



# Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Mar 20, 2025 – 02:14 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2LIW  
BMRB ID : 17907  
Title : NMR structure of HMG-ACPI domain from CurA module from *Lyngbya majuscula*  
Authors : Busche, A.E.; Gottstein, D.; Hein, C.; Ripin, N.; Pader, I.; Tufar, P.; Eisman, E.B.; Gu, L.; Walsh, C.T.; Loehr, F.; Sherman, D.H.; Guntert, P.; Dotsch, V.  
Deposited on : 2011-09-01

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
wwPDB-RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.41.4

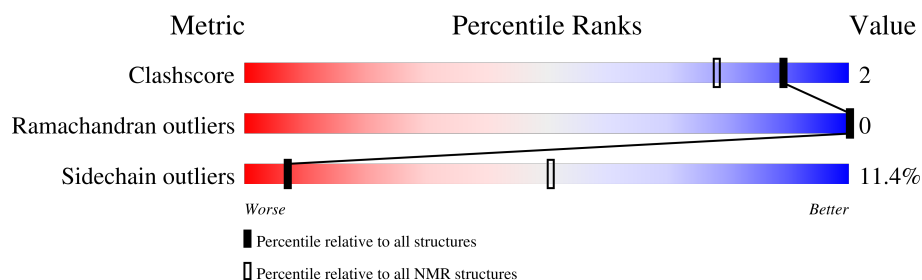
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 95%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	14027
Ramachandran outliers	207382	12486
Sidechain outliers	206894	12463

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	99	

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 12 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *closest to the average*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:1953-A:2030 (78)	0.22	12

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 6 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	5, 7, 13, 16, 20
2	2, 10, 11, 19
3	8, 12, 18
4	6, 9, 14
5	1, 17
6	3, 15
Single-model clusters	4

### 3 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1607 atoms, of which 802 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

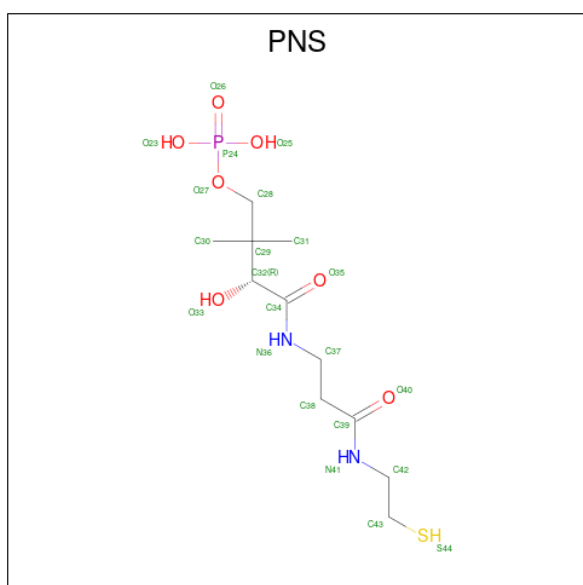
- Molecule 1 is a protein called CurA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	A	99	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1547	490	773	124	159	1	

There are 10 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

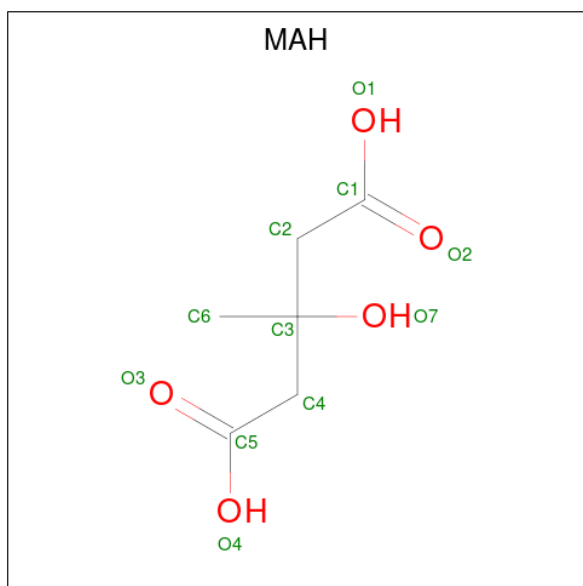
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1936	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q6DNF2
A	1937	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q6DNF2
A	1938	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q6DNF2
A	1939	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP Q6DNF2
A	1940	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q6DNF2
A	1941	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP Q6DNF2
A	1942	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q6DNF2
A	1943	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q6DNF2
A	1944	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q6DNF2
A	1945	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q6DNF2

