



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Apr 29, 2025 – 10:45 AM EDT

PDB ID : 3K5T / pdb\_00003k5t  
Title : Crystal structure of human diamine oxidase in space group C2221  
Authors : McGrath, A.P.; Guss, J.M.  
Deposited on : 2009-10-08  
Resolution : 2.11 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1  
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0rc1  
EDS : 3.0  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
CCP4 : 9.0.006 (Gargrove)  
Density-Fitness : 1.0.12  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.43.1

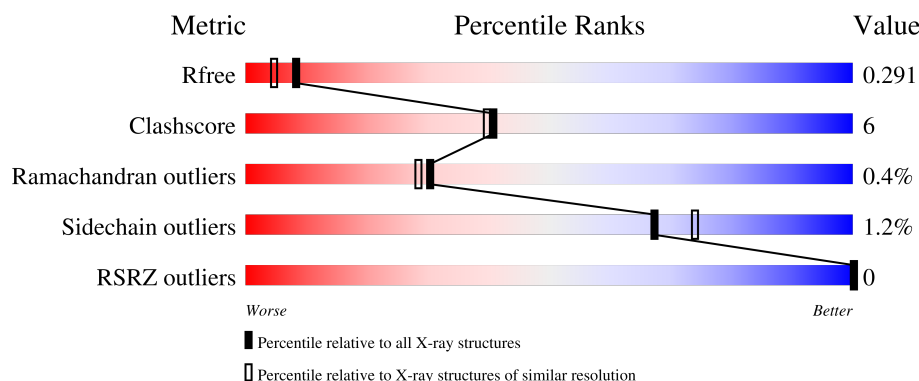
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*


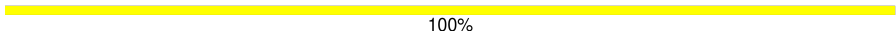
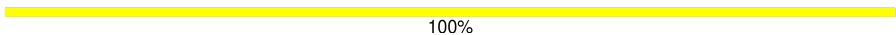
The reported resolution of this entry is 2.11 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	164625	7689 (2.14-2.10)
Clashscore	180529	8431 (2.14-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	8366 (2.14-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	177891	8367 (2.14-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	164620	7689 (2.14-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	731	 83% 13% . .
2	B	2	 100%
2	C	2	 100%

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5983 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Diamine oxidase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	712	Total	C	N	O	S	0	3	0
			5605	3618	953	1018	16			

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	21	ARG	PRO	engineered mutation	UNP P19801
A	592	SER	THR	variant	UNP P19801
A	645	ASP	HIS	variant	UNP P19801

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			28	16	2	10			
2	C	2	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			28	16	2	10			

- Molecule 3 is COPPER (II) ION (CCD ID: CU) (formula: Cu).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Cu	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 4 is CALCIUM ION (CCD ID: CA) (formula: Ca).

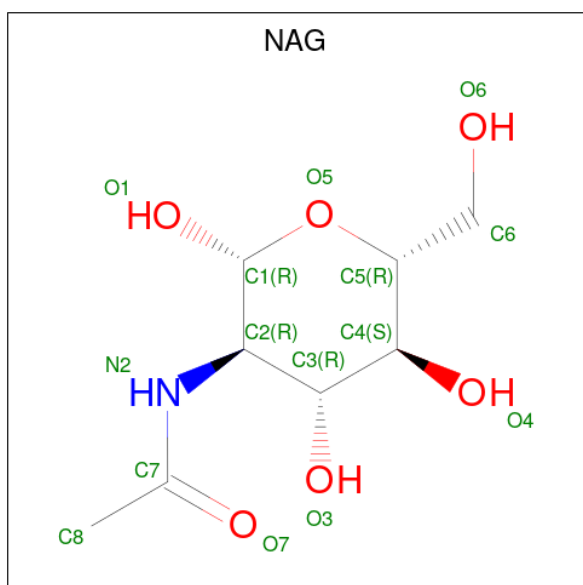
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	2	Total	Ca	0	0
			2	2		

