



## wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 6, 2025 – 12:04 AM EDT

PDB ID : 7MO7 / pdb\_00007mo7  
EMDB ID : EMD-23919  
Title : Cryo-EM structure of 2:2 c-MET/HGF holo-complex  
Authors : Uchikawa, E.; Chen, Z.M.; Xiao, G.Y.; Zhang, X.W.; Bai, X.C.  
Deposited on : 2021-05-01  
Resolution : 4.80 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev118  
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)  
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
MapQ : 1.9.13  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.43.1

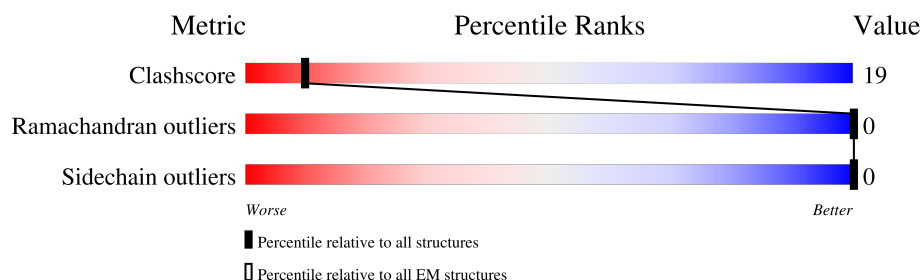
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 4.80 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	728	
1	D	728	
2	B	1390	
2	E	1390	
3	F	6	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 18135 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

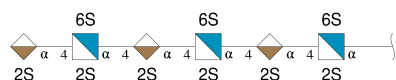
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Hepatocyte growth factor.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	D	305	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2287	1443	404	418	22		
1	A	637	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			4937	3102	878	907	50		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Hepatocyte growth factor receptor.

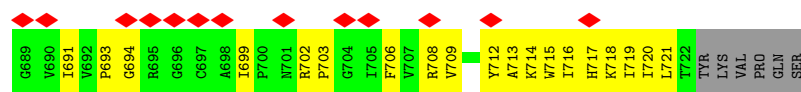
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	E	688	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5324	3373	905	1006	40		
2	B	699	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			5490	3477	938	1034	41		

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-idopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-2-deoxy-6-O-sulfo-2-(sulfoamino)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-idopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-2-deoxy-6-O-sulfo-2-(sulfoamino)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-idopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-2-deoxy-6-O-sulfo-2-(sulfoamino)-alpha-D-glucopyranose.

