	E	6	4	11,11,12	1.74	4 (36%)	15,15,17	1.57	3 (20%)
2	NAG	F	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.97	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.35	4 (23%)
2	NAG	F	2	2	14,14,15	1.34	2 (14%)	17,19,21	3.62	12 (70%)
2	NAG	G	1	2,1	14,14,15	1.40	2 (14%)	17,19,21	2.03	3 (17%)
2	NAG	G	2	2	14,14,15	1.49	3 (21%)	17,19,21	2.25	2 (11%)
5	NAG	H	1	1,5	14,14,15	2.07	3 (21%)	17,19,21	2.94	5 (29%)
5	NAG	H	2	5	14,14,15	1.94	2 (14%)	17,19,21	2.26	5 (29%)
5	BMA	H	3	5	11,11,12	1.25	1 (9%)	15,15,17	2.06	3 (20%)
5	FUC	H	4	5	10,10,11	2.05	4 (40%)	14,14,16	1.86	5 (35%)
4	NAG	I	1	4,1	14,14,15	2.01	4 (28%)	17,19,21	2.93	6 (35%)
4	NAG	I	2	4	14,14,15	1.82	3 (21%)	17,19,21	2.61	4 (23%)
4	BMA	I	3	4	11,11,12	1.98	5 (45%)	15,15,17	2.56	4 (26%)
4	MAN	I	4	4	11,11,12	2.96	3 (27%)	15,15,17	2.42	4 (26%)
4	MAN	I	5	4	11,11,12	1.84	3 (27%)	15,15,17	2.29	5 (33%)
4	MAN	I	6	4	11,11,12	1.74	4 (36%)	15,15,17	1.57	3 (20%)
2	NAG	J	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.97	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.35	4 (23%)
2	NAG	J	2	2	14,14,15	1.34	2 (14%)	17,19,21	3.62	12 (70%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	C	1	2,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	C	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	1	3,1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	D	3	3	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	FUL	D	4	3	-	-	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	E	1	4,1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	E	2	4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	E	3	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	E	4	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	E	5	4	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	E	6	4	-	0/2/19/22	1/1/1/1
2	NAG	F	1	2,1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	F	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	G	1	2,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	G	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	H	1	1,5	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	H	2	5	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	BMA	H	3	5	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	FUC	H	4	5	1/1/5/5	-	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	I	1	4,1	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	I	2	4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	I	3	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	I	4	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	I	5	4	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	I	6	4	-	0/2/19/22	1/1/1/1
2	NAG	J	1	2,1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	J	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 80 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	E	4	MAN	C2-C3	6.47	1.62	1.52
4	I	4	MAN	C2-C3	6.47	1.62	1.52
3	D	1	NAG	C1-C2	-6.05	1.44	1.52
5	H	1	NAG	C1-C2	-6.05	1.44	1.52
3	D	2	NAG	C1-C2	5.81	1.60	1.52

The worst 5 of 130 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	D	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	9.04	124.30	112.19

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	H	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	9.04	124.30	112.19
4	E	3	BMA	C1-O5-C5	8.18	123.15	112.19
4	I	3	BMA	C1-O5-C5	8.18	123.15	112.19
2	C	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	8.08	123.01	112.19

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
5	H	4	FUC	C1

5 of 22 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	C	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
2	G	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
3	D	1	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
4	E	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
4	E	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7

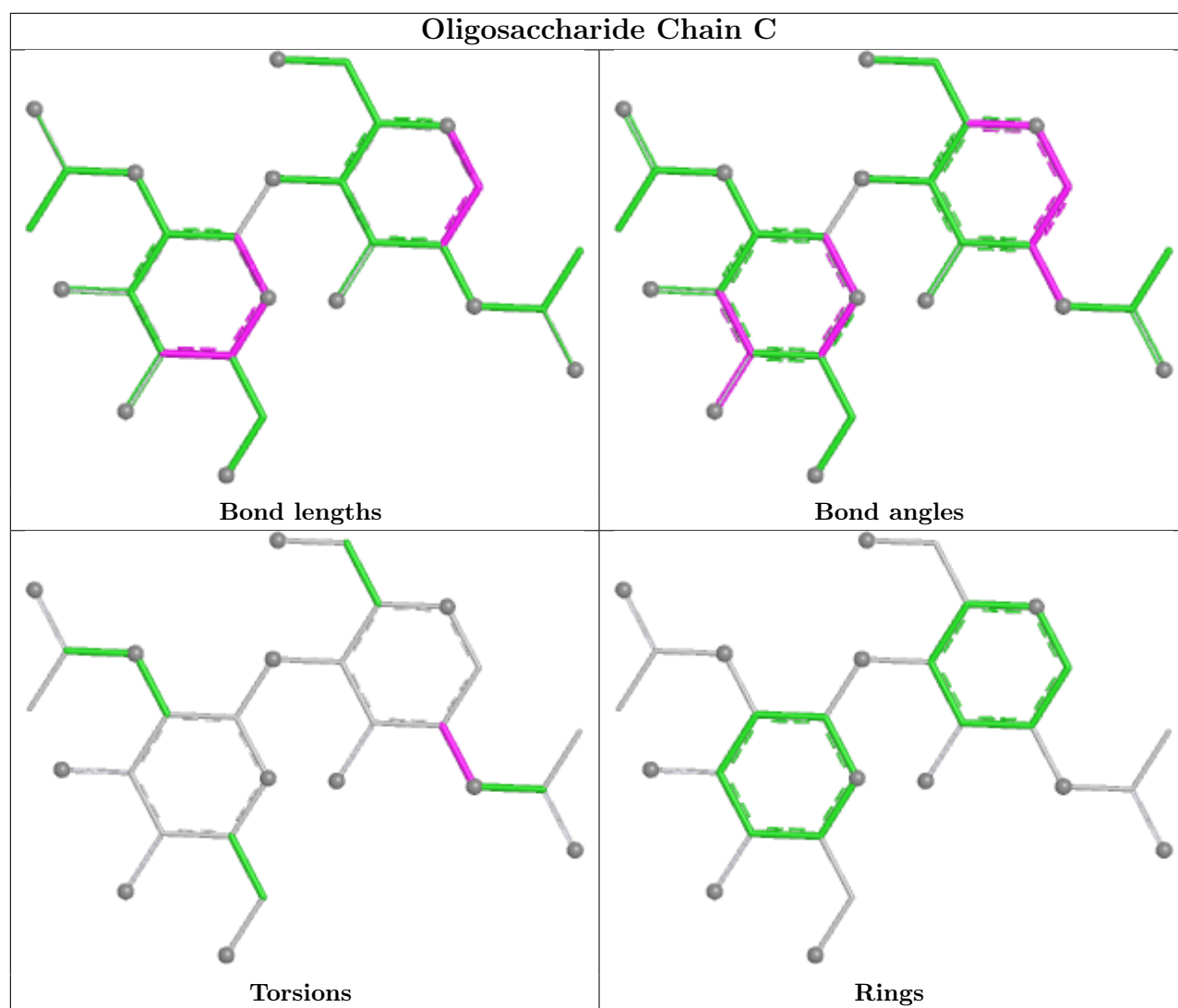
All (2) ring outliers are listed below:

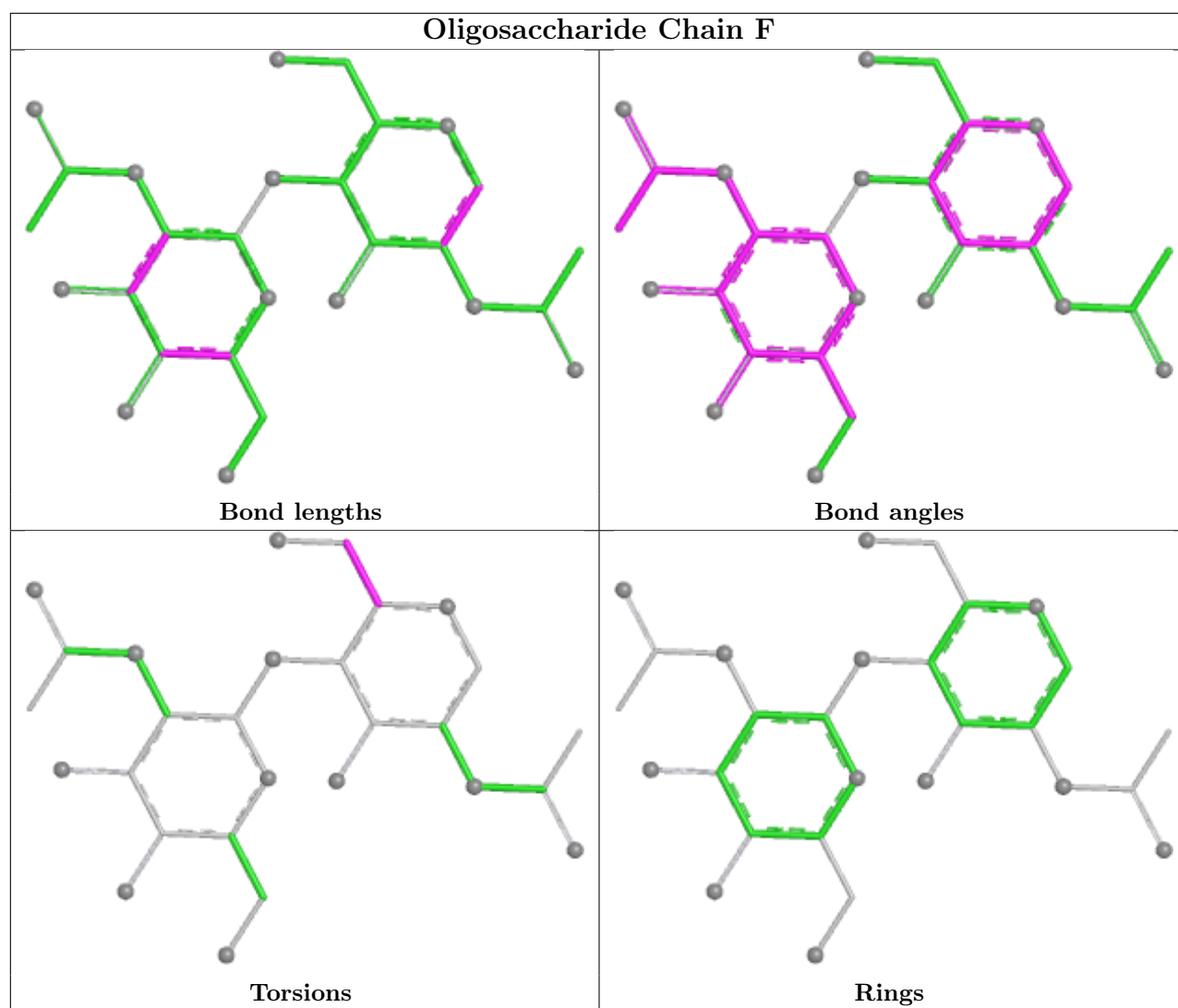
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	E	6	MAN	C1-C2-C3-C4-C5-O5
4	I	6	MAN	C1-C2-C3-C4-C5-O5

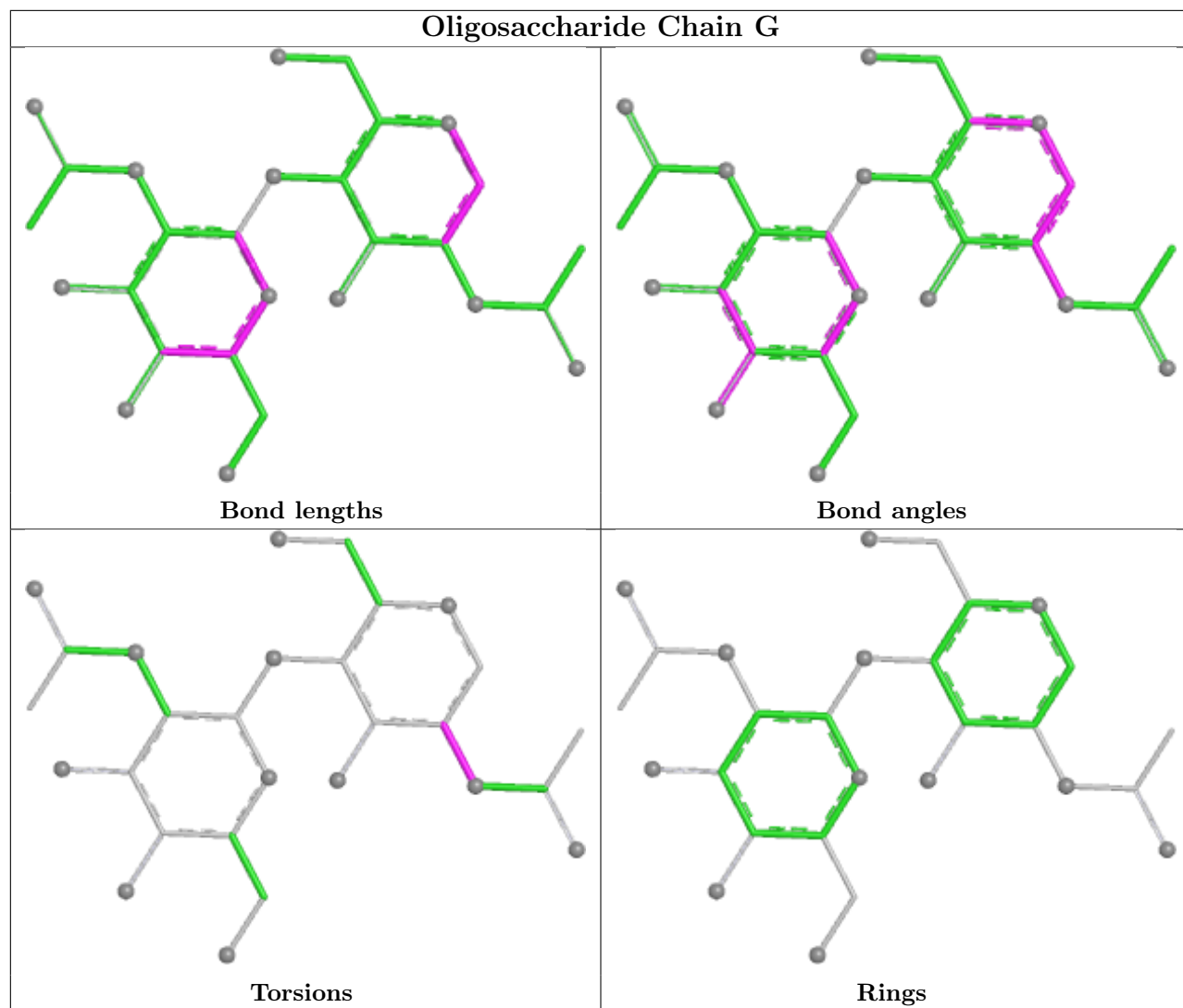
6 monomers are involved in 44 short contacts:

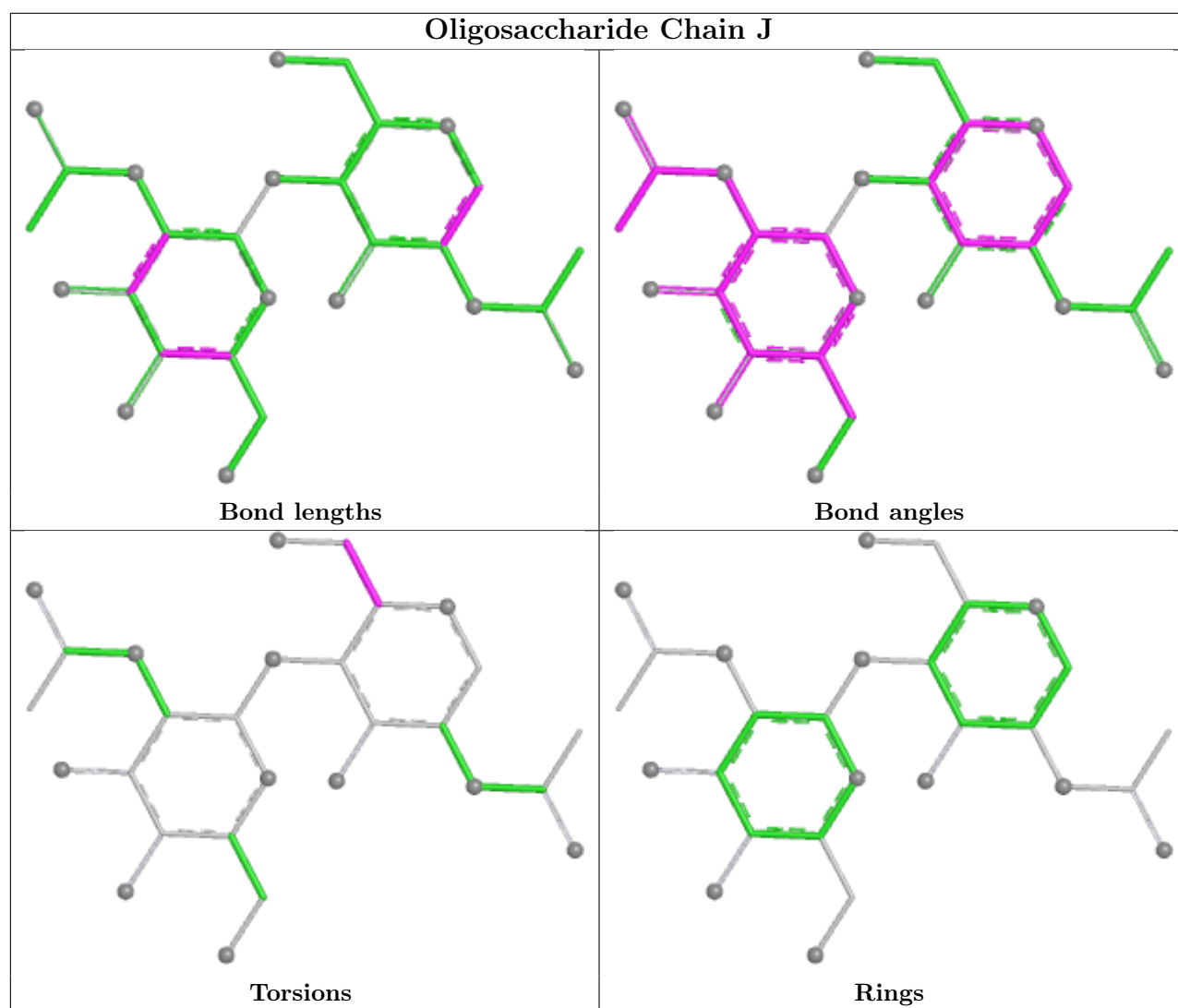
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	D	4	FUL	0	10
4	E	6	MAN	6	0
4	I	6	MAN	0	3
4	I	1	NAG	1	7
4	E	1	NAG	17	0
4	E	4	MAN	0	10

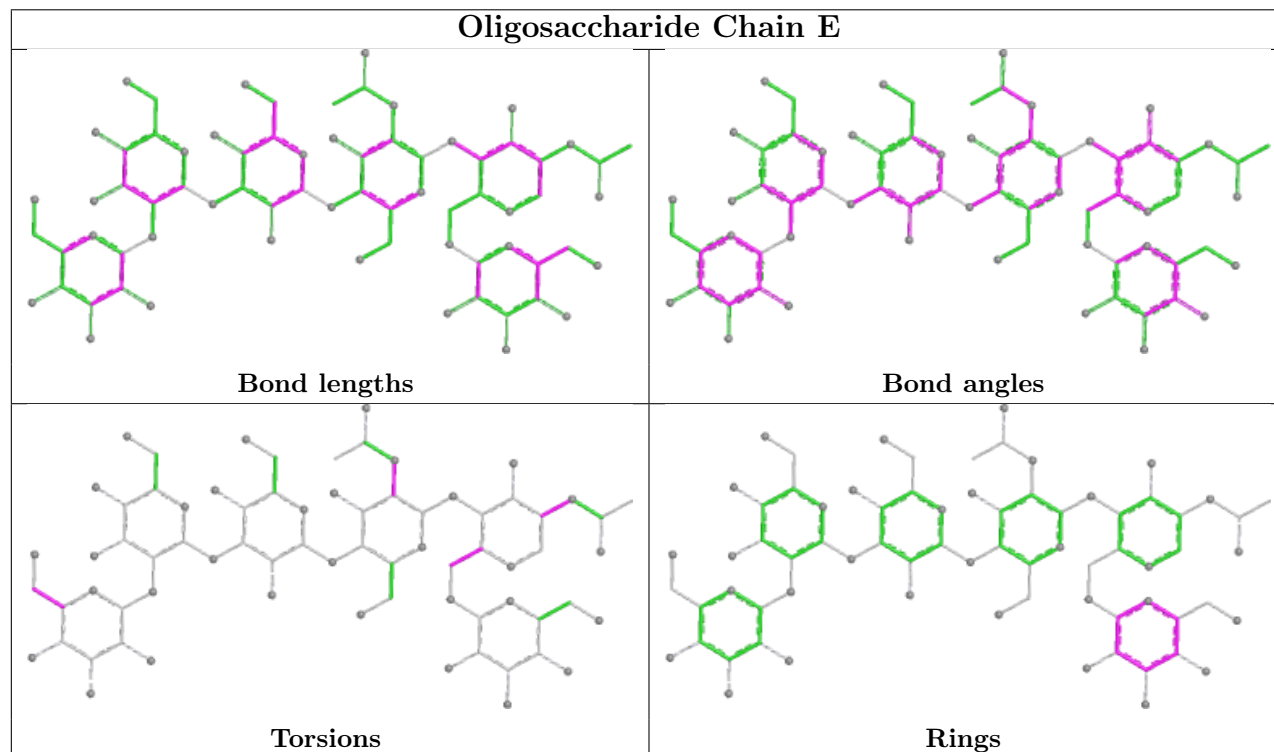
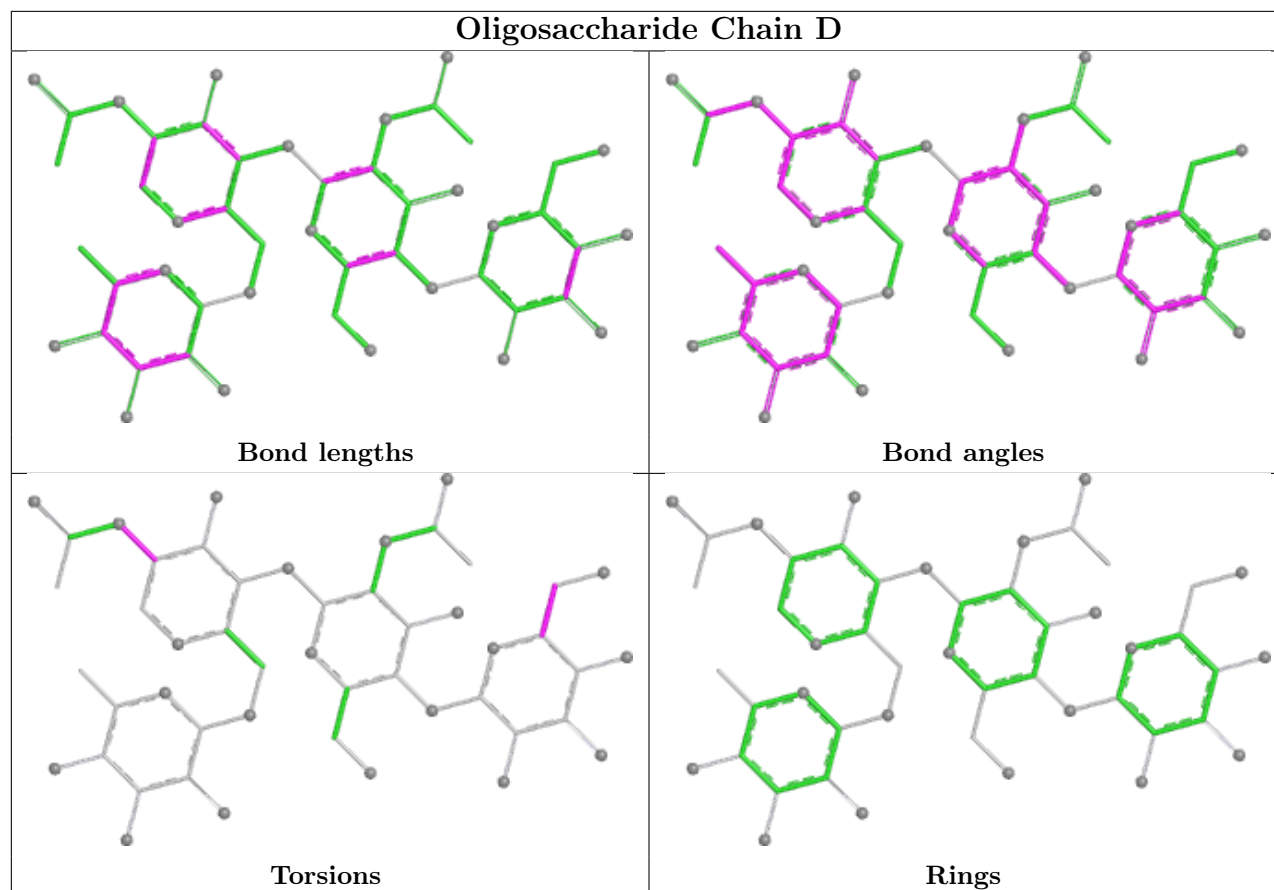
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

