



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Dec 25, 2024 – 04:12 AM EST

PDB ID : 5LXJ
BMRB ID : 34045
Title : Solution NMR structure of the X domain of Peste des Petits Ruminants phosphoprotein
Authors : Pereira, N.; Piuizzi, M.; Bontems, F.; Eleouet, J.-F.; Sizun, C.
Deposited on : 2016-09-21

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.40

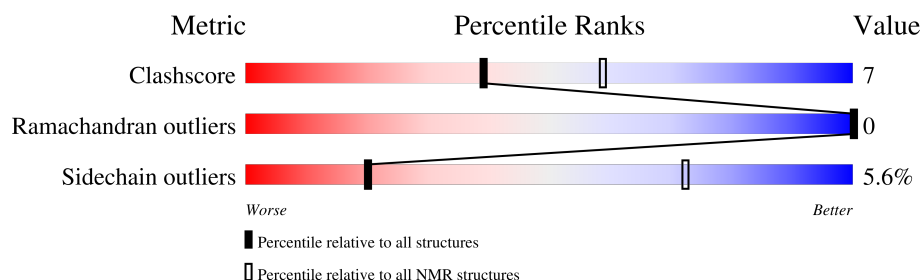
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 94%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	14027
Ramachandran outliers	207382	12486
Sidechain outliers	206894	12463

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	53	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 2 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:460-A:506 (47)	0.37	2

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 19
2	15, 16, 17, 18, 20

3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 865 atoms, of which 448 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Phosphoprotein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms							Trace
1	A	53	Total	C	H	N	O	S		0
			865	264	448	74	78	1		

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

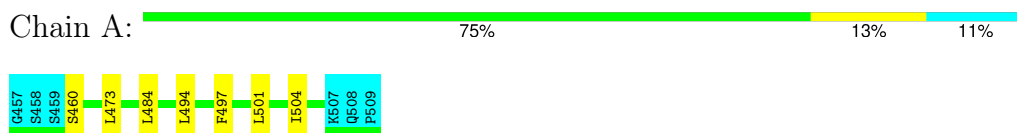
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	457	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q91QS4
A	458	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q91QS4

4 Residue-property plots [i](#)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein

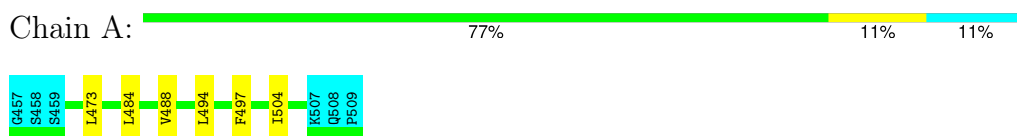


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section [4.1](#) above.

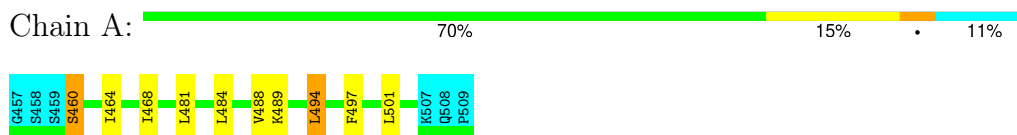
4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



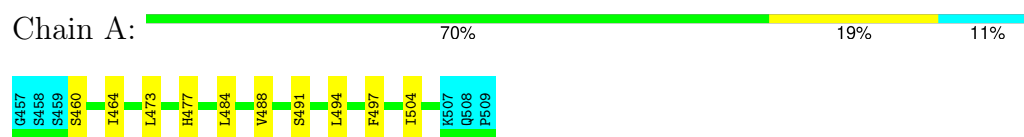
4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



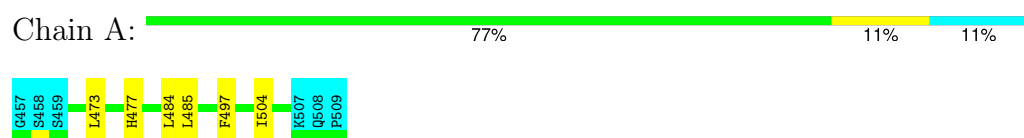
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



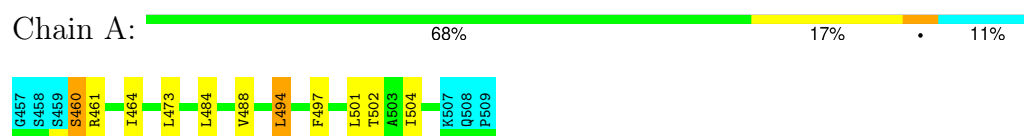
4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



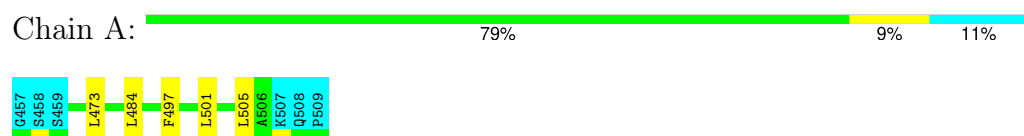
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



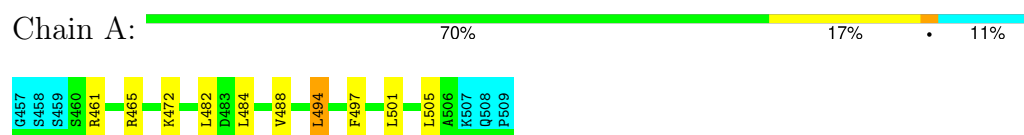
4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



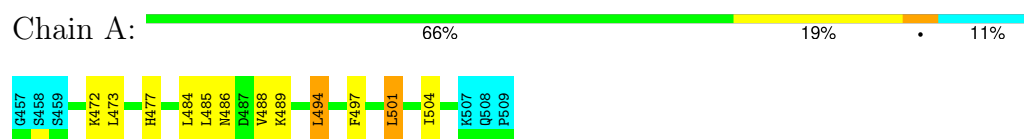
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



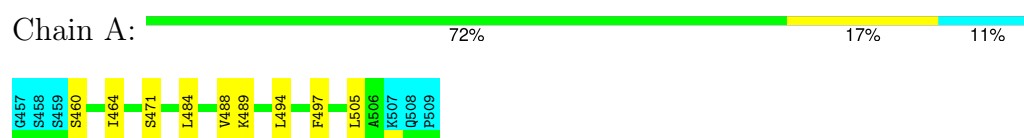
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



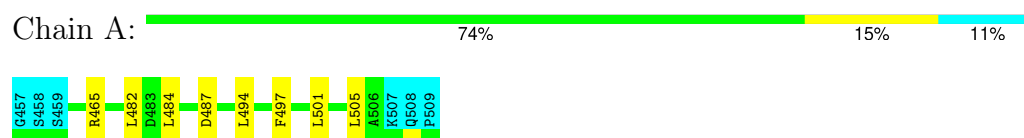
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