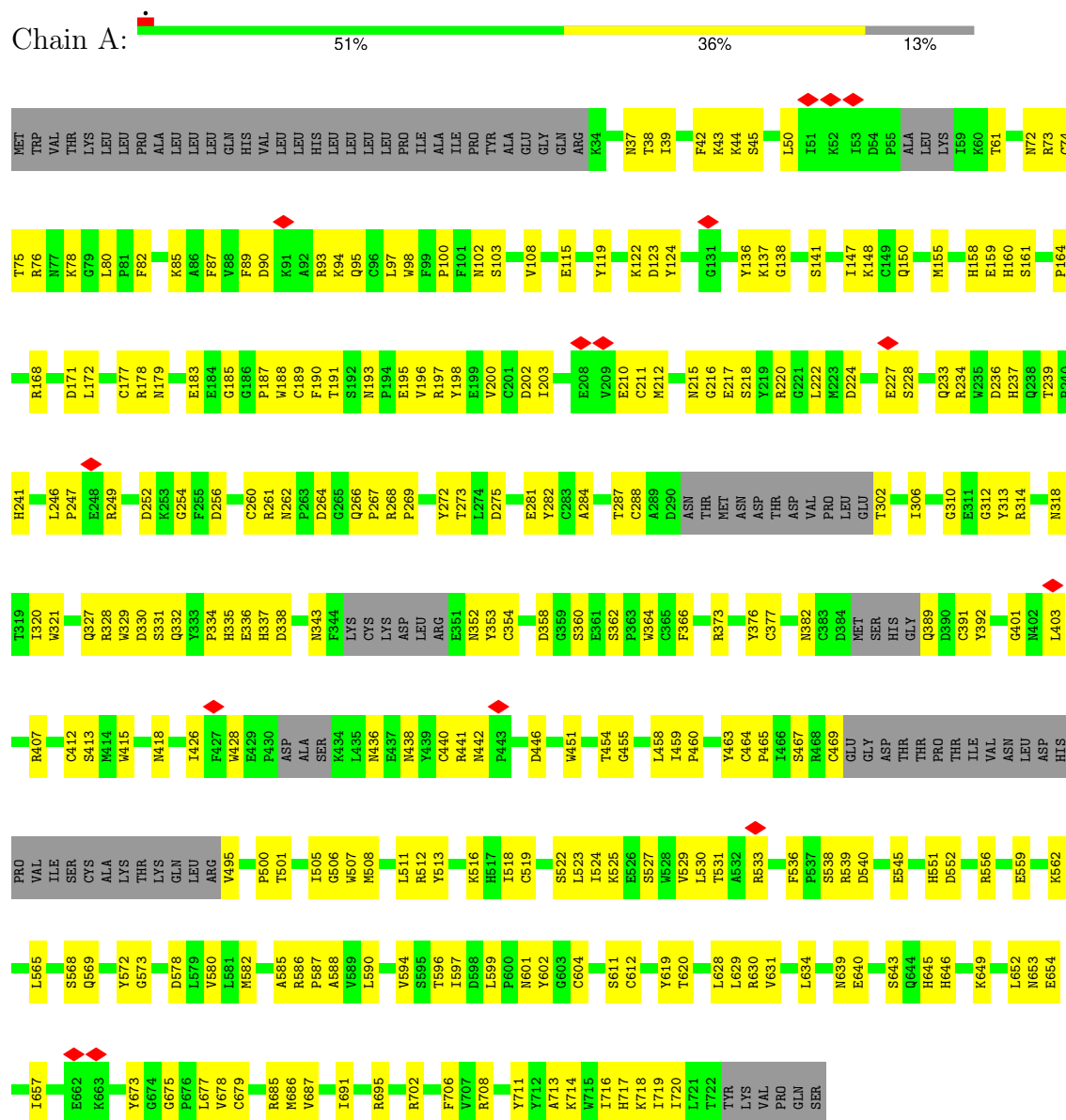


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	F	6	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			97	35	3	51	8		

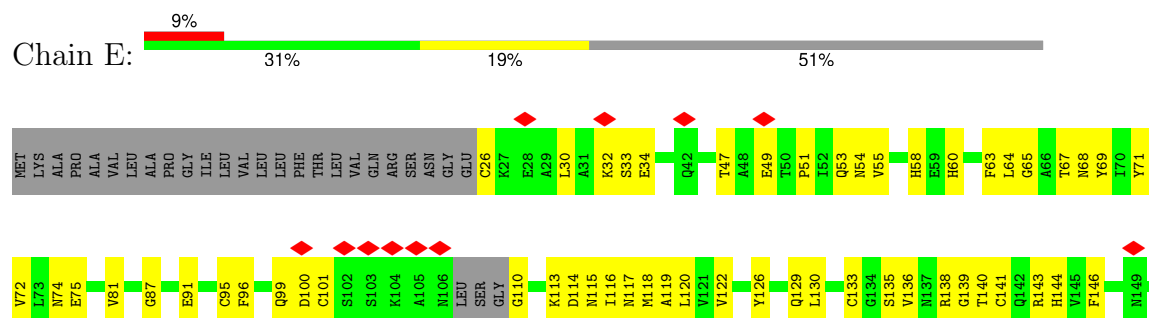




• Molecule 1: Hepatocyte growth factor



• Molecule 2: Hepatocyte growth factor receptor







[illegible]

- Molecule 3: 2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-idopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-2-deoxy-6-O-sulfo-2-(sulfoamino)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-idopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-2-deoxy-6-O-sulfo-2-(sulfoamino)-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-O-sulfo-alpha-L-idopyranuronic acid-(1-4)-2-deoxy-6-O-sulfo-2-(sulfoamino)-alpha-D-glucopyranose

Chain F:



SGN1	IDS2	SGN3	IDS4	SGN5	IDS6
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## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	25787	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	60	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.037	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.017	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.002	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.012	Depositor
Map size (Å)	291.6, 291.6, 291.6	wwPDB
Map dimensions	270, 270, 270	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.08, 1.08, 1.08	Depositor

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SGN, IDS

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 5$
1	A	0.14	0/5074	0.39	0/6895
1	D	0.14	0/2344	0.41	0/3196
2	B	0.14	0/5615	0.38	0/7616
2	E	0.15	0/5444	0.42	0/7397
All	All	0.14	0/18477	0.40	0/25104

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4937	0	4566	201	0
1	D	2287	0	2128	110	0
2	B	5490	0	5344	198	0
2	E	5324	0	5126	192	0
3	F	97	0	34	2	0
All	All	18135	0	17198	680	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 19.

The worst 5 of 680 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:694:GLY:HA3	2:E:191:ARG:NH2	1.55	1.20
1:A:76:ARG:HD2	3:F:3:SGN:H5	1.52	0.92
1:D:415:TRP:HB2	1:D:438:ASN:H	1.42	0.84
1:D:694:GLY:HA3	2:E:191:ARG:HH21	1.40	0.83
2:E:26:CYS:N	2:E:584:CYS:SG	2.53	0.82

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	623/728 (86%)	589 (94%)	34 (6%)	0	100	100
1	D	299/728 (41%)	288 (96%)	11 (4%)	0	100	100
2	B	691/1390 (50%)	652 (94%)	39 (6%)	0	100	100
2	E	678/1390 (49%)	643 (95%)	35 (5%)	0	100	100
All	All	2291/4236 (54%)	2172 (95%)	119 (5%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	523/646 (81%)	523 (100%)	0	100	100
1	D	235/646 (36%)	235 (100%)	0	100	100
2	B	624/1246 (50%)	624 (100%)	0	100	100
2	E	598/1246 (48%)	598 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	1980/3784 (52%)	1980 (100%)	0	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 27 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	418	ASN
2	B	129	GLN
2	B	516	ASN
2	B	106	ASN
2	B	202	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