- Molecule 2 is 4'-PHOSPHOPANTETHEINE (three-letter code: PNS) (formula:  $C_{11}H_{23}N_2O_7PS$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						
			Total	C	H	N	O	P	S
2	A	1	41	11	20	2	6	1	1

- Molecule 3 is 3-HYDROXY-3-METHYL-GLUTARIC ACID (three-letter code: MAH) (formula: C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O<sub>5</sub>).



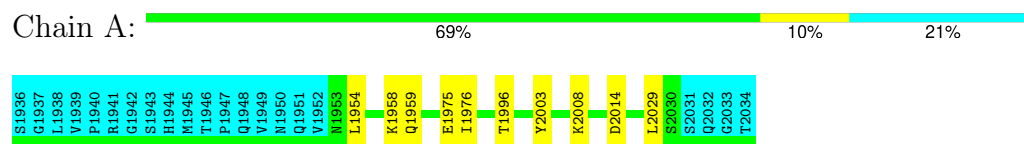
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			
			Total	C	H	O
3	A	1	19	6	9	4

## 4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: CurA

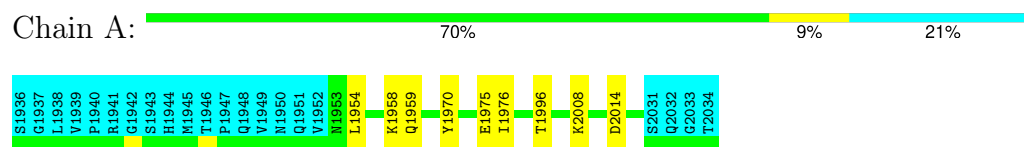


### 4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

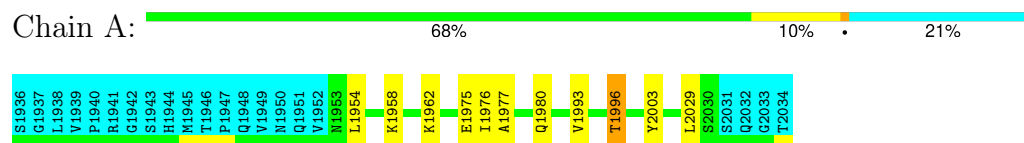
#### 4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: CurA



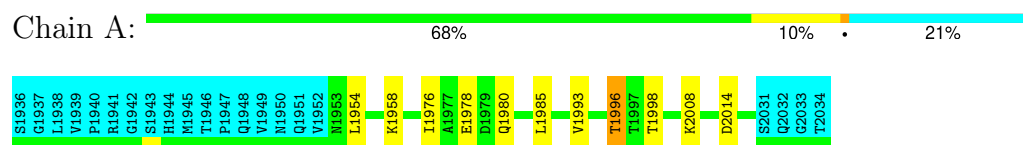
#### 4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: CurA



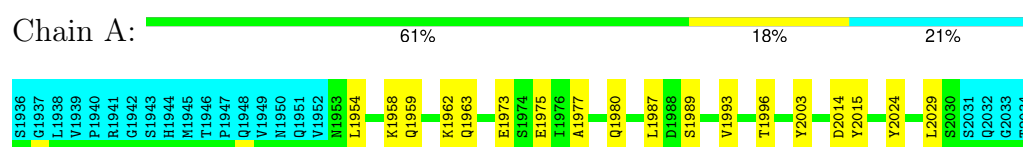
### 4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: CurA