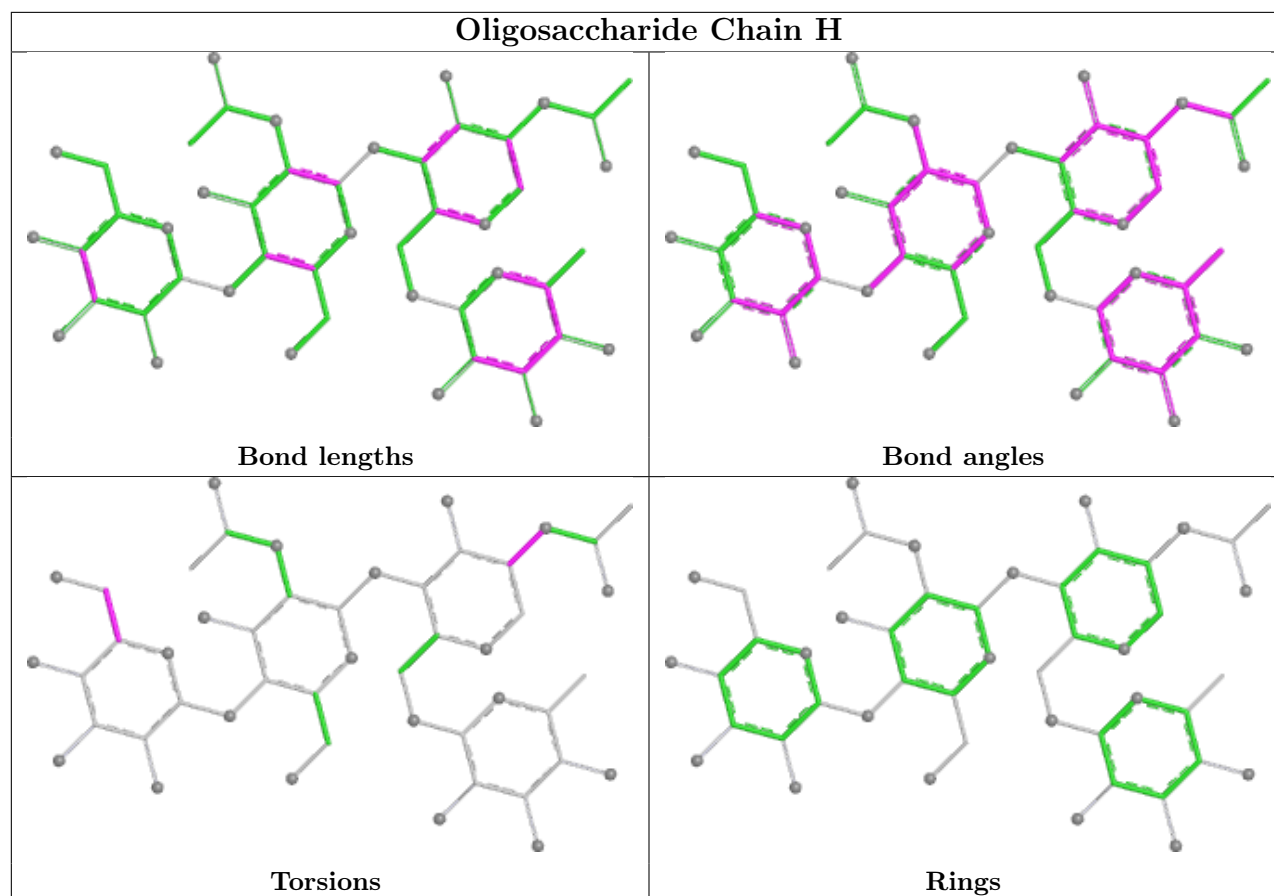
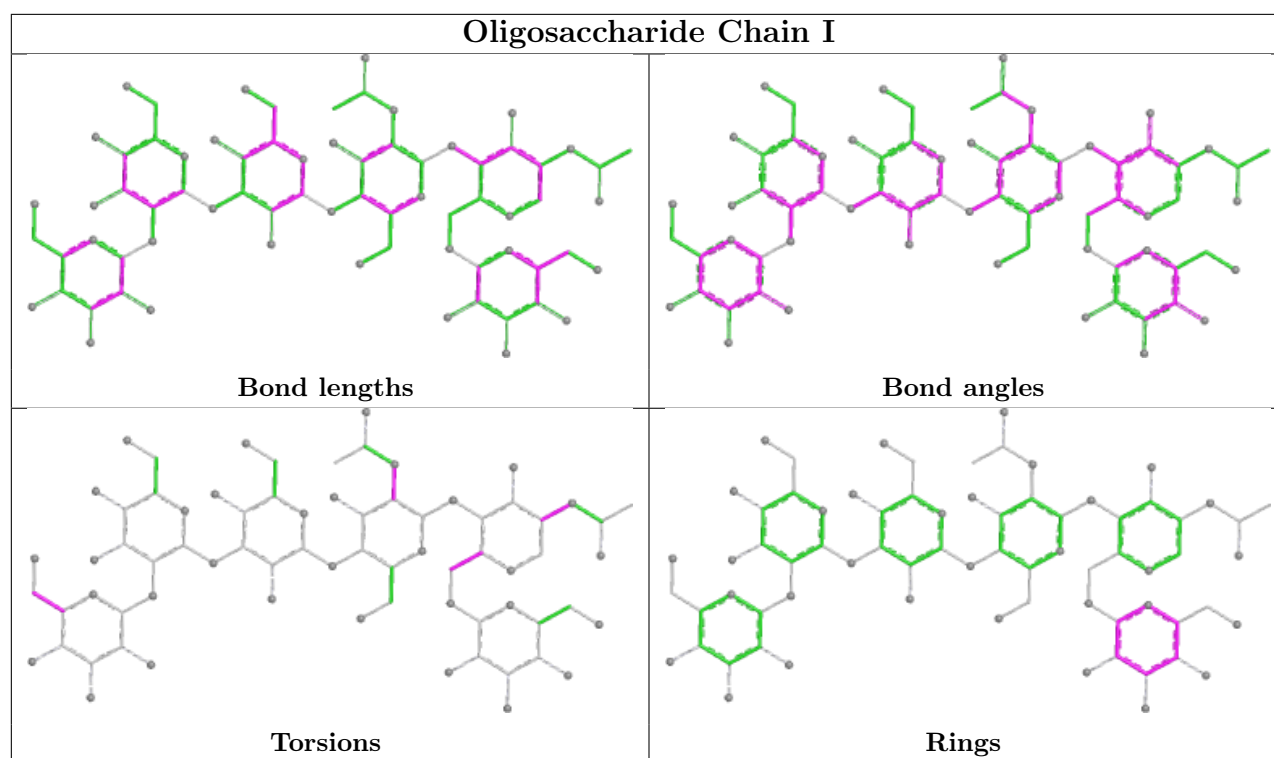