6 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
3	SGN	F	1	3	15,18,20	1.25	1 (6%)	20,26,31	1.87	6 (30%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	IDS	F	2	3	16,16,17	1.35	3 (18%)	16,24,26	1.26	3 (18%)
3	SGN	F	3	3	19,19,20	3.37	2 (10%)	23,29,31	1.53	3 (13%)
3	IDS	F	4	3	16,16,17	1.13	0	16,24,26	1.12	1 (6%)
3	SGN	F	5	3	13,13,20	4.20	3 (23%)	12,19,31	1.71	2 (16%)
3	IDS	F	6	3	15,15,17	1.27	1 (6%)	14,22,26	1.14	1 (7%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	SGN	F	1	3	-	3/8/27/31	0/1/1/1
3	IDS	F	2	3	-	1/9/26/29	0/1/1/1
3	SGN	F	3	3	-	4/11/28/31	0/1/1/1
3	IDS	F	4	3	-	4/9/26/29	1/1/1/1
3	SGN	F	5	3	-	3/5/19/31	0/1/1/1
3	IDS	F	6	3	-	4/9/22/29	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 10 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	F	3	SGN	O1S-S1	10.01	1.53	1.42
3	F	3	SGN	O2S-S1	9.96	1.53	1.42
3	F	5	SGN	O1S-S1	9.91	1.53	1.42
3	F	5	SGN	O2S-S1	9.65	1.53	1.42
3	F	5	SGN	S1-N2	5.93	1.67	1.59

The worst 5 of 16 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	F	5	SGN	O1S-S1-O2S	-5.06	109.10	120.36
3	F	3	SGN	O1S-S1-O2S	-4.56	110.22	120.36
3	F	1	SGN	C2-N2-S1	-4.06	106.49	116.99
3	F	1	SGN	C1-O5-C5	4.02	117.57	112.19
3	F	3	SGN	C1-O5-C5	-3.87	107.00	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 19 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	F	2	IDS	C1-C2-O2-S
3	F	3	SGN	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	F	5	SGN	C2-N2-S1-O1S
3	F	5	SGN	C2-N2-S1-O2S
3	F	5	SGN	C2-N2-S1-O3S

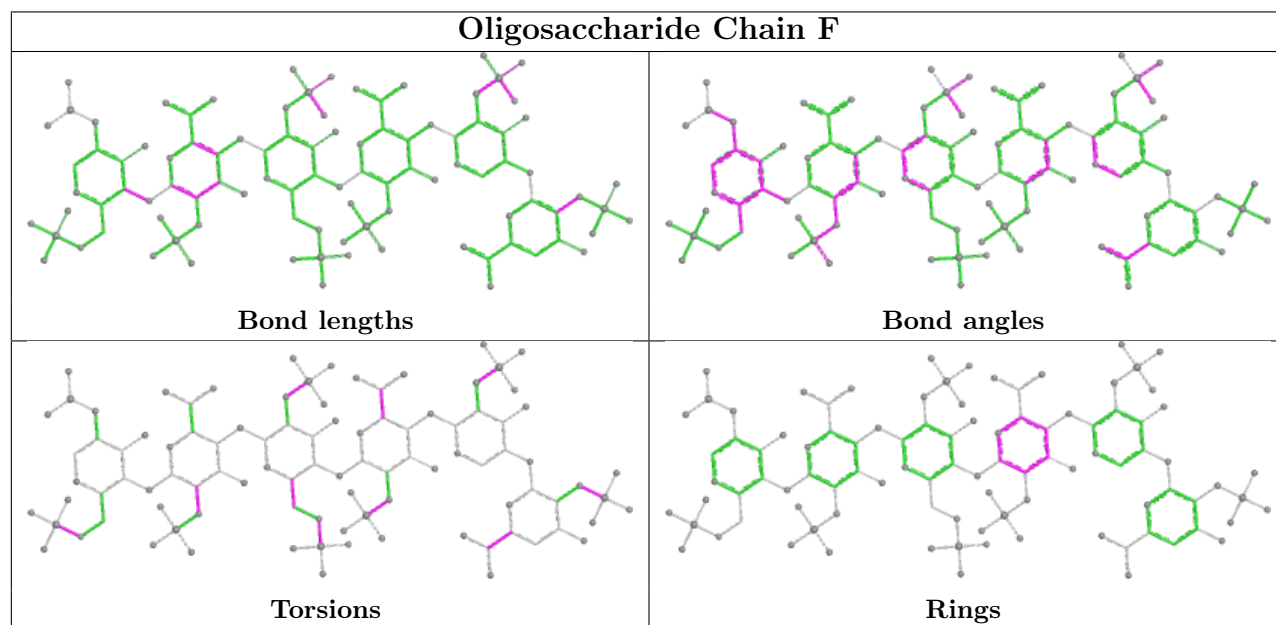
All (1) ring outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	F	4	IDS	C1-C2-C3-C4-C5-O5

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	F	3	SGN	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

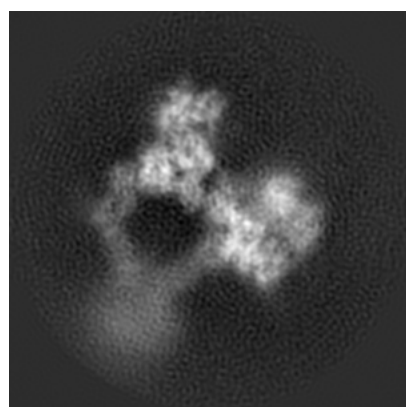
## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-23919. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

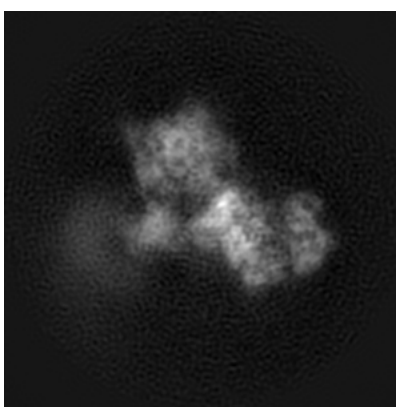
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