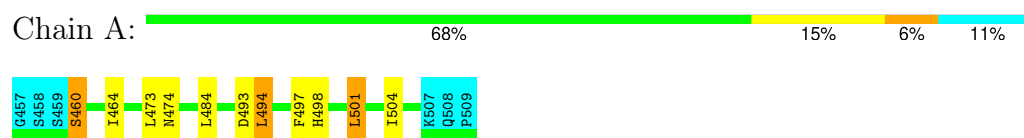
4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



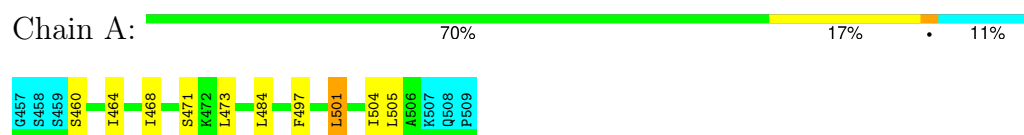
4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



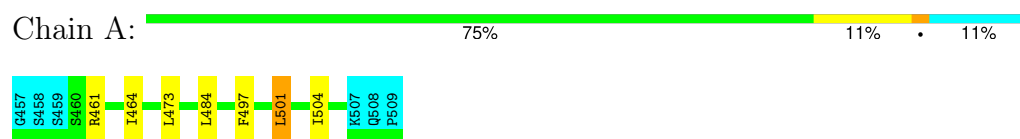
4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



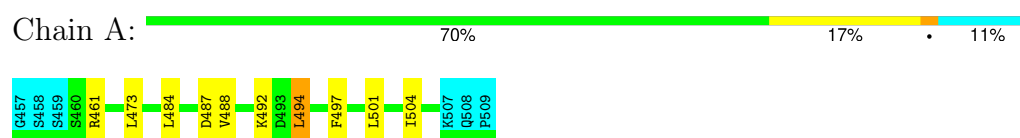
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



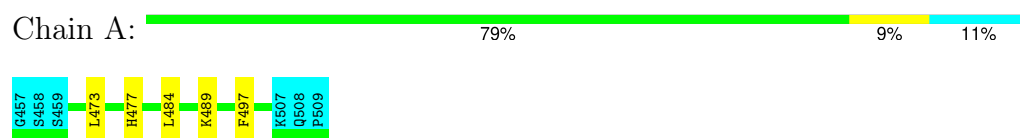
4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



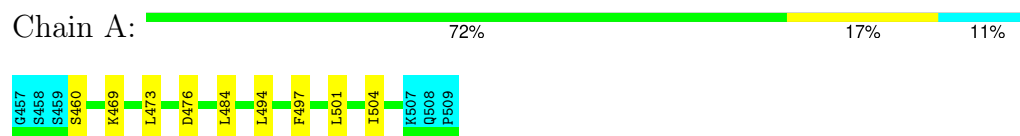
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



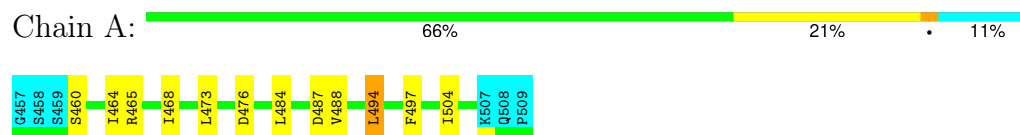
4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



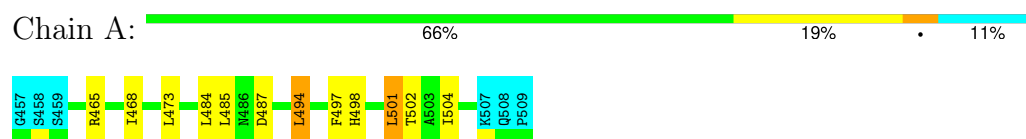
4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



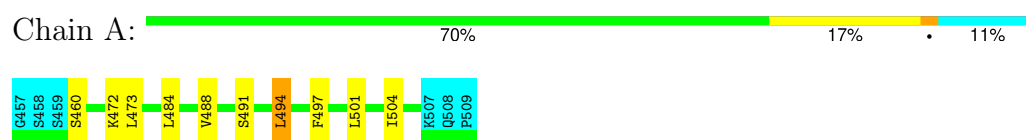
4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



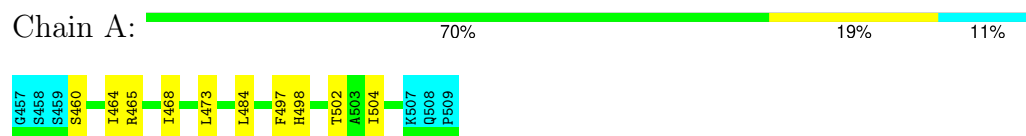
4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Phosphoprotein



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics*.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure calculation	3.97

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	2
Total number of shifts	1239
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1239
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	94%

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	376	407	407	5±2
All	All	7520	8140	8140	109

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:473:LEU:HD21	1:A:504:ILE:HG21	0.81	1.52	8	2
1:A:484:LEU:HD11	1:A:497:PHE:CE2	0.69	2.23	12	20
1:A:497:PHE:CE1	1:A:501:LEU:HD12	0.65	2.26	7	7
1:A:485:LEU:HD12	1:A:497:PHE:CE1	0.65	2.27	4	1
1:A:488:VAL:HG11	1:A:494:LEU:HD23	0.64	1.69	5	3
1:A:473:LEU:HD11	1:A:504:ILE:HG21	0.63	1.70	16	3
1:A:460:SER:O	1:A:464:ILE:HD12	0.58	1.98	12	8
1:A:488:VAL:HG11	1:A:494:LEU:CD2	0.57	2.29	5	6
1:A:498:HIS:O	1:A:502:THR:HG22	0.57	1.99	20	2
1:A:484:LEU:HD11	1:A:497:PHE:CD2	0.56	2.35	15	9
1:A:501:LEU:CD2	1:A:505:LEU:HD23	0.54	2.33	7	1
1:A:465:ARG:HA	1:A:468:ILE:HD12	0.53	1.80	18	3
1:A:473:LEU:HD11	1:A:504:ILE:CG2	0.52	2.34	16	6
1:A:477:HIS:CE1	1:A:504:ILE:HD13	0.52	2.40	3	1