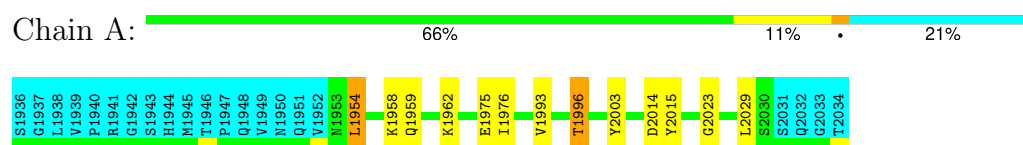
### 4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: CurA



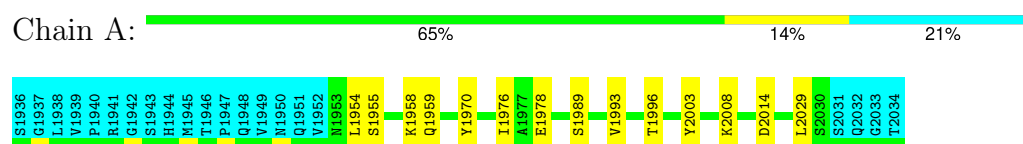
### 4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: CurA



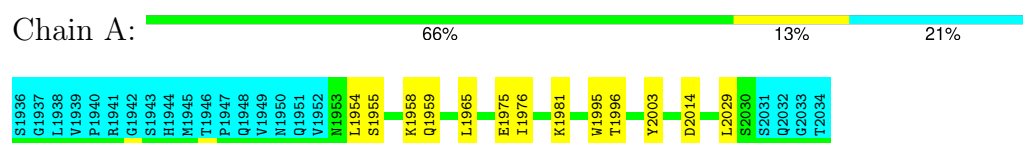
### 4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: CurA



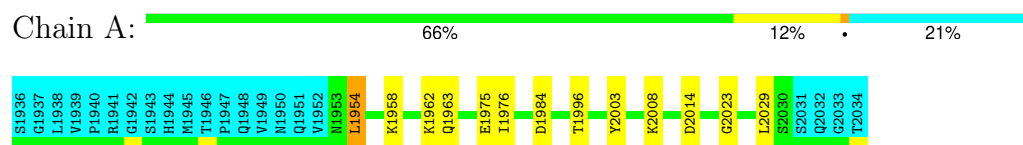
### 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: CurA



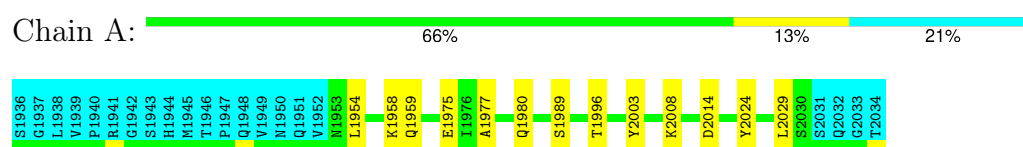
### 4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: CurA



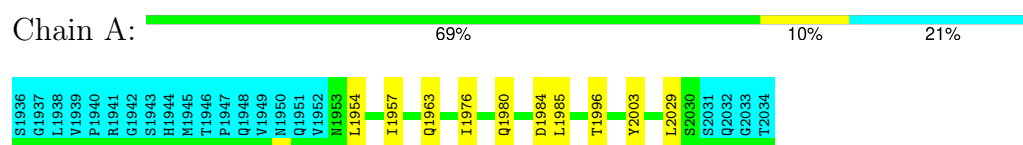
### 4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: CurA



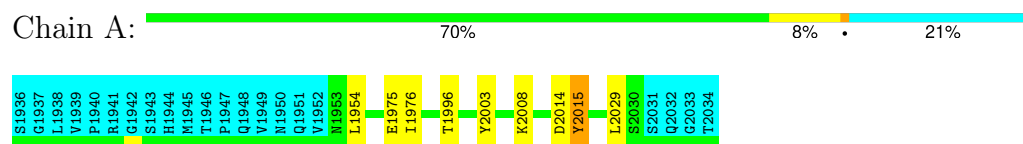
### 4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: CurA