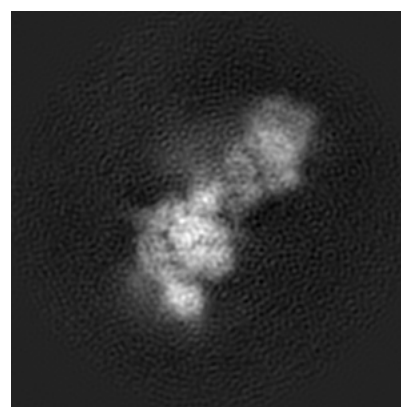
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

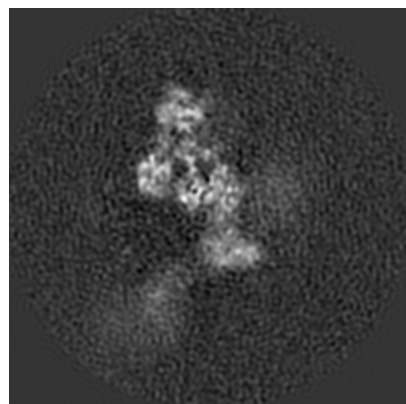


Z

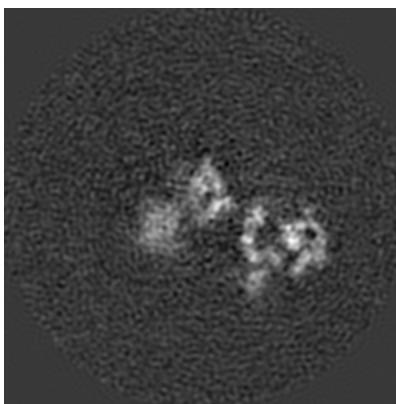
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

### 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

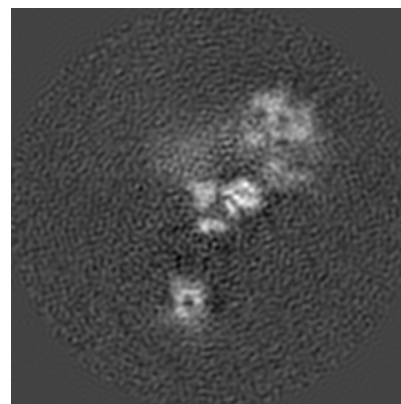
#### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 135



Y Index: 135



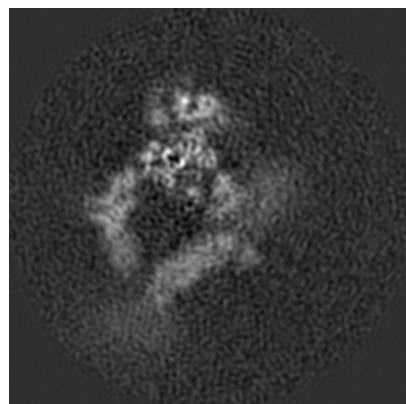
Z Index: 135



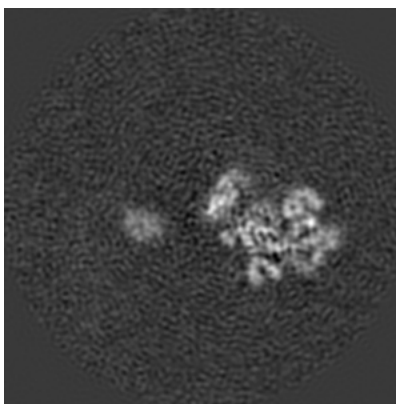
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

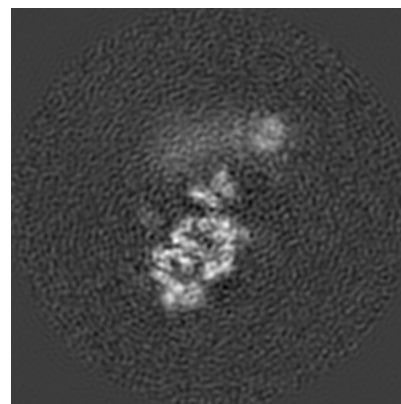
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 124



Y Index: 118

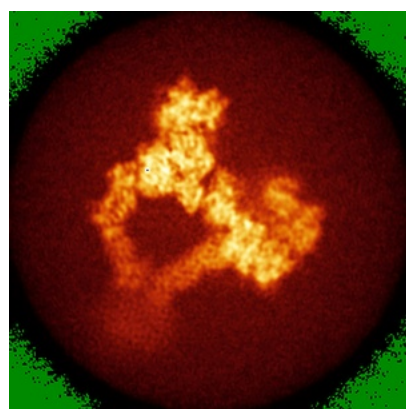


Z Index: 153

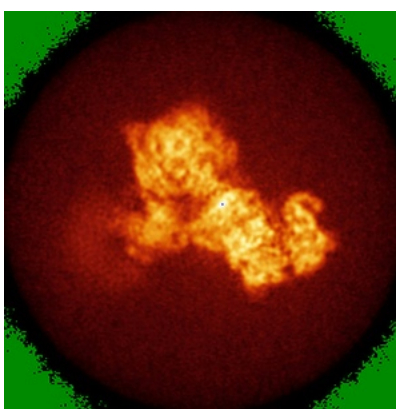
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