- Molecule 5 is GLYCEROL (CCD ID: GOL) (formula:  $C_3H_8O_3$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			6	3	3		

- Molecule 6 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (CCD ID: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			14	8	1	5		

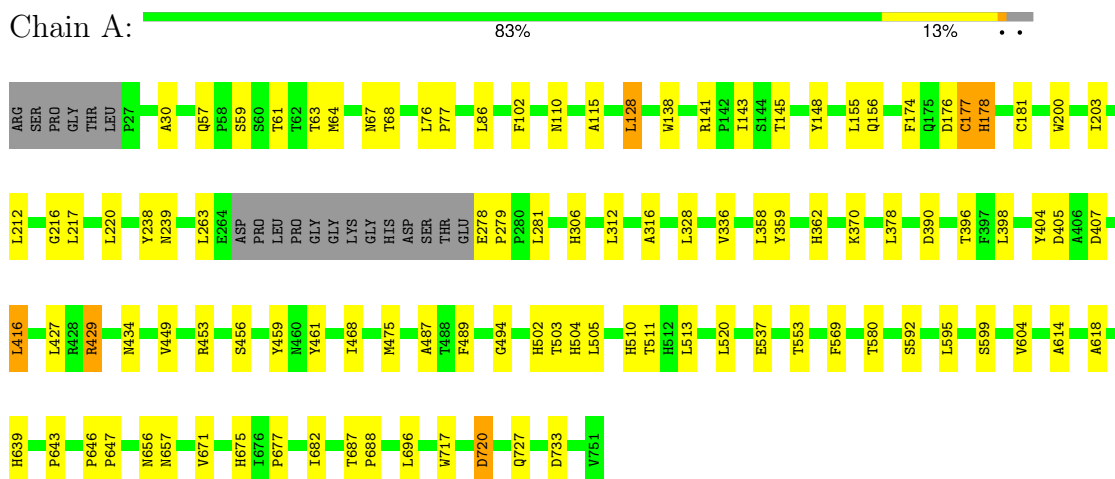
- Molecule 7 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	299	Total	O	0	0
			299	299		

### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Diamine oxidase



- Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



- Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	94.77Å 96.95Å 178.06Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	89.09 – 2.11 89.03 – 2.11	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	94.5 (89.09-2.11) 89.0 (89.03-2.11)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.11	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.11	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.10 (at 2.10Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.236 , 0.290 0.237 , 0.291	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2277 reflections (4.99%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	25.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.051	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.37 , 26.4	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.39$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.22$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.096 for -k,-h,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	5983	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	26.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.26% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CU, CA, NAG, TPQ, GOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.59	0/5789	0.76	3/7927 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed( $^{\circ}$ )	Ideal( $^{\circ}$ )
1	A	279	PRO	N-CA-C	5.75	117.71	110.70
1	A	278	GLU	CA-C-N	5.09	125.62	120.38
1	A	278	GLU	C-N-CA	5.09	125.62	120.38

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5605	0	5206	69	0
2	B	28	0	25	0	0
2	C	28	0	25	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	2	0	0	0	0
5	A	6	0	8	0	0
6	A	14	0	13	0	0
7	A	299	0	0	5	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
All	All	5983	0	5277	69	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 69 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:336:VAL:HG21	1:A:475:MET:HE1	1.65	0.79
1:A:177:CYS:HG	1:A:181:CYS:HG	0.76	0.75
1:A:487:ALA:HB1	1:A:505:LEU:HD11	1.76	0.67
1:A:487:ALA:CB	1:A:505:LEU:HD11	2.28	0.64
1:A:449:VAL:HG21	1:A:468:ILE:CG2	2.28	0.64

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	710/731 (97%)	670 (94%)	37 (5%)	3 (0%)	30	28

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	177	CYS
1	A	178	HIS
1	A	459	TYR

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	579/634 (91%)	572 (99%)	7 (1%)	67 74