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:488:VAL:HG21	1:A:494:LEU:HG	0.51	1.82	1	3
1:A:473:LEU:HD13	1:A:504:ILE:HG21	0.50	1.83	5	3
1:A:473:LEU:HD23	1:A:477:HIS:CG	0.50	2.42	15	2
1:A:464:ILE:HG23	1:A:501:LEU:CD1	0.49	2.37	11	3
1:A:471:SER:HB2	1:A:505:LEU:HD11	0.48	1.85	12	1
1:A:488:VAL:HG21	1:A:494:LEU:CD2	0.48	2.38	2	2
1:A:473:LEU:HD11	1:A:504:ILE:HG22	0.47	1.86	12	2
1:A:494:LEU:O	1:A:494:LEU:HD13	0.46	2.10	5	4
1:A:468:ILE:HD11	1:A:501:LEU:HD11	0.45	1.89	12	1
1:A:501:LEU:HA	1:A:504:ILE:HD12	0.45	1.88	11	2
1:A:473:LEU:HD21	1:A:505:LEU:HD23	0.45	1.89	6	1
1:A:488:VAL:HG21	1:A:494:LEU:HD22	0.45	1.89	7	2
1:A:484:LEU:HD12	1:A:485:LEU:N	0.45	2.27	8	1
1:A:473:LEU:HD21	1:A:504:ILE:HD13	0.44	1.90	1	1
1:A:473:LEU:HD21	1:A:504:ILE:CG2	0.43	2.43	20	1
1:A:471:SER:OG	1:A:505:LEU:HD11	0.43	2.14	9	1
1:A:494:LEU:HD23	1:A:498:HIS:CE1	0.43	2.49	11	1
1:A:468:ILE:HD13	1:A:481:LEU:HB3	0.43	1.89	2	1
1:A:468:ILE:CD1	1:A:485:LEU:HD22	0.42	2.44	18	1
1:A:465:ARG:HB2	1:A:482:LEU:HD22	0.41	1.92	10	2
1:A:473:LEU:HD23	1:A:477:HIS:ND1	0.41	2.30	4	1
1:A:473:LEU:HD23	1:A:477:HIS:CD2	0.40	2.51	8	1

6.3 Torsion angles

6.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	47/53 (89%)	45±1 (95±2%)	2±1 (5±2%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	940/1060 (89%)	895 (95%)	45 (5%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	44/49 (90%)	42±2 (94±4%)	2±2 (6±4%)	20 72
All	All	880/980 (90%)	831 (94%)	49 (6%)	20 72

All 16 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	494	LEU	11
1	A	501	LEU	7
1	A	460	SER	5
1	A	489	LYS	4
1	A	461	ARG	4
1	A	487	ASP	4
1	A	472	LYS	3
1	A	491	SER	2
1	A	476	ASP	2
1	A	502	THR	1
1	A	486	ASN	1
1	A	473	LEU	1
1	A	474	ASN	1
1	A	493	ASP	1
1	A	492	LYS	1
1	A	469	LYS	1

6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 94% for the well-defined parts and 93% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chemical_shifts_1*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	539
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	539
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	53	-0.32 ± 0.19	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	51	0.39 ± 0.07	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	0	—	None (insufficient data)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 72%, i.e. 493 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 680. 0 out of 10 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	95/236 (40%)	48/95 (51%)	47/94 (50%)	0/47 (0%)
Sidechain	372/411 (91%)	254/268 (95%)	118/128 (92%)	0/15 (0%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	26/33 (79%)	13/17 (76%)	13/14 (93%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	493/680 (72%)	315/380 (83%)	178/236 (75%)	0/64 (0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 72%, i.e. 539 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 747. 0 out of 10 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	108/265 (41%)	55/107 (51%)	53/106 (50%)	0/52 (0%)
Sidechain	405/449 (90%)	276/292 (95%)	129/140 (92%)	0/17 (0%)
Aromatic	26/33 (79%)	13/17 (76%)	13/14 (93%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	539/747 (72%)	344/416 (83%)	195/260 (75%)	0/71 (0%)

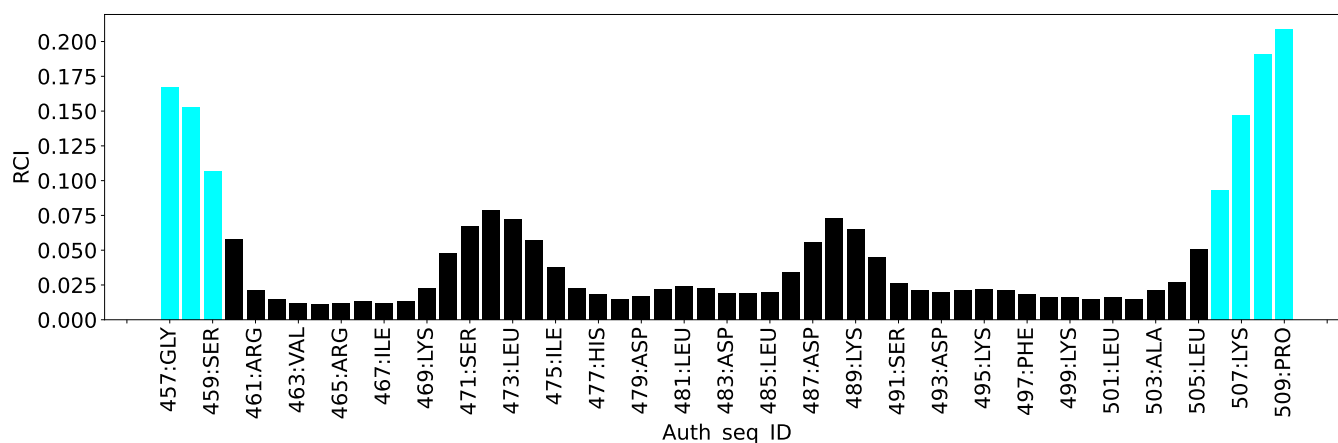
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



7.2 Chemical shift list 2

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *assigned_chem_shift_list_1_2*

7.2.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	700
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	700
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.2.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	53	-0.47 ± 0.08	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	51	0.28 ± 0.11	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	50	-0.41 ± 0.11	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	50	-0.46 ± 0.25	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.2.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 94%, i.e. 640 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 680. 0 out of 10 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	236/236 (100%)	95/95 (100%)	94/94 (100%)	47/47 (100%)
Sidechain	378/411 (92%)	258/268 (96%)	118/128 (92%)	2/15 (13%)
Aromatic	26/33 (79%)	13/17 (76%)	13/14 (93%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	640/680 (94%)	366/380 (96%)	225/236 (95%)	49/64 (77%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 93%, i.e. 698 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 747. 0 out of 10 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	258/265 (97%)	105/107 (98%)	103/106 (97%)	50/52 (96%)
Sidechain	414/449 (92%)	282/292 (97%)	129/140 (92%)	3/17 (18%)
Aromatic	26/33 (79%)	13/17 (76%)	13/14 (93%)	0/2 (0%)
Overall	698/747 (93%)	400/416 (96%)	245/260 (94%)	53/71 (75%)