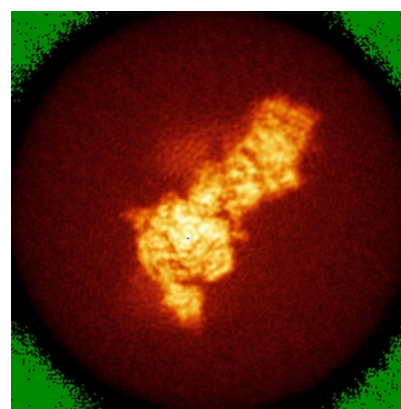
### 6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

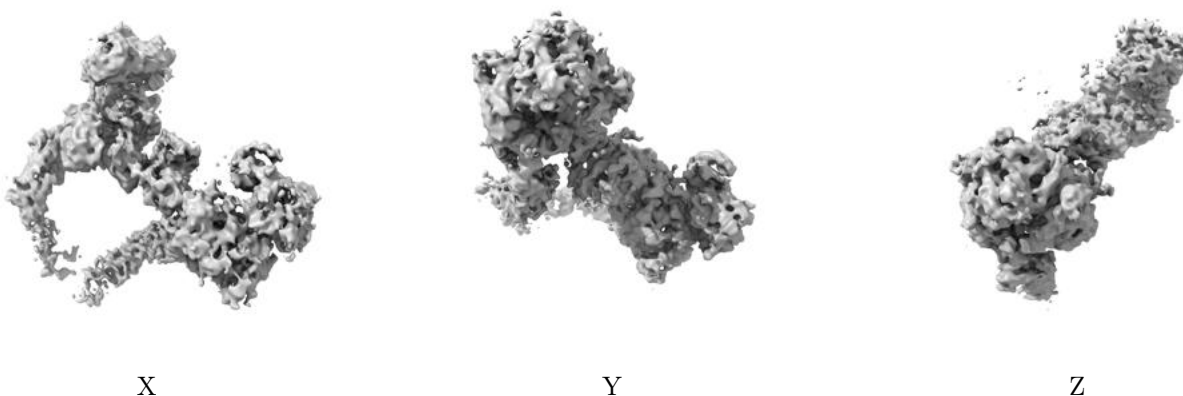


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.012. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

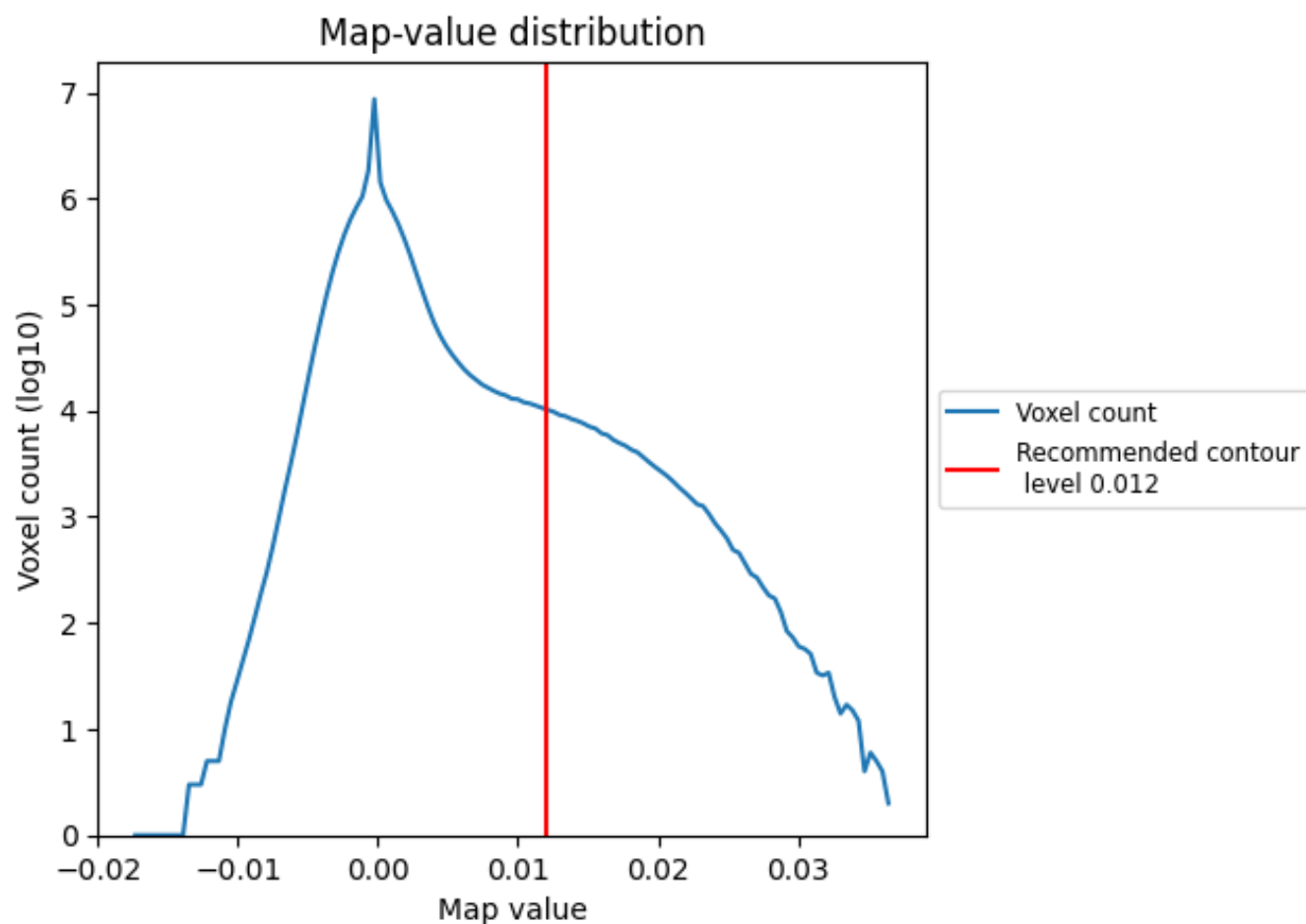
## 6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