5 of 7 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	416	LEU
1	A	429	ARG
1	A	720	ASP
1	A	595	LEU
1	A	281	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	304	GLN
1	A	530	GLN
1	A	659	ASN
1	A	662	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
1	TPQ	A	461	3,1	13,14,15	1.45	2 (15%)	13,19,21	0.95	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	TPQ	A	461	3,1	-	5/5/22/24	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	461	TPQ	O4-C4	-3.10	1.25	1.33
1	A	461	TPQ	C3-C4	2.26	1.40	1.36

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	461	TPQ	C-CA-CB-C1
1	A	461	TPQ	O-C-CA-CB
1	A	461	TPQ	C2-C1-CB-CA
1	A	461	TPQ	C6-C1-CB-CA
1	A	461	TPQ	N-CA-CB-C1

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The

Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAG	B	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.62	0	17,19,21	0.84	1 (5%)
2	NAG	B	2	2	14,14,15	0.58	0	17,19,21	1.25	1 (5%)
2	NAG	C	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.65	0	17,19,21	1.37	1 (5%)
2	NAG	C	2	2	14,14,15	0.53	0	17,19,21	1.17	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	B	1	2,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	B	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	C	1	2,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	C	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	C	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.06	117.63	112.19
2	C	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.58	116.99	112.19
2	B	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.25	116.54	112.19
2	B	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.18	107.92	111.29

There are no chirality outliers.

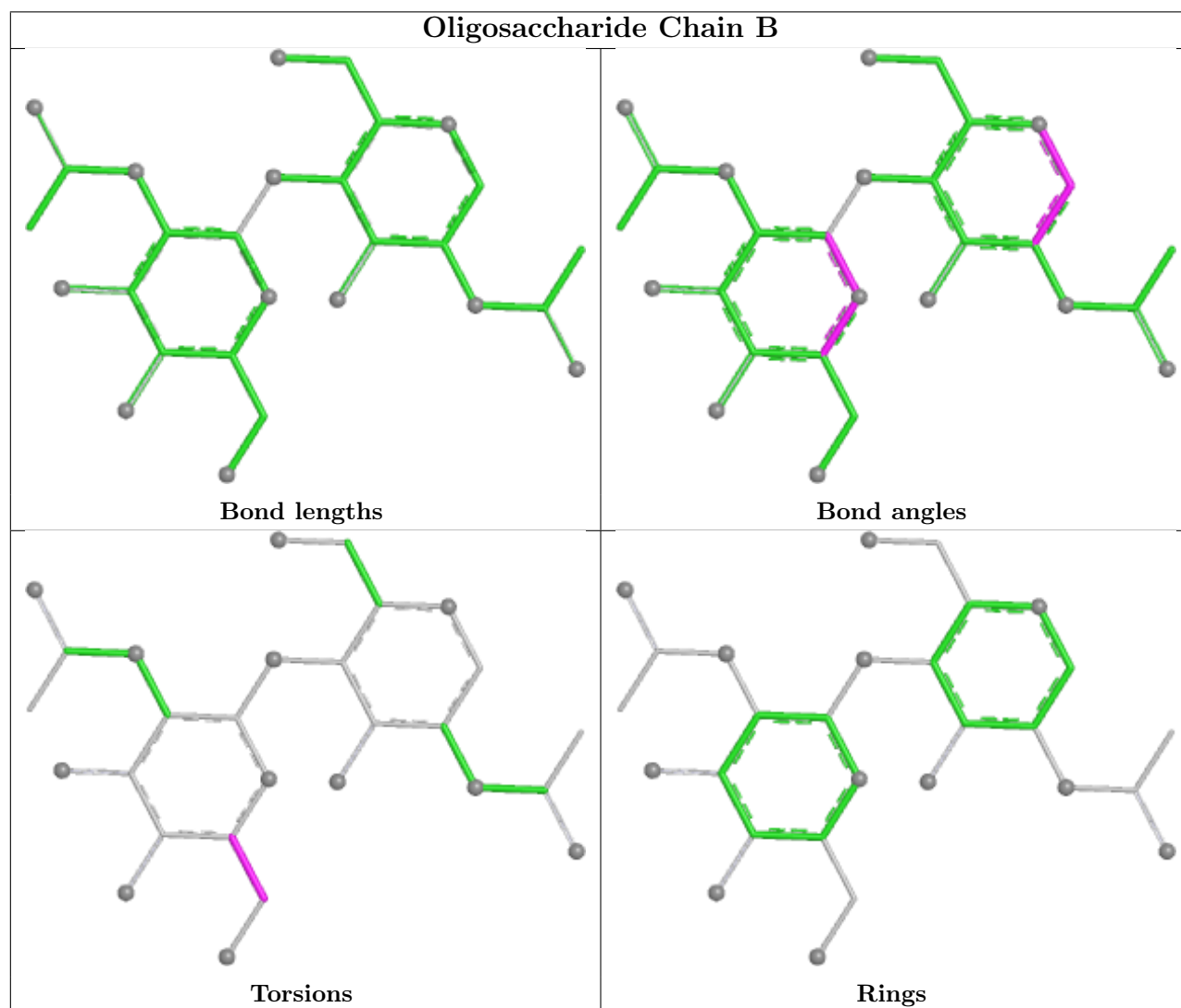
All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