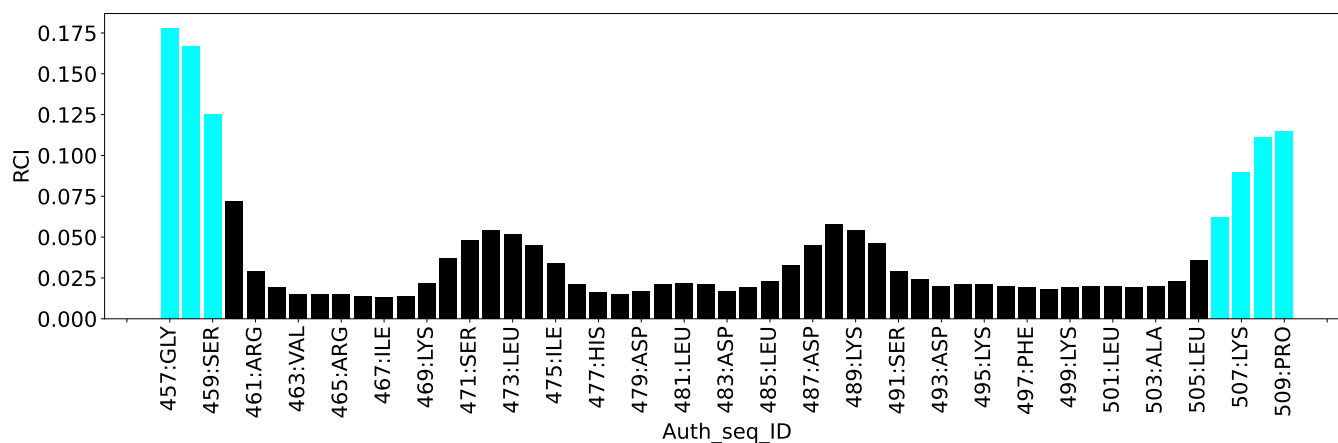
7.2.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

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7.2.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



8 NMR restraints analysis

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	895
Intra-residue ($ i-j =0$)	271
Sequential ($ i-j =1$)	211
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	249
Long range ($ i-j \geq 5$)	164
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	90
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	18.6
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	3.1

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	0.3	0.15
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	None	None
>0.5 (Large)	None	None

8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model [i](#)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Bins (°)	Average number of violations per model	Max (°)
1.0-10.0 (Small)	1.2	1.51
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	None	None
>20.0 (Large)	None	None

9 Distance violation analysis

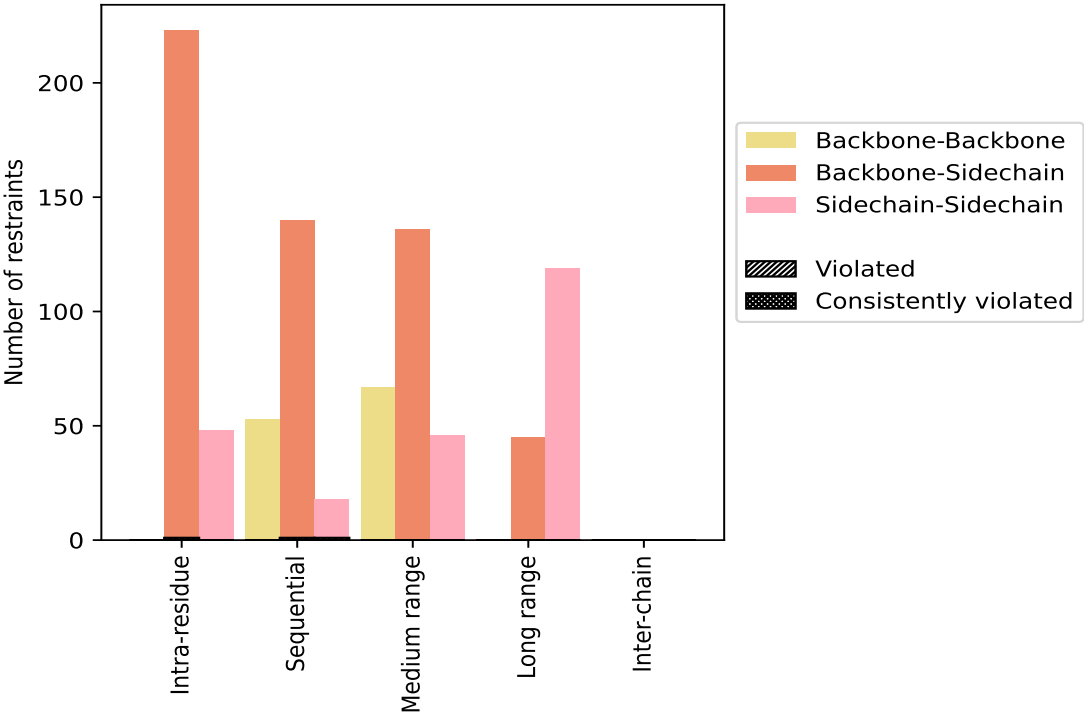
9.1 Summary of distance violations

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restrains type	Count	% ¹	Violated ³			Consistently Violated ⁴		
			Count	% ²	% ¹	Count	% ²	% ¹
Intra-residue ($i-j =0$)	271	30.3	1	0.4	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	223	24.9	1	0.4	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	48	5.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential ($i-j =1$)	211	23.6	2	0.9	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	53	5.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	140	15.6	1	0.7	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	18	2.0	1	5.6	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range ($i-j >1$ & $i-j <5$)	249	27.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	67	7.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	136	15.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	46	5.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range ($i-j \geq 5$)	164	18.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	45	5.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	119	13.3	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	895	100.0	3	0.3	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	120	13.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	544	60.8	2	0.4	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	231	25.8	1	0.4	0.1	0	0.0	0.0

¹ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models

9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations [i](#)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model [i](#)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD ⁶ (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total				
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.13	0.13	0.0	0.13
10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

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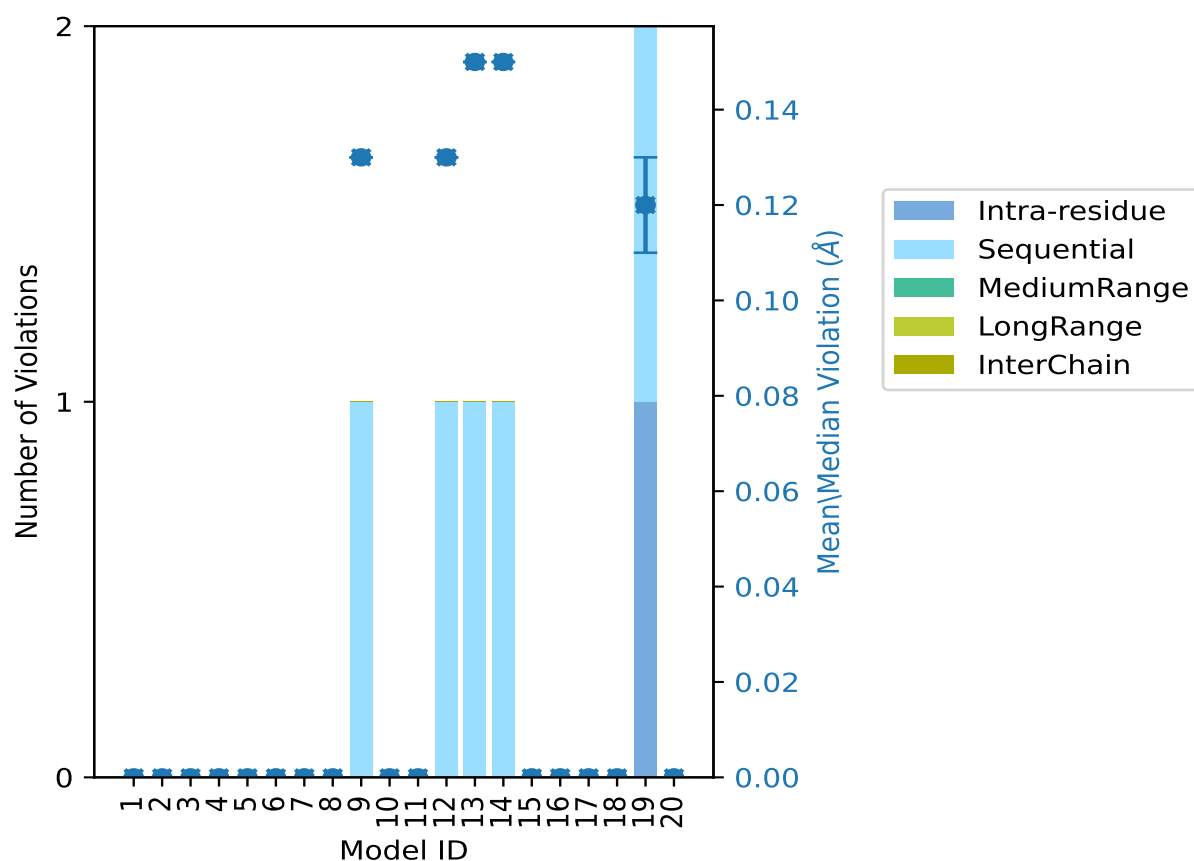
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Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD ⁶ (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total				
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
12	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.13	0.13	0.0	0.13
13	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.15	0.15	0.0	0.15
14	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.15	0.15	0.0	0.15
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
19	1	1	0	0	0	2	0.12	0.13	0.01	0.12
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints,

⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model ⓘ



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble

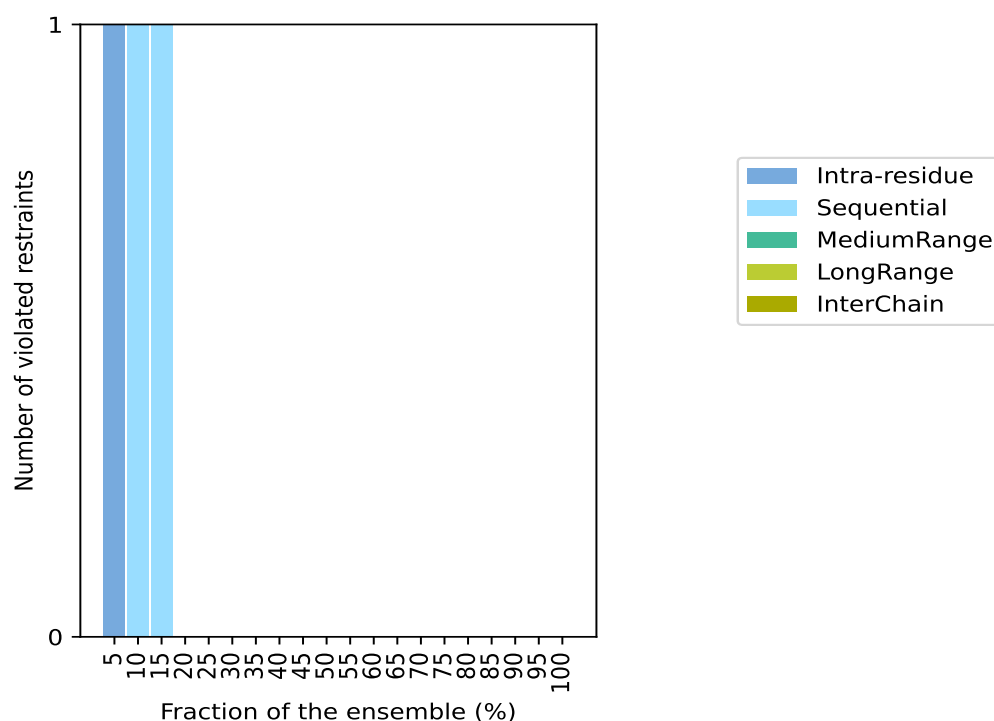
Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 892(IR:270, SQ:209, MR:249, LR:164, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR ¹	SQ ²	MR ³	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total	Count ⁶	%
1	0	0	0	0	1	1	5.0
0	1	0	0	0	1	2	10.0
0	1	0	0	0	1	3	15.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	20.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	5	25.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	6	30.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	20	100.0

¹Intra-residue restraints, ²Sequential restraints, ³Medium range restraints, ⁴Long range restraints,

⁵Inter-chain restraints, ⁶ Number of models with violations

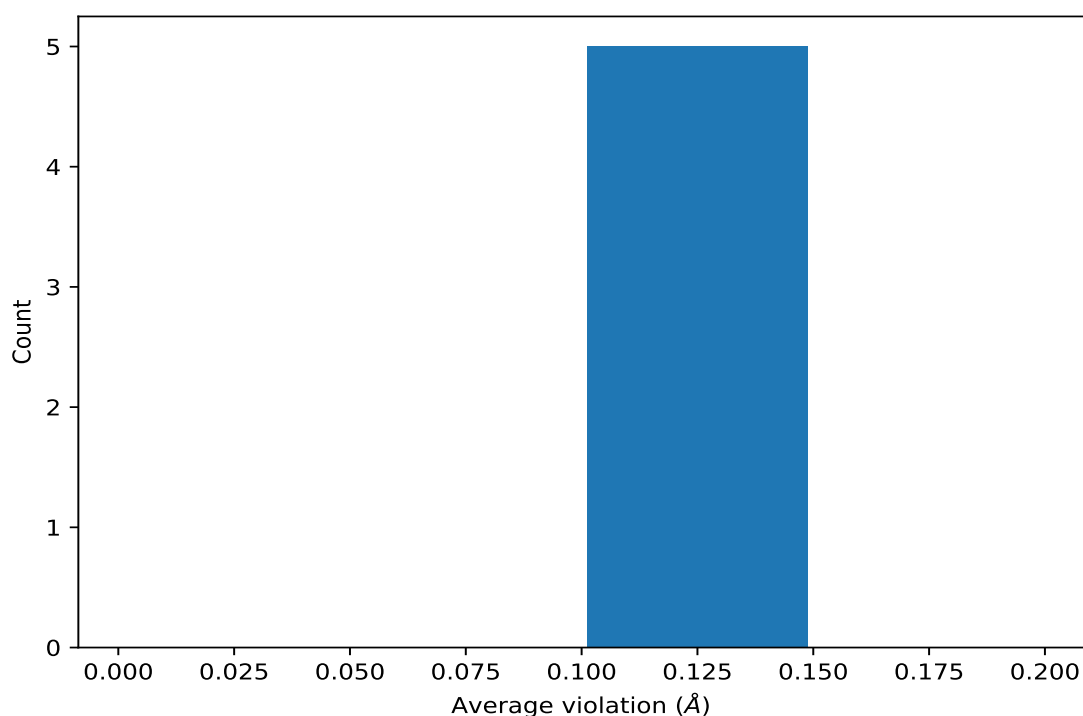
9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)