## 5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
7	ST5	B	471	-	18,18,18	1.29	1 (5%)	24,24,24	1.27	3 (12%)
7	ST5	A	471	-	18,18,18	1.29	1 (5%)	24,24,24	1.27	3 (12%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	ST5	B	471	-	-	3/14/14/14	0/1/1/1
7	ST5	A	471	-	-	3/14/14/14	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
7	A	471	ST5	C1-C'	-4.35	1.40	1.49
7	B	471	ST5	C1-C'	-4.35	1.40	1.49

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
7	A	471	ST5	CM4-C4'-N4	2.94	119.38	114.95
7	B	471	ST5	CM4-C4'-N4	2.94	119.38	114.95
7	A	471	ST5	C4-N4-C4'	-2.49	121.50	127.50
7	B	471	ST5	C4-N4-C4'	-2.49	121.50	127.50
7	A	471	ST5	O3'-CM3-C3'	-2.05	109.78	113.95

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
7	A	471	ST5	CM3-C3'-N3-C3
7	A	471	ST5	N3-C3'-CM3-O3'
7	B	471	ST5	CM3-C3'-N3-C3
7	B	471	ST5	N3-C3'-CM3-O3'
7	A	471	ST5	O3-C3'-N3-C3

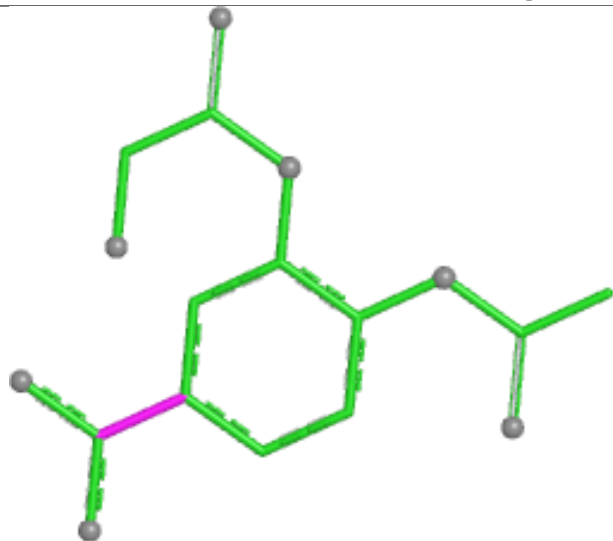
There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

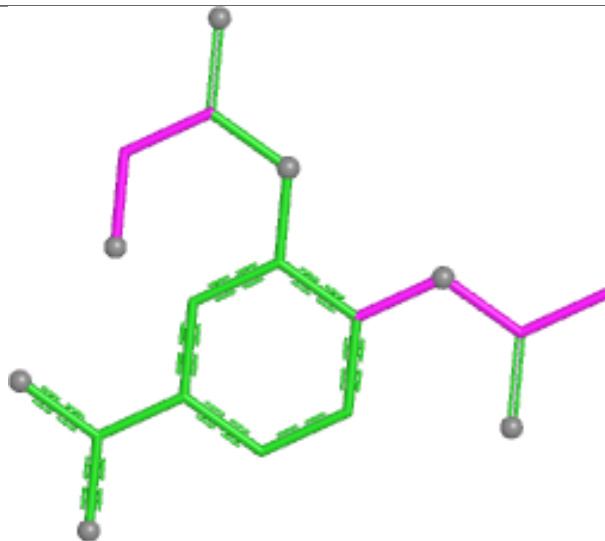
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	B	471	ST5	2	0
7	A	471	ST5	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