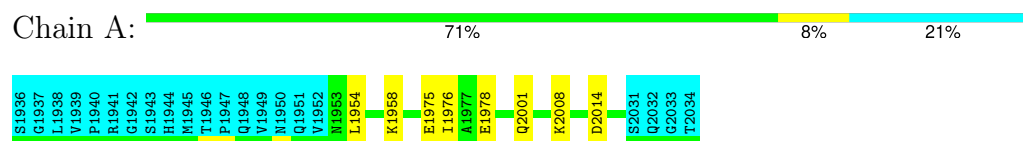
### 4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: CurA



### 4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12 (medoid)

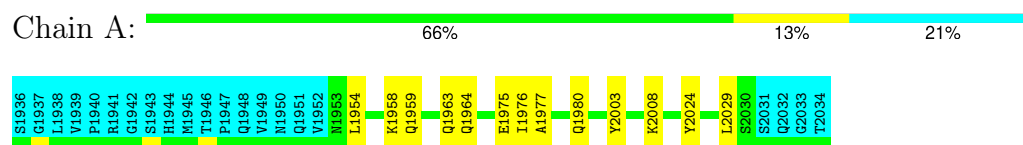
- Molecule 1: CurA





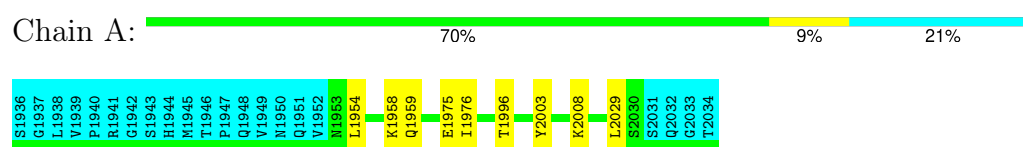
### 4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: CurA



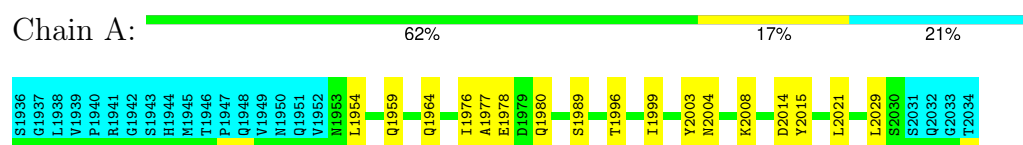
### 4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: CurA



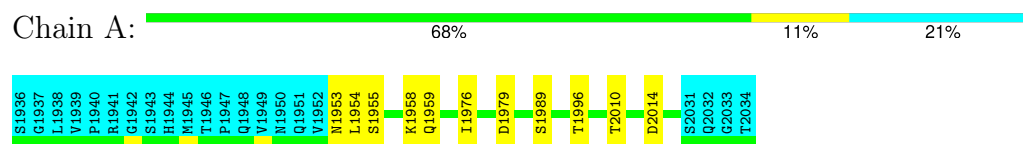
### 4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: CurA



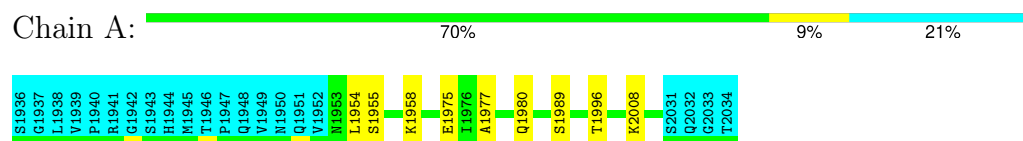
### 4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: CurA