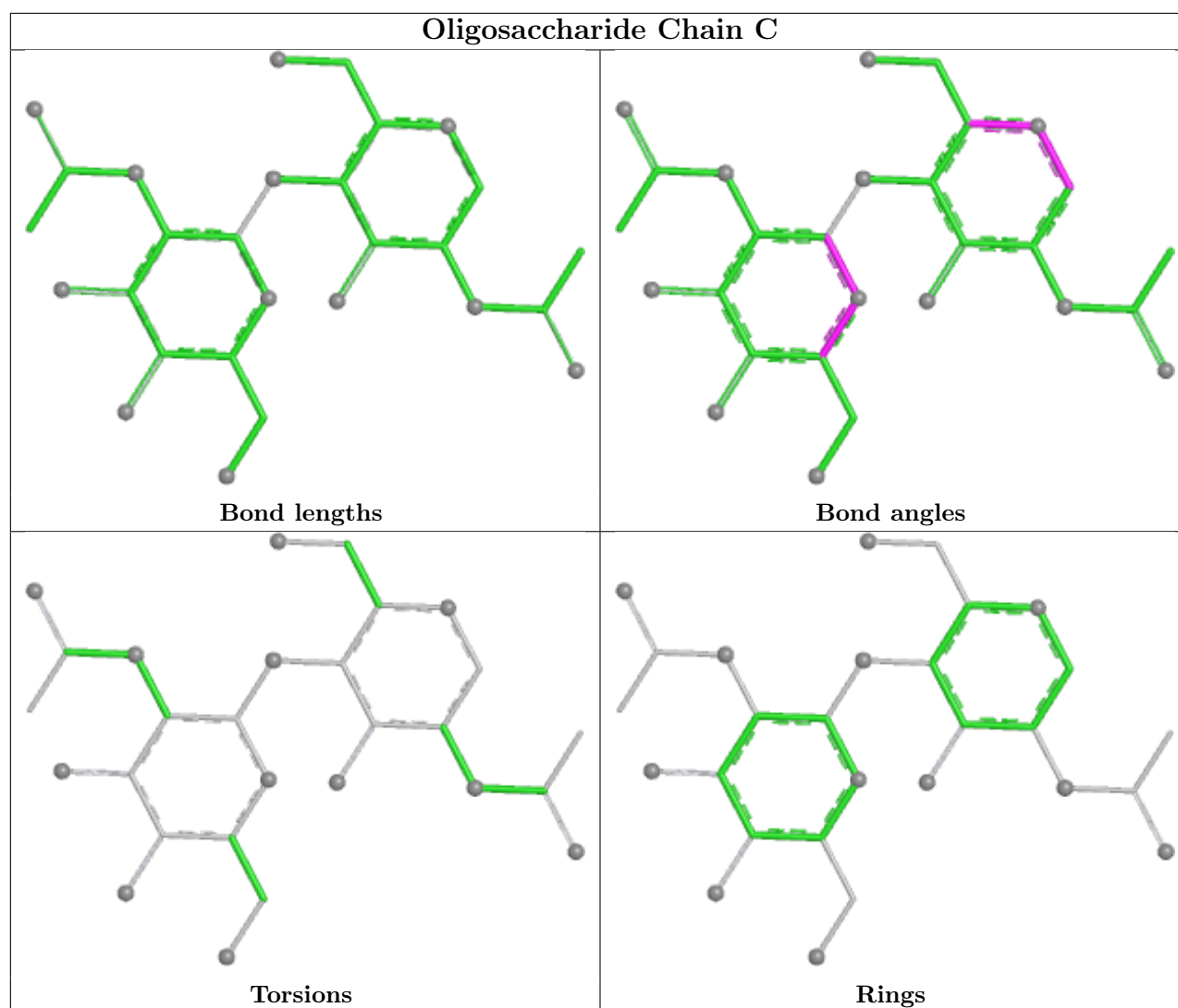
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	B	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 5 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
6	NAG	A	7451	1	14,14,15	0.69	0	17,19,21	1.09	1 (5%)
5	GOL	A	804	-	5,5,5	0.38	0	5,5,5	0.45	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	NAG	A	7451	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	GOL	A	804	-	-	1/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	A	7451	NAG	O7-C7-C8	-2.33	117.91	122.05