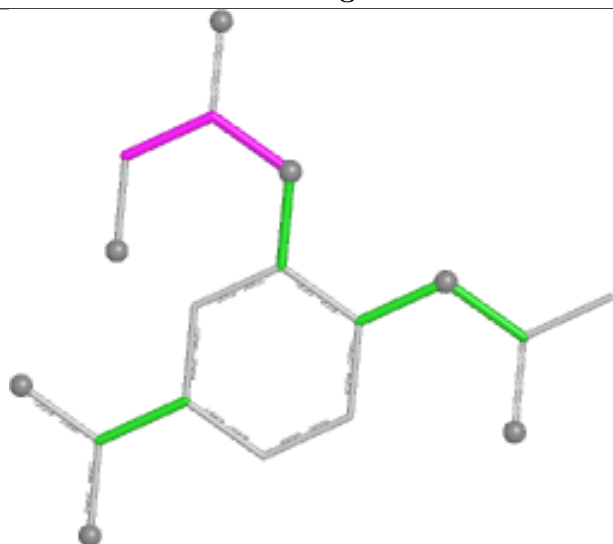
## Ligand ST5 B 471



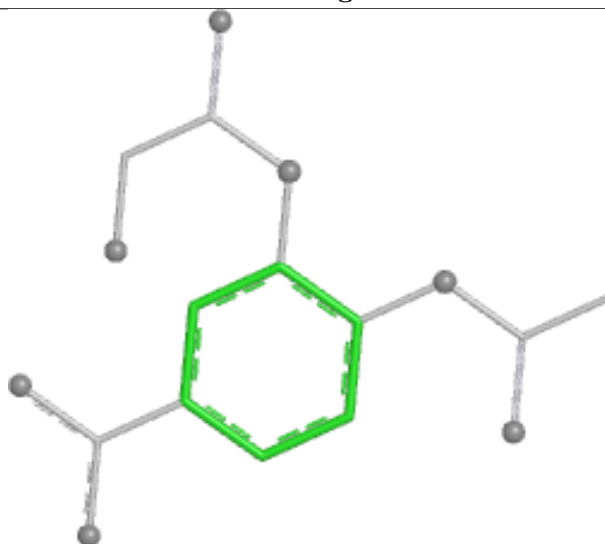
Bond lengths



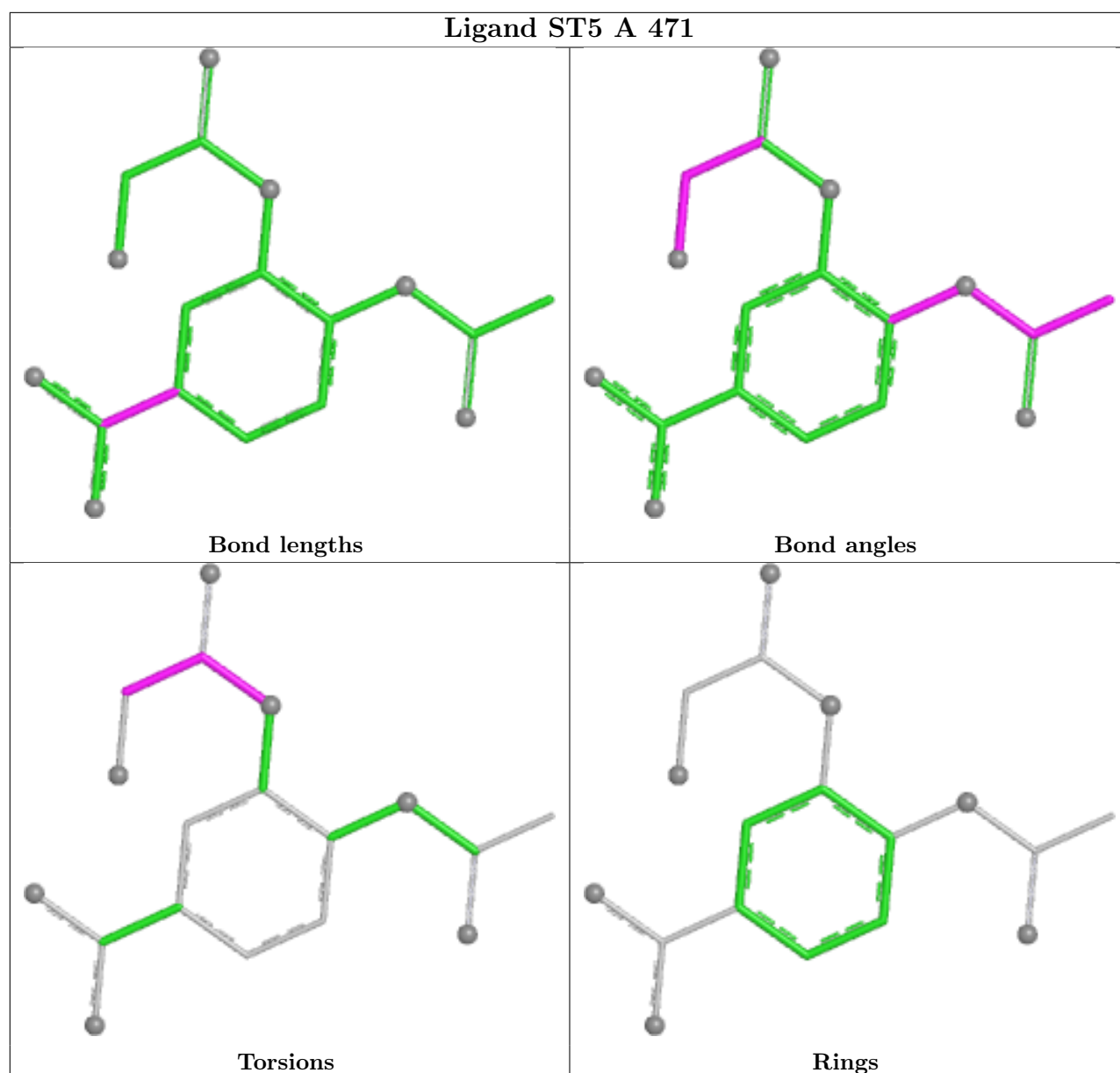
Bond angles



Torsions



Rings



## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

**Warning:** The R factor obtained from EDS is 0.227, which does not match the depositor's R factor of 0.163. Please interpret the results in this section carefully.

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ > 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ > 2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q < 0.9
1	A	388/388 (100%)	-0.38	1 (0%) 90 88	4, 12, 26, 35	0
1	B	388/388 (100%)	-0.41	1 (0%) 90 88	4, 12, 26, 35	0
All	All	776/776 (100%)	-0.40	2 (0%) 90 88	4, 12, 27, 35	0

All (2) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	345	GLY	2.2
1	B	246	ALA	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q < 0.9
2	NAG	G	2	14/15	0.54	0.15	15,15,46,47	14
4	MAN	I	4	11/12	0.57	0.20	15,15,38,40	11
4	MAN	E	4	11/12	0.62	0.20	15,15,38,40	11
4	NAG	I	2	14/15	0.62	0.16	15,15,40,41	14
3	BMA	D	3	11/12	0.62	0.18	15,15,48,50	11

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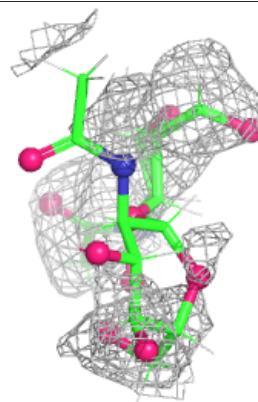
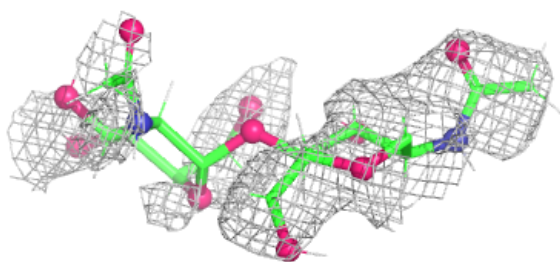
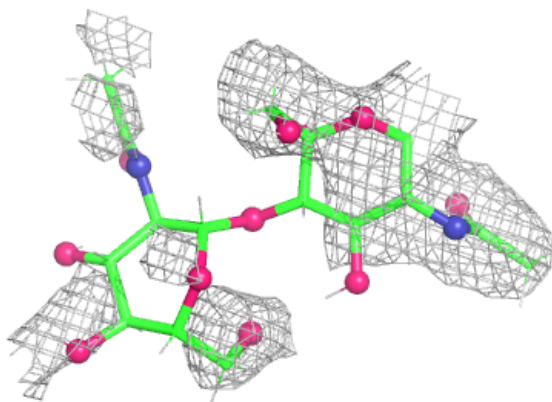
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
4	BMA	E	3	11/12	0.64	0.12	15,15,38,39	11
5	BMA	H	3	11/12	0.64	0.20	15,15,48,50	11
2	NAG	J	1	14/15	0.69	0.16	15,15,42,43	14
2	NAG	C	2	14/15	0.72	0.13	15,15,46,47	14
3	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.73	0.14	15,15,39,43	14
4	MAN	E	5	11/12	0.74	0.14	15,15,44,46	11
4	MAN	I	5	11/12	0.75	0.12	15,15,44,46	11
4	BMA	I	3	11/12	0.76	0.14	15,15,38,39	11
3	FUL	D	4	10/11	0.77	0.11	11,15,22,23	10
4	NAG	E	2	14/15	0.79	0.13	15,15,40,41	14
2	NAG	J	2	14/15	0.79	0.13	15,15,45,47	14
2	NAG	F	1	14/15	0.79	0.14	15,15,42,43	14
5	NAG	H	2	14/15	0.80	0.12	15,15,39,43	14
4	NAG	I	1	14/15	0.80	0.15	2,15,36,41	0
5	FUC	H	4	10/11	0.82	0.09	11,15,22,23	10
3	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.84	0.14	15,23,29,37	14
4	MAN	E	6	11/12	0.86	0.20	15,15,46,49	11
2	NAG	F	2	14/15	0.86	0.11	15,15,45,47	14
4	NAG	E	1	14/15	0.86	0.12	2,15,36,41	0
2	NAG	C	1	14/15	0.88	0.13	15,15,39,41	14
2	NAG	G	1	14/15	0.89	0.10	15,15,39,41	14
4	MAN	I	6	11/12	0.90	0.15	15,15,46,49	11
5	NAG	H	1	14/15	0.91	0.09	15,23,29,37	14

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

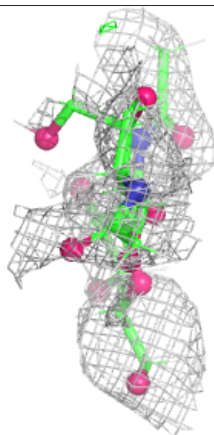
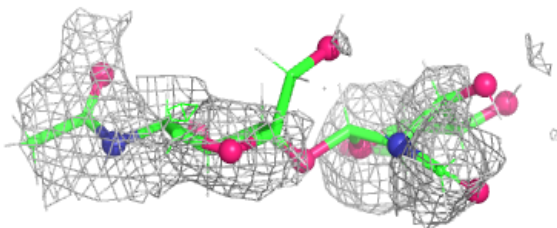
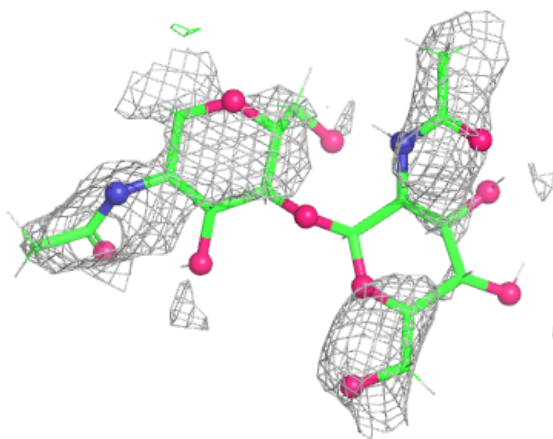
**Electron density around Chain C:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