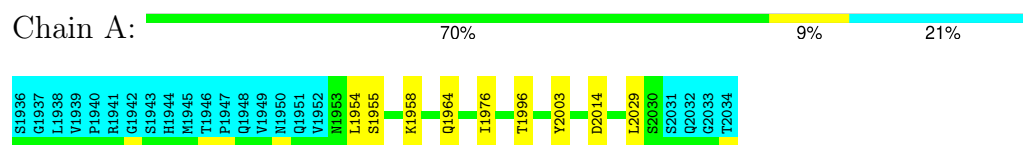
### 4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: CurA



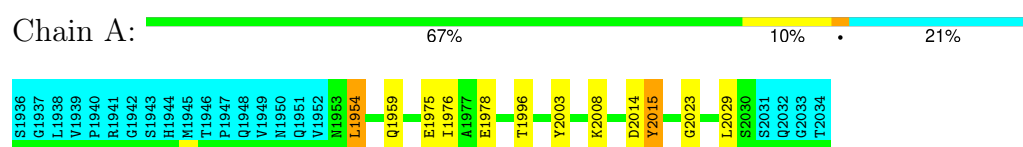
### 4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: CurA



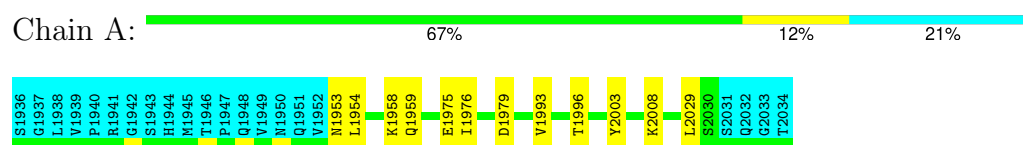
### 4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: CurA



### 4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: CurA



## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	2.1 and 3.0
CYANA	refinement	2.1 and 3.0

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1236
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1236
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	95%

## 6 Model quality [i](#)

### 6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PNS, MAH

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.59±0.01	0±0/632 ( 0.0± 0.0%)	0.99±0.02	0±0/861 ( 0.0± 0.0%)
All	All	0.59	0/12640 ( 0.0%)	0.99	4/17220 ( 0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	0.4±0.6
All	All	0	8

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	2015	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-6.94	116.83	121.00	19	4

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	2015	TYR	Sidechain	3
1	A	2024	TYR	Sidechain	3
1	A	1970	TYR	Sidechain	2

## 6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	623	624	624	2±1
2	A	21	20	20	0±0
All	All	13080	13060	13045	44

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:1954:LEU:HD11	1:A:2023:GLY:HA2	0.59	1.75	8	3
2:A:2100:PNS:H32	2:A:2100:PNS:H41	0.56	1.60	17	1
1:A:2003:TYR:CD1	1:A:2029:LEU:HD11	0.56	2.36	11	15
1:A:1977:ALA:HB3	1:A:1980:GLN:CB	0.54	2.33	13	6
1:A:1999:ILE:HD13	1:A:2021:LEU:CD2	0.52	2.34	15	1
1:A:1977:ALA:HB3	1:A:1980:GLN:HB3	0.51	1.82	4	3
1:A:1980:GLN:HE21	1:A:1985:LEU:CD2	0.47	2.23	10	1
1:A:1977:ALA:HB3	1:A:1980:GLN:HB2	0.45	1.88	13	2
1:A:1965:LEU:HD23	1:A:1995:TRP:CZ3	0.44	2.47	7	1
1:A:1993:VAL:O	1:A:1996:THR:HG22	0.43	2.13	5	6
1:A:1993:VAL:HG11	2:A:2100:PNS:H312	0.43	1.90	20	1
1:A:1965:LEU:HD23	1:A:1995:TRP:CE3	0.43	2.49	7	1
1:A:1954:LEU:HD11	1:A:2023:GLY:CA	0.42	2.44	8	1
1:A:1962:LYS:HE2	1:A:1973:GLU:HB3	0.41	1.92	4	1
1:A:1980:GLN:HE21	1:A:1985:LEU:HD22	0.41	1.75	3	1