9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

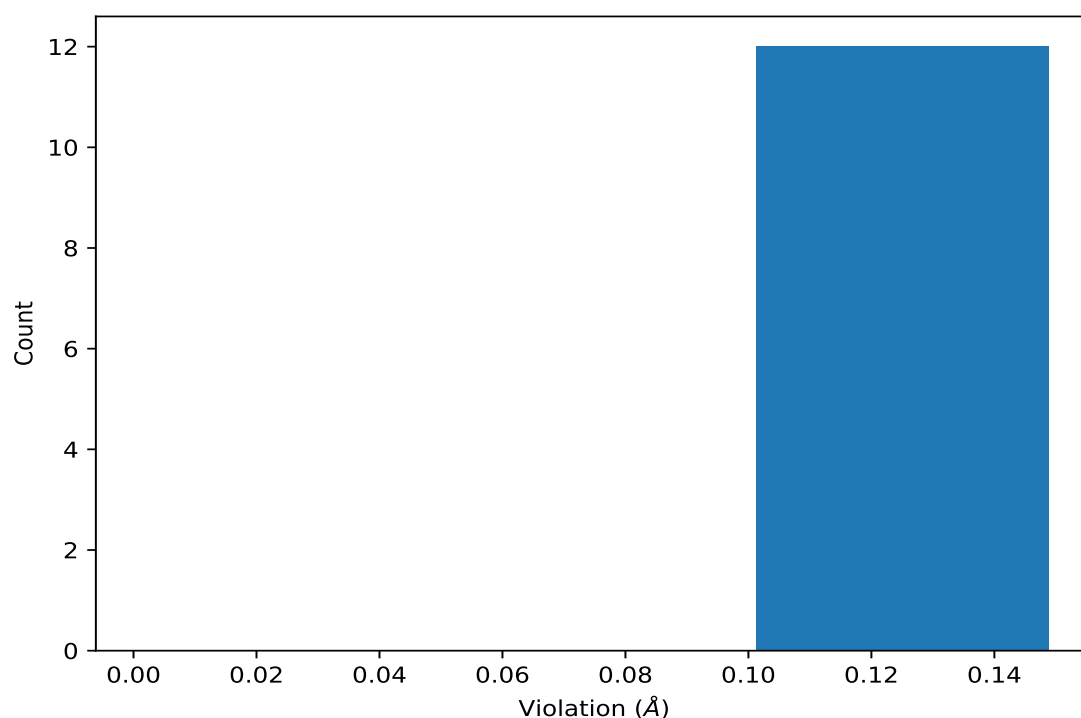
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models ¹	Mean (Å)	SD ¹ (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,101)	1:492:A:LYS:HB3	1:493:A:ASP:H	3	0.13	0.0	0.13
(1,894)	1:508:A:GLN:HB2	1:509:A:PRO:HD2	2	0.15	0.0	0.15
(1,894)	1:508:A:GLN:HB2	1:509:A:PRO:HD3	2	0.15	0.0	0.15
(1,894)	1:508:A:GLN:HB3	1:509:A:PRO:HD2	2	0.15	0.0	0.15
(1,894)	1:508:A:GLN:HB3	1:509:A:PRO:HD3	2	0.15	0.0	0.15

¹Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints [i](#)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations [i](#)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,894)	1:508:A:GLN:HB2	1:509:A:PRO:HD2	13	0.15
(1,894)	1:508:A:GLN:HB2	1:509:A:PRO:HD3	13	0.15
(1,894)	1:508:A:GLN:HB3	1:509:A:PRO:HD2	13	0.15
(1,894)	1:508:A:GLN:HB3	1:509:A:PRO:HD3	13	0.15
(1,894)	1:508:A:GLN:HB2	1:509:A:PRO:HD2	14	0.15
(1,894)	1:508:A:GLN:HB2	1:509:A:PRO:HD3	14	0.15
(1,894)	1:508:A:GLN:HB3	1:509:A:PRO:HD2	14	0.15
(1,894)	1:508:A:GLN:HB3	1:509:A:PRO:HD3	14	0.15
(1,101)	1:492:A:LYS:HB3	1:493:A:ASP:H	9	0.13
(1,101)	1:492:A:LYS:HB3	1:493:A:ASP:H	12	0.13
(1,101)	1:492:A:LYS:HB3	1:493:A:ASP:H	19	0.13
(1,424)	1:475:A:ILE:H	1:475:A:ILE:HG12	19	0.12

10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis [i](#)

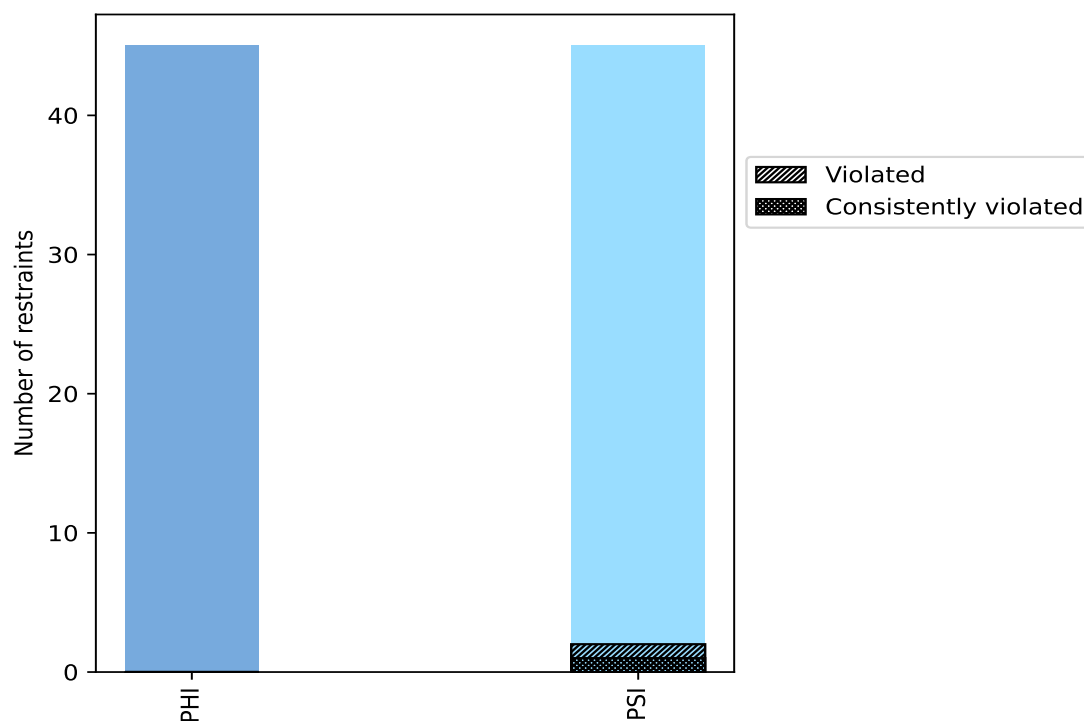
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations [i](#)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Angle type	Count	% ¹	Violated ³			Consistently Violated ⁴		
			Count	% ²	% ¹	Count	% ²	% ¹
PHI	45	50.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PSI	45	50.0	2	4.4	2.2	1	2.2	1.1
Total	90	100.0	2	2.2	2.2	1	1.1	1.1