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	804	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	711/731 (97%)	-1.21	0 100 100	10, 25, 40, 49	4 (0%)

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	TPQ	A	461	14/15	0.99	0.03	19,22,24,25	2

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

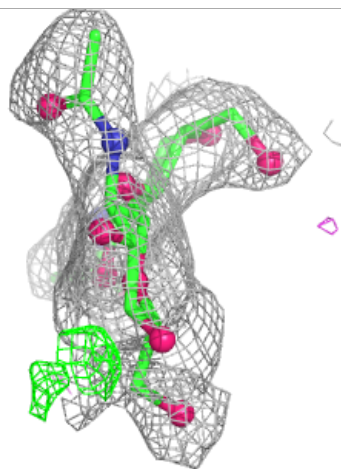
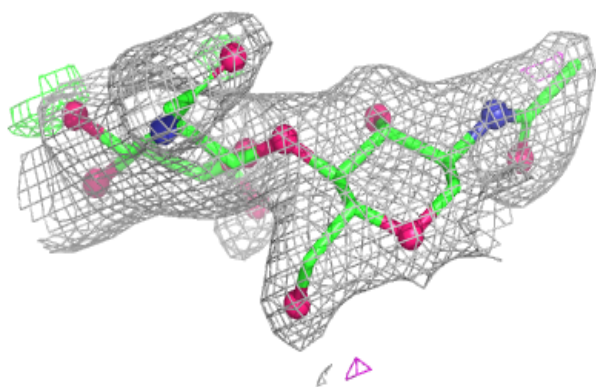
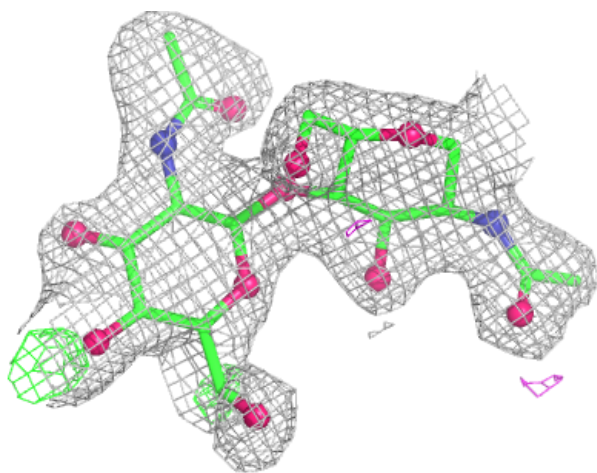
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
2	NAG	C	2	14/15	0.97	0.05	43,44,46,47	0
2	NAG	B	2	14/15	0.98	0.04	40,42,43,43	0
2	NAG	C	1	14/15	0.99	0.04	33,34,37,40	0
2	NAG	B	1	14/15	0.99	0.04	34,35,36,38	0