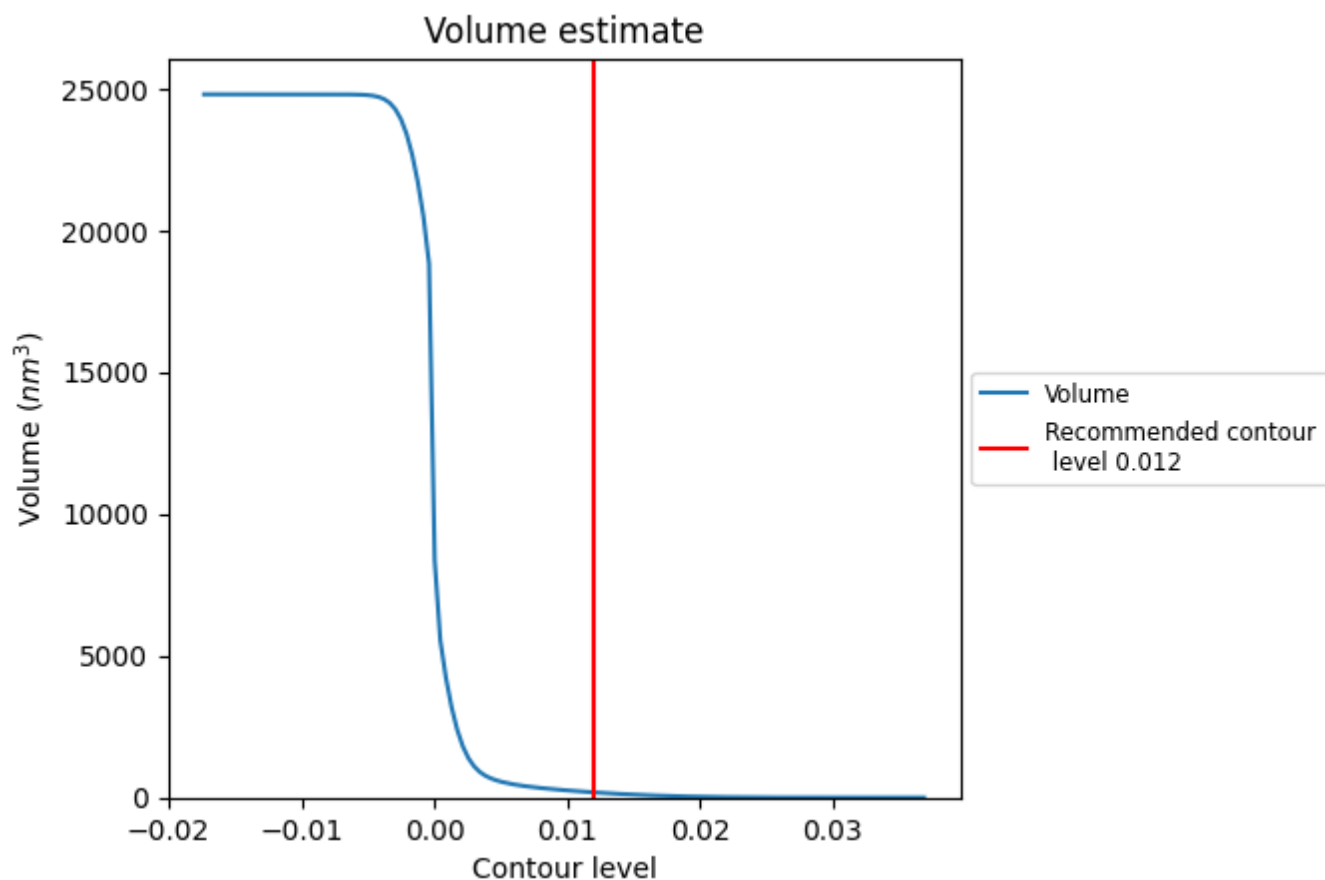
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