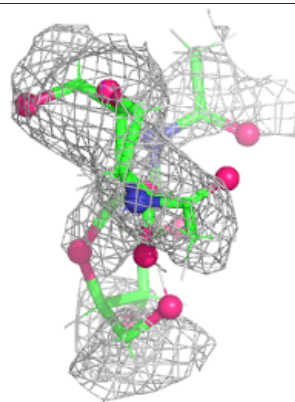
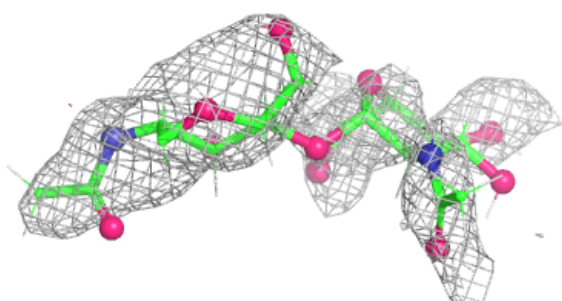
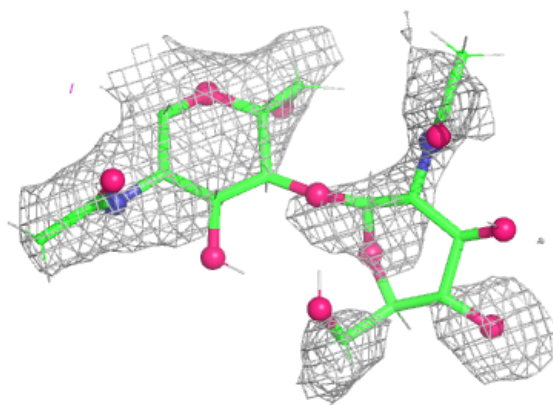
**Electron density around Chain F:**

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and green (positive)

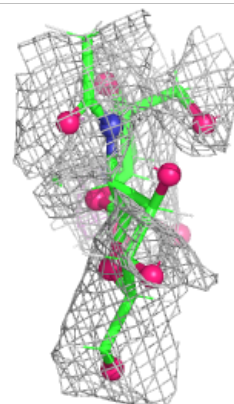
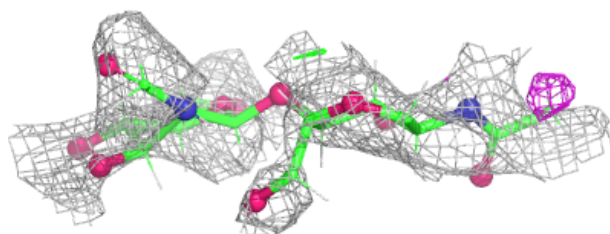
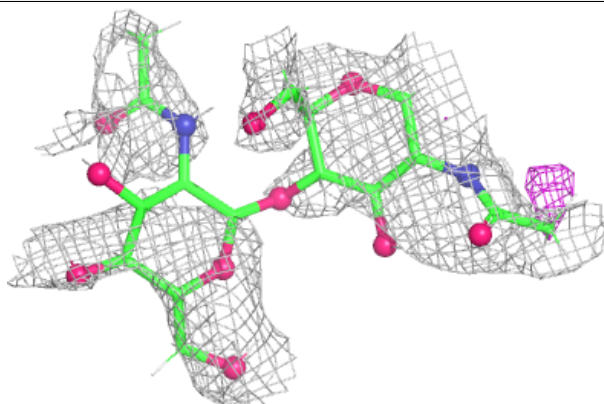


**Electron density around Chain G:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

**Electron density around Chain J:**

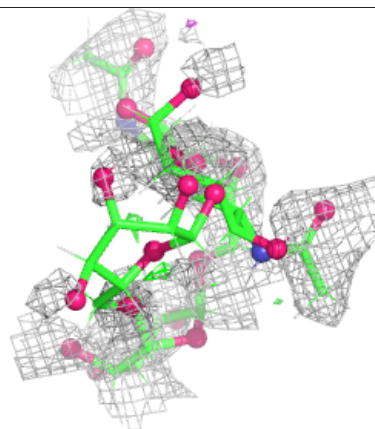
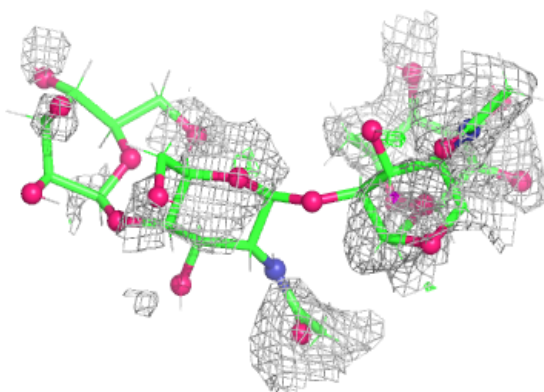
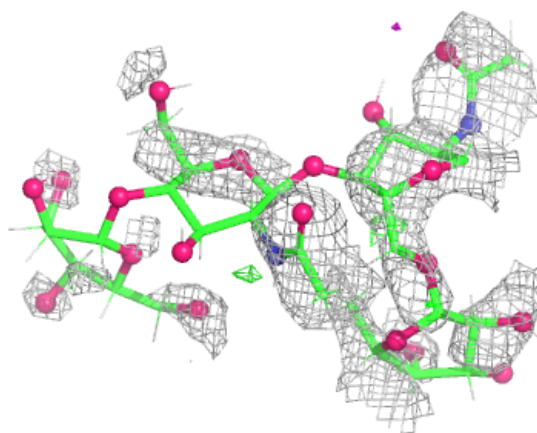
$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



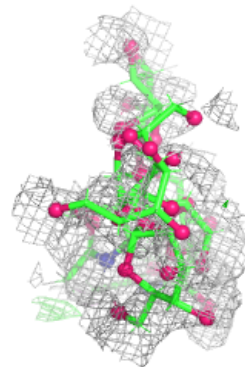
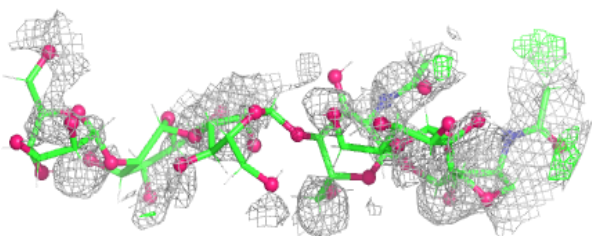
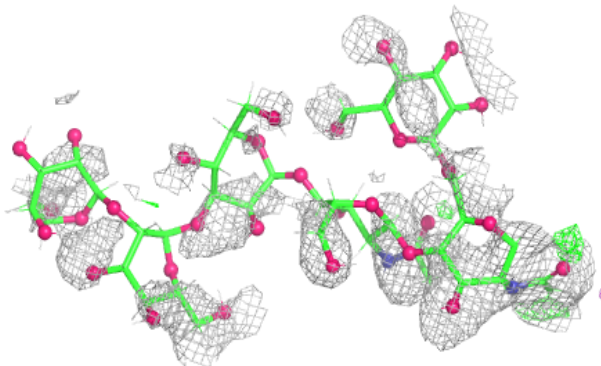


**Electron density around Chain D:**

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 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