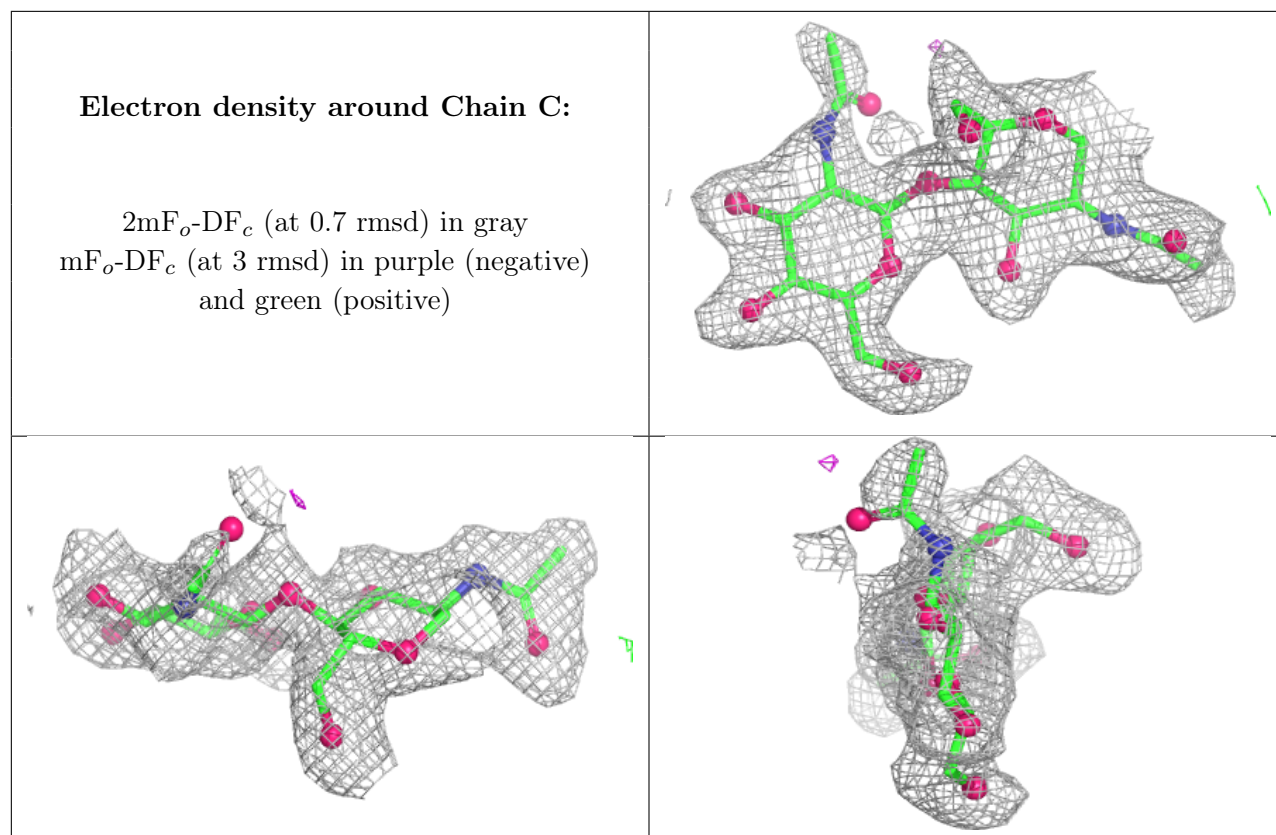
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



**Electron density around Chain B:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)





## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
6	NAG	A	7451	14/15	0.97	0.05	29,32,35,37	0
5	GOL	A	804	6/6	0.98	0.07	46,46,47,47	0
4	CA	A	803	1/1	1.00	0.02	35,35,35,35	0
3	CU	A	801	1/1	1.00	0.01	12,12,12,12	0
4	CA	A	802	1/1	1.00	0.01	19,19,19,19	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.