¹ percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations [i](#)



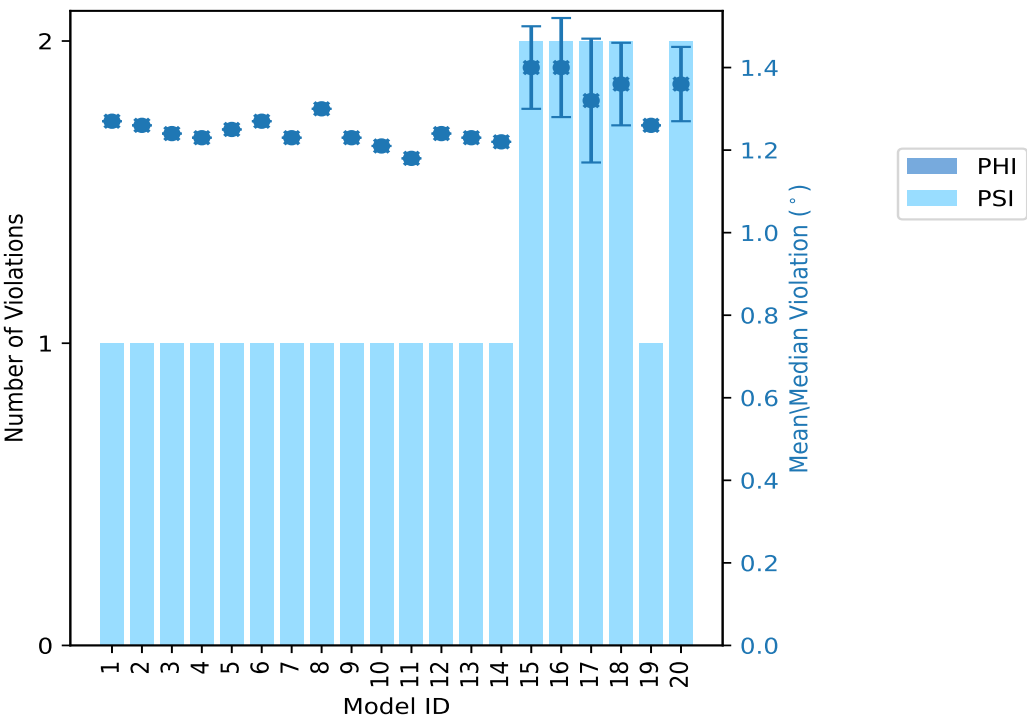
Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories

10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 1° are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations			Mean (°)	Max (°)	SD (°)	Median (°)
	PHI	PSI	Total				
1	0	1	1	1.27	1.27	0.0	1.27
2	0	1	1	1.26	1.26	0.0	1.26
3	0	1	1	1.24	1.24	0.0	1.24
4	0	1	1	1.23	1.23	0.0	1.23
5	0	1	1	1.25	1.25	0.0	1.25
6	0	1	1	1.27	1.27	0.0	1.27
7	0	1	1	1.23	1.23	0.0	1.23
8	0	1	1	1.3	1.3	0.0	1.3
9	0	1	1	1.23	1.23	0.0	1.23
10	0	1	1	1.21	1.21	0.0	1.21
11	0	1	1	1.18	1.18	0.0	1.18
12	0	1	1	1.24	1.24	0.0	1.24
13	0	1	1	1.23	1.23	0.0	1.23
14	0	1	1	1.22	1.22	0.0	1.22
15	0	2	2	1.4	1.5	0.1	1.4
16	0	2	2	1.4	1.51	0.12	1.4
17	0	2	2	1.32	1.47	0.15	1.32
18	0	2	2	1.36	1.46	0.1	1.36
19	0	1	1	1.26	1.26	0.0	1.26
20	0	2	2	1.36	1.46	0.09	1.36

10.2.1 Bar graph : Dihedral violation statistics for each model ⓘ



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble ⓘ

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Number of violated restraints			Fraction of the ensemble	
PHI	PSI	Total	Count ¹	%
0	0	0	1	5.0
0	0	0	2	10.0
0	0	0	3	15.0
0	0	0	4	20.0
0	1	1	5	25.0
0	0	0	6	30.0
0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	11	55.0

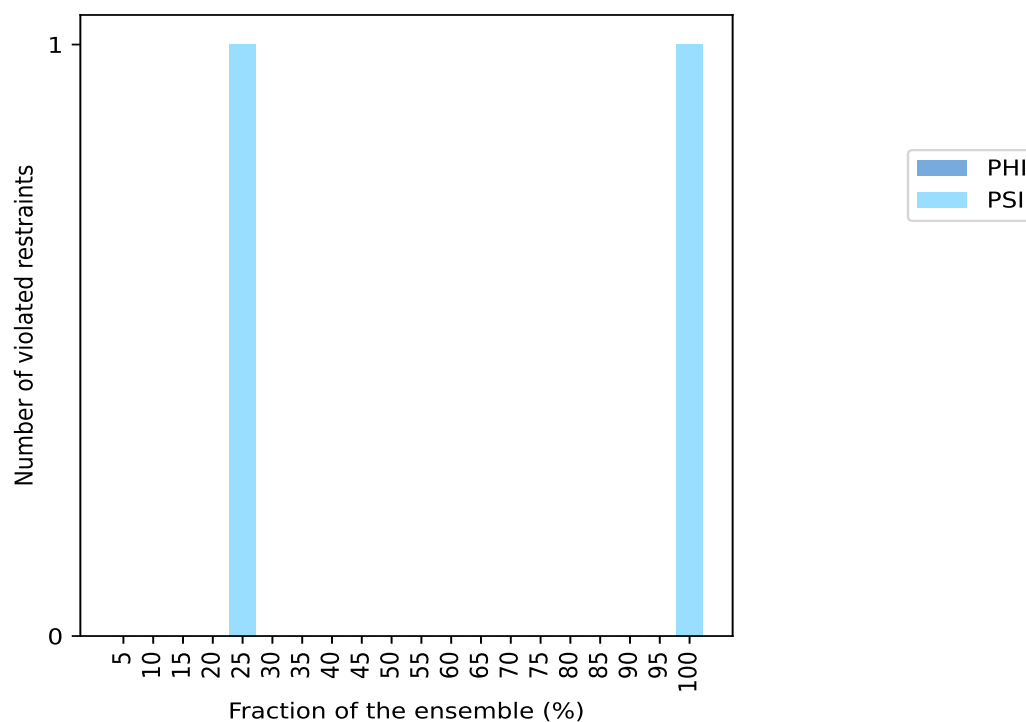
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Number of violated restraints			Fraction of the ensemble	
PHI	PSI	Total	Count ¹	%
0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	19	95.0
0	1	1	20	100.0