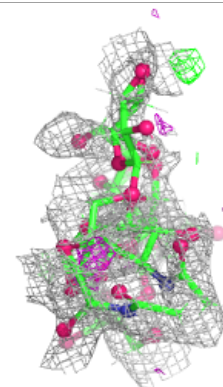
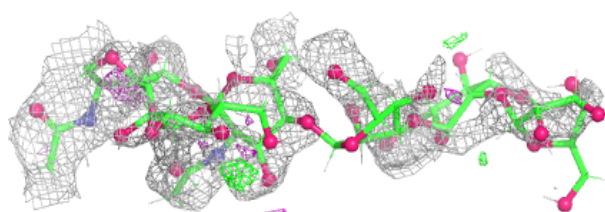
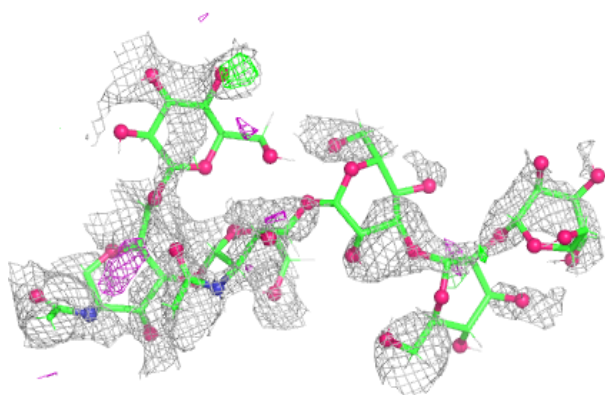
**Electron density around Chain E:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

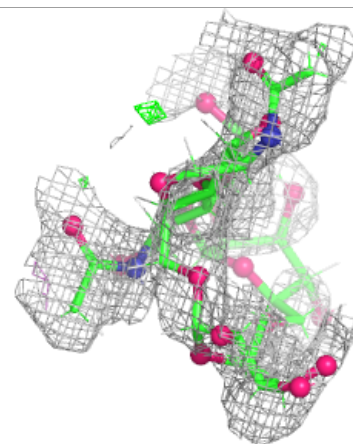
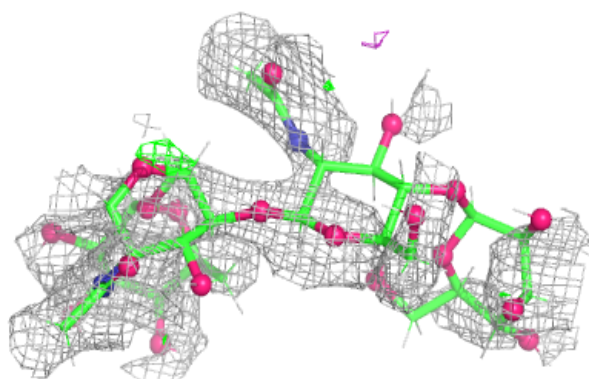
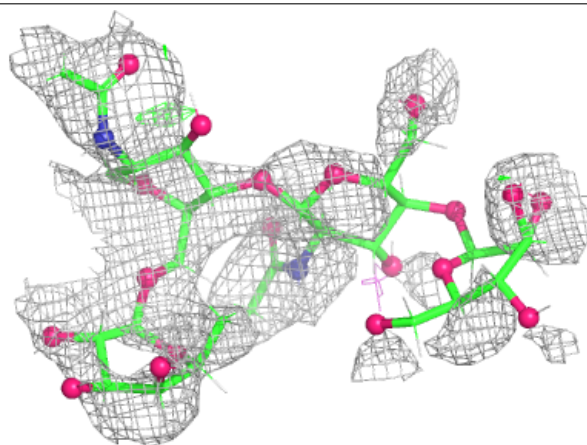


**Electron density around Chain I:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)

**Electron density around Chain H:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



## 6.4 Ligands

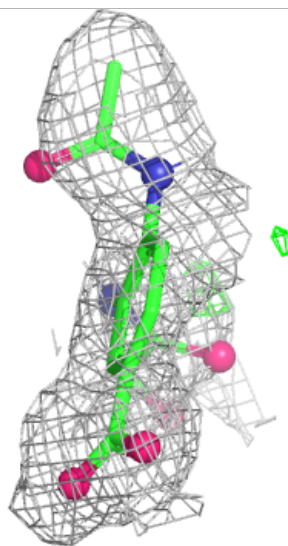
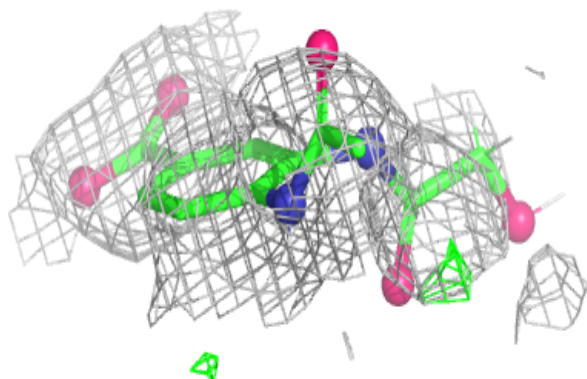
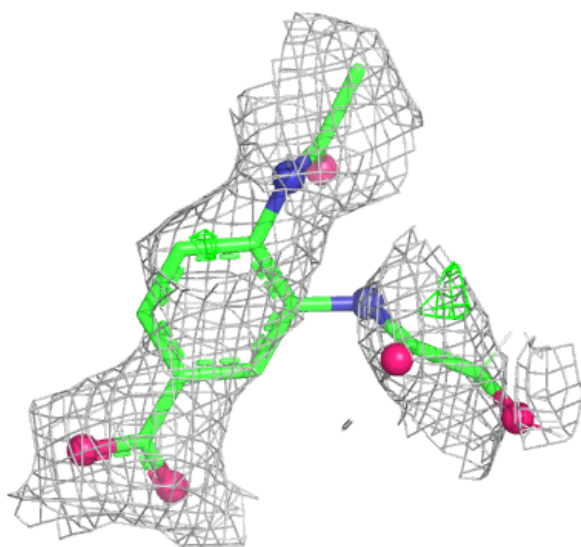
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
7	ST5	A	471	18/18	0.84	0.11	15,47,51,53	0
7	ST5	B	471	18/18	0.89	0.12	15,47,51,53	0
6	CA	A	470	1/1	0.97	0.03	37,37,37,37	0
6	CA	B	470	1/1	0.98	0.04	37,37,37,37	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

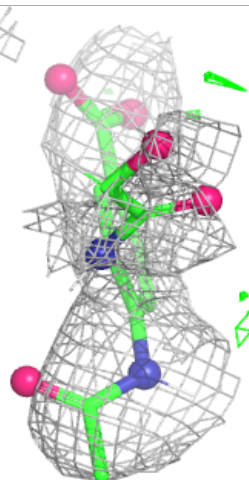
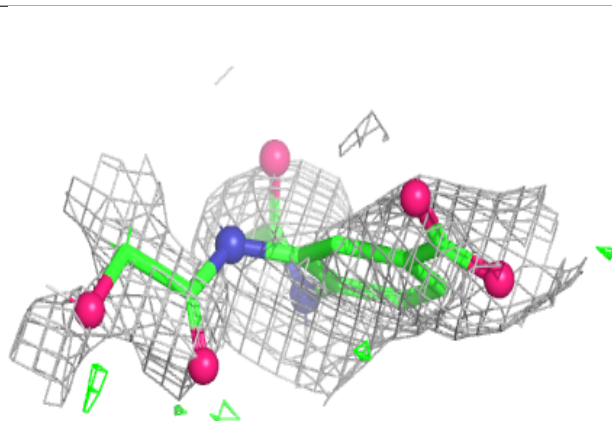
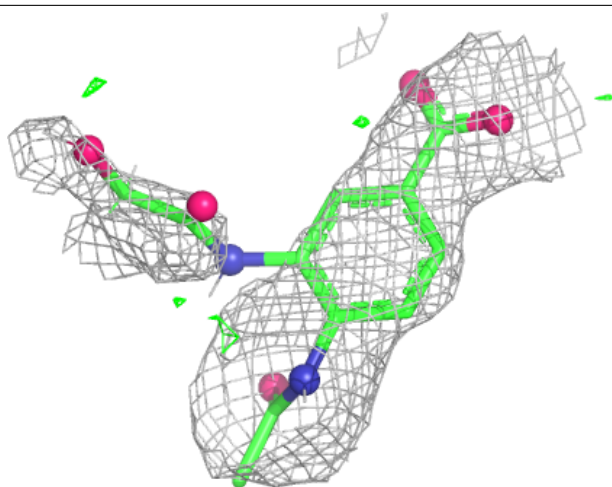
**Electron density around ST5 A 471:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



**Electron density around ST5 B 471:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.