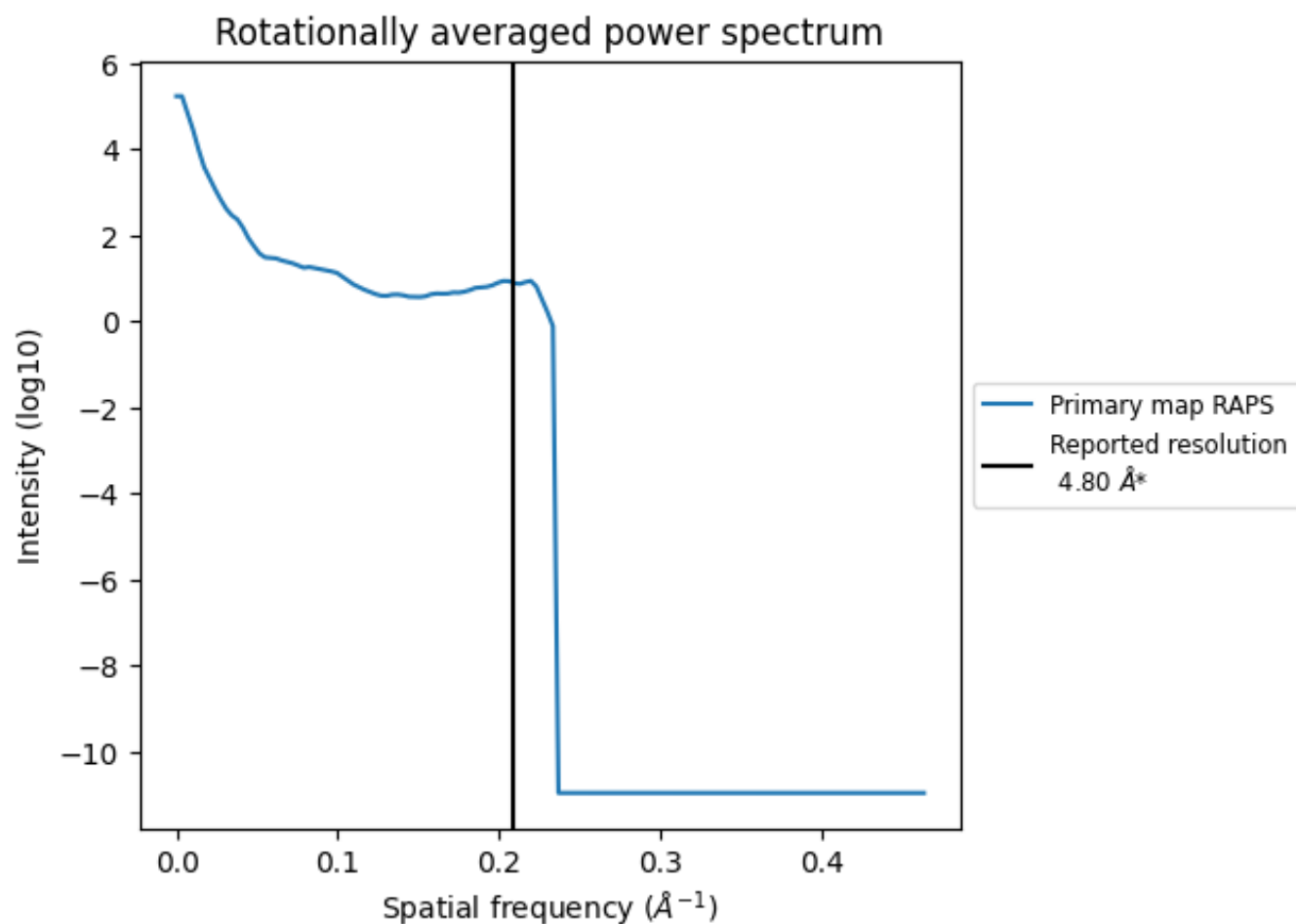
## 7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 183 nm<sup>3</sup>; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 166 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.208 Å<sup>-1</sup>

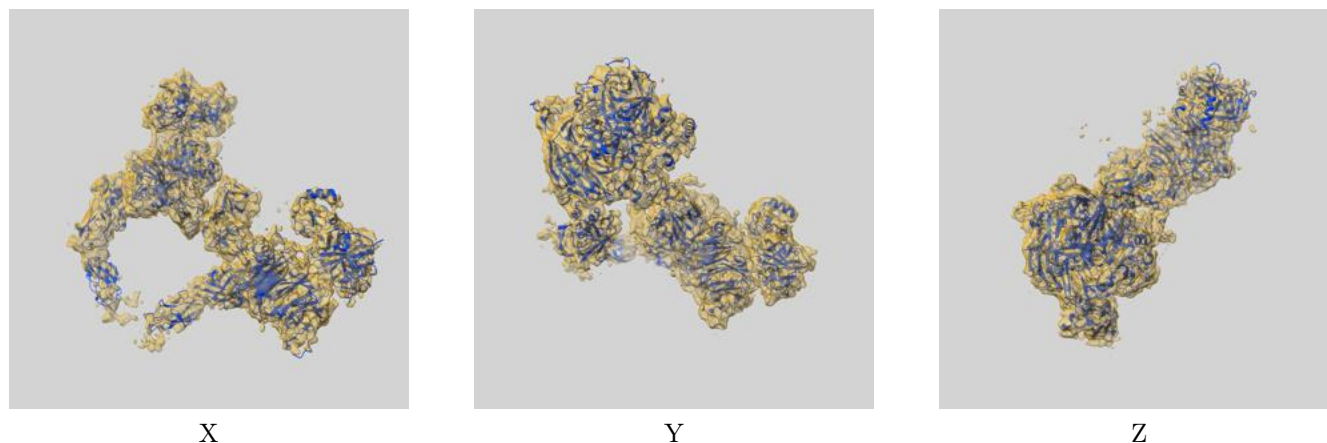
## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation ⓘ

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-23919 and PDB model 7MO7. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in [section 3](#) on [page 4](#).