## 6.3 Torsion angles

### 6.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	78/99 (79%)	77±1 (99±1%)	1±1 (1±1%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	1560/1980 (79%)	1537 (99%)	23 (1%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	70/88 (80%)	62±1 (89±2%)	8±1 (11±2%)	7	51
All	All	1400/1760 (80%)	1241 (89%)	159 (11%)	7	51

All 24 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	1954	LEU	20
1	A	1976	ILE	17
1	A	1958	LYS	16
1	A	1996	THR	15
1	A	1975	GLU	14
1	A	2014	ASP	14
1	A	2008	LYS	13
1	A	1959	GLN	12
1	A	1989	SER	6
1	A	1978	GLU	5
1	A	1955	SER	5
1	A	1963	GLN	4
1	A	1962	LYS	3
1	A	1964	GLN	3
1	A	1984	ASP	2
1	A	1979	ASP	2
1	A	1998	THR	1
1	A	1987	LEU	1
1	A	1981	LYS	1
1	A	1957	ILE	1
1	A	2001	GLN	1

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	2004	ASN	1
1	A	2010	THR	1
1	A	1953	ASN	1

### 6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	PNS	A	2100	1,3	14,20,21	0.67±0.08	0±0 (1±2%)
3	MAH	A	2200	2	8,9,10	1.68±0.04	1±0 (13±3%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	Bond angles	
						RMSZ	#Z>2
2	PNS	A	2100	1,3	18,26,29	1.51±0.31	3±2 (17±11%)
3	MAH	A	2200	2	7,12,14	2.00±0.24	2±1 (26±9%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	PNS	A	2100	1,3	-	0±0,24,26,27	-
3	MAH	A	2200	2	-	0±0,9,9,10	-

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
3	A	2200	MAH	O1-C1	3.73	1.23	1.42	5	20
2	A	2100	PNS	C28-C29	2.24	1.56	1.52	4	3
3	A	2200	MAH	C6-C3	2.09	1.54	1.52	7	1
3	A	2200	MAH	O7-C3	2.03	1.41	1.44	13	1

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	2100	PNS	C37-N36-C34	5.21	131.90	122.55	17	12
3	A	2200	MAH	O1-C1-C2	5.01	125.39	111.33	12	20
3	A	2200	MAH	C6-C3-C4	4.76	105.48	111.30	17	6
2	A	2100	PNS	C30-C29-C32	3.80	115.25	108.77	20	3
2	A	2100	PNS	C30-C29-C28	3.77	114.44	108.22	11	9
2	A	2100	PNS	C31-C29-C28	3.58	102.31	108.22	11	5
2	A	2100	PNS	C31-C29-C30	3.31	102.60	109.20	17	13
2	A	2100	PNS	C38-C37-N36	2.98	105.65	112.00	20	2
2	A	2100	PNS	C37-C38-C39	2.81	117.07	112.39	15	2
2	A	2100	PNS	C42-N41-C39	2.78	127.99	122.82	17	3
2	A	2100	PNS	O33-C32-C29	2.60	116.20	110.18	12	4
3	A	2200	MAH	O4-C5-O3	2.50	116.90	123.33	3	2
2	A	2100	PNS	C43-C42-N41	2.45	106.75	112.31	2	3
2	A	2100	PNS	O40-C39-C38	2.43	117.62	122.02	15	1
3	A	2200	MAH	O4-C5-C4	2.32	121.70	114.35	20	9

*Continued on next page...*



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	2100	PNS	C31-C29-C32	2.25	112.60	108.77	17	5
2	A	2100	PNS	O35-C34-N36	2.25	118.23	122.98	14	1
2	A	2100	PNS	C32-C34-N36	2.18	112.35	116.48	20	1