¹ Number of models with violations

10.3.1 Bar graph : Dihedral-angle Violation statistics for the ensemble ⓘ

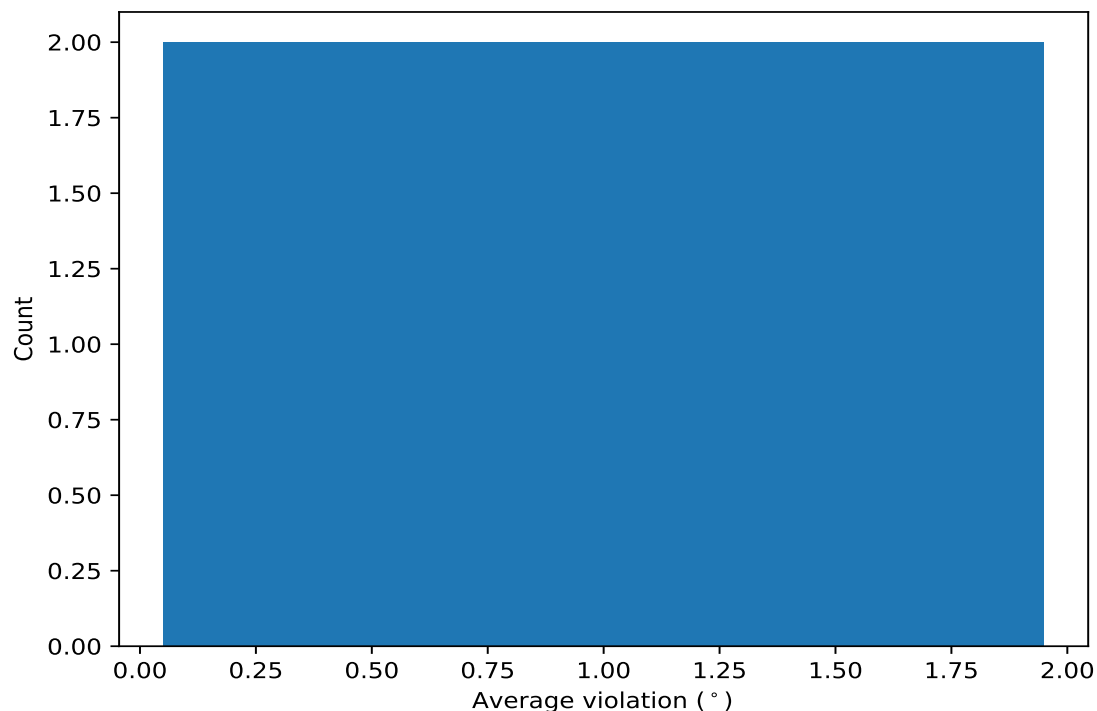


10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble ⓘ

10.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean dihedral-angle violations ⓘ

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models

in the ensemble



10.4.2 Table: Most violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

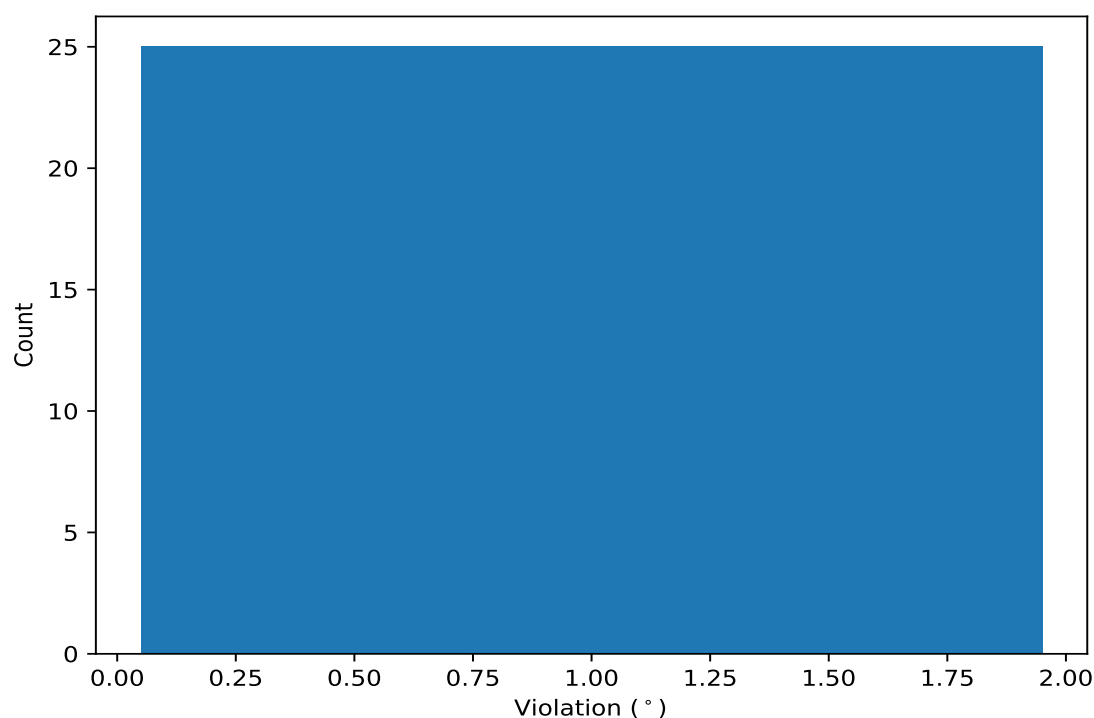
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Models ¹	Mean	SD ²	Median
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	20	1.24	0.03	1.25
(1,22)	1:470:A:SER:N	1:470:A:SER:CA	1:470:A:SER:C	1:471:A:SER:N	5	1.48	0.02	1.47

¹ Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation, All angle values are in degree (°)

10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

10.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



10.5.2 Table: All violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation (°)
(1,22)	1:470:A:SER:N	1:470:A:SER:CA	1:470:A:SER:C	1:471:A:SER:N	16	1.51
(1,22)	1:470:A:SER:N	1:470:A:SER:CA	1:470:A:SER:C	1:471:A:SER:N	15	1.5
(1,22)	1:470:A:SER:N	1:470:A:SER:CA	1:470:A:SER:C	1:471:A:SER:N	17	1.47
(1,22)	1:470:A:SER:N	1:470:A:SER:CA	1:470:A:SER:C	1:471:A:SER:N	18	1.46
(1,22)	1:470:A:SER:N	1:470:A:SER:CA	1:470:A:SER:C	1:471:A:SER:N	20	1.46
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	8	1.3
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	15	1.29
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	16	1.28
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	1	1.27
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	6	1.27
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	20	1.27
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	2	1.26
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	18	1.26
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	19	1.26
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	5	1.25
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	3	1.24
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	12	1.24
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	4	1.23
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	7	1.23
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	9	1.23
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	13	1.23

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation (°)
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	14	1.22
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	10	1.21
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	11	1.18
(1,50)	1:487:A:ASP:N	1:487:A:ASP:CA	1:487:A:ASP:C	1:488:A:VAL:N	17	1.17