### 9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



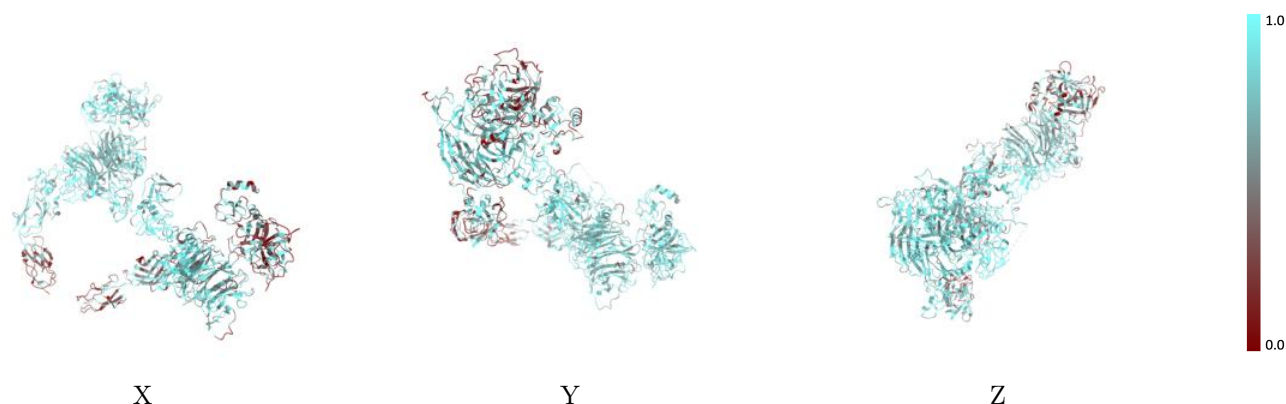
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.012 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

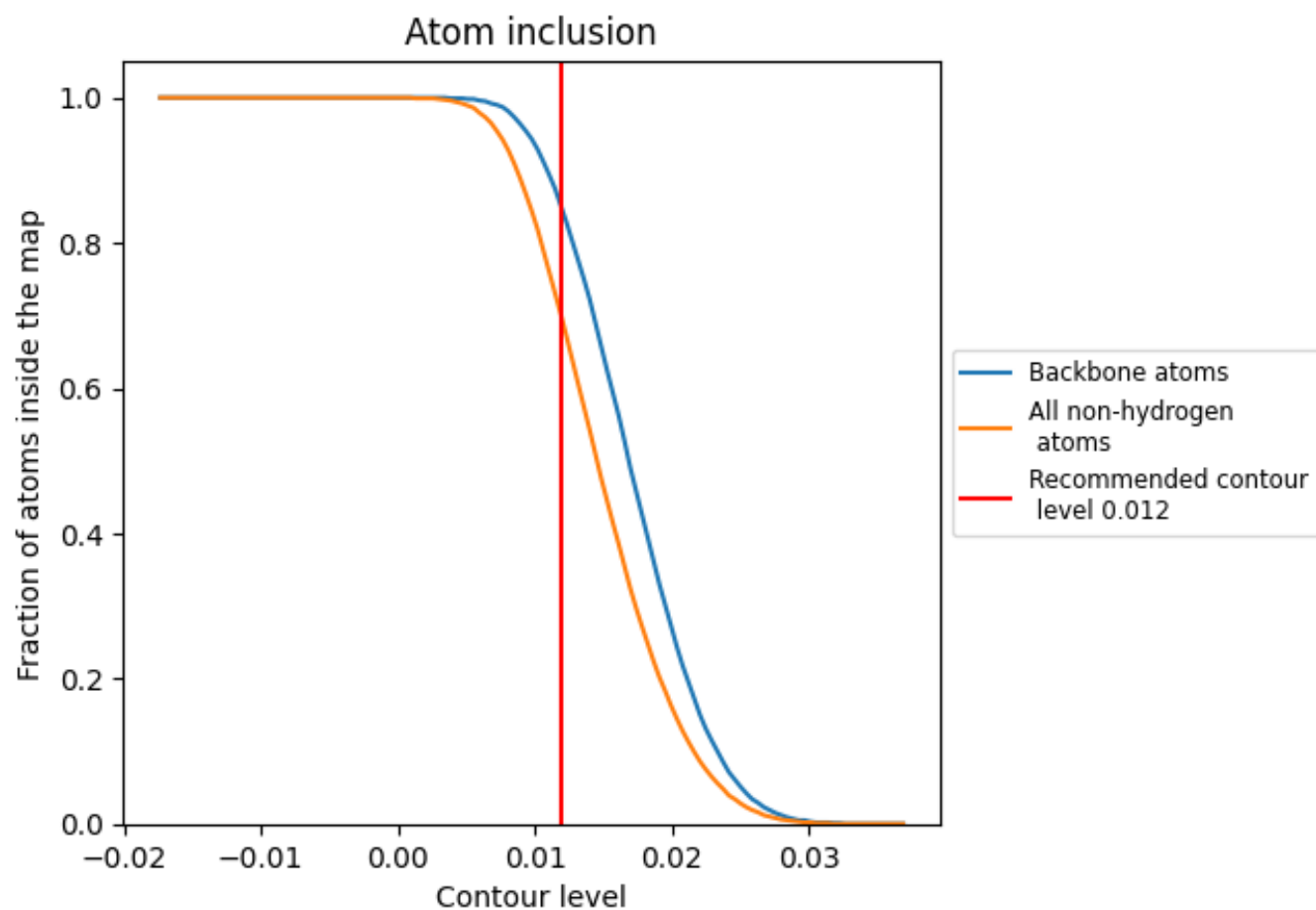
## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.012).



## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 85% of all backbone atoms, 70% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.012) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	<div></div> 0.6950	<div></div> 0.2330
A	<div></div> 0.8130	<div></div> 0.2550
B	<div></div> 0.7100	<div></div> 0.2740
D	<div></div> 0.4740	<div></div> 0.1500
E	<div></div> 0.6620	<div></div> 0.2050
F	<div></div> 0.8350	<div></div> 0.2330