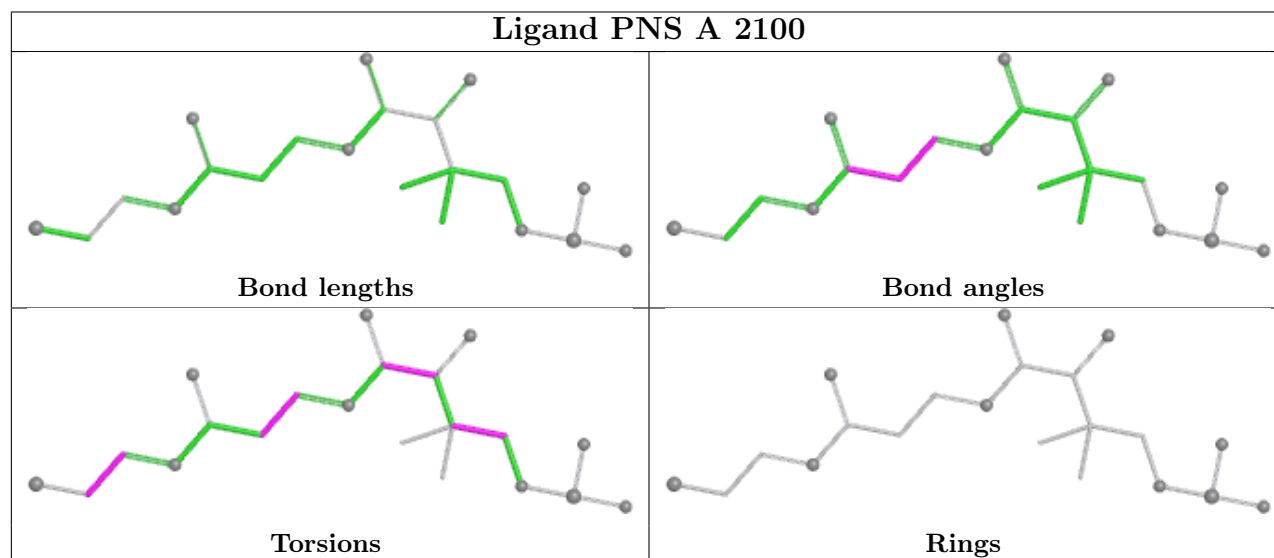
There are no chirality outliers.

All unique torsion outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Models (Total)
2	A	2100	PNS	C32-C34-N36-C37	10

There are no ring outliers.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



## 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 95% for the well-defined parts and 91% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1*

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1236
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1236
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	2

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	98	$-0.31 \pm 0.24$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	90	$0.23 \pm 0.07$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	92	$-0.55 \pm 0.26$	Should be applied
$^{15}\text{N}$	94	$-0.11 \pm 0.26$	None needed ( $< 0.5$ ppm)

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 95%, i.e. 1020 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1077. 0 out of 17 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^1\text{H}$	$^{13}\text{C}$	$^{15}\text{N}$
Backbone	390/391 (100%)	158/158 (100%)	155/156 (99%)	77/77 (100%)
Sidechain	573/619 (93%)	394/404 (98%)	169/200 (84%)	10/15 (67%)

*Continued on next page...*

Continued from previous page...

	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Aromatic	57/67 (85%)	30/31 (97%)	27/35 (77%)	0/1 (0%)
Overall	1020/1077 (95%)	582/593 (98%)	351/391 (90%)	87/93 (94%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 91%, i.e. 1214 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1338. 0 out of 21 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Backbone	480/495 (97%)	196/201 (98%)	190/198 (96%)	94/96 (98%)
Sidechain	677/769 (88%)	462/502 (92%)	201/245 (82%)	14/22 (64%)
Aromatic	57/74 (77%)	30/35 (86%)	27/37 (73%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	1214/1338 (91%)	688/738 (93%)	418/480 (87%)	108/120 (90%)

#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	2029	LEU	CD1	12.68	16.71 – 32.55	-7.5
1	A	1986	GLY	HA3	1.45	2.08 – 5.71	-6.7

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

