



wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

May 13, 2025 – 07:19 AM EDT

PDB ID : 7S5X / pdb_00007s5x
EMDB ID : EMD-24842
Title : Human KATP channel in open conformation, focused on Kir and one SUR, position 1
Authors : Zhao, C.; MacKinnon, R.
Deposited on : 2021-09-12
Resolution : 3.70 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at
<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev118
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.43.1

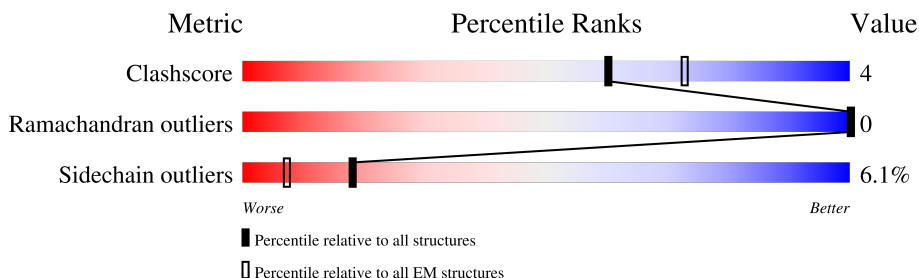
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	390	<div> <div>8%</div> <div>66%</div> <div>14%</div> <div>•</div> <div>18%</div> </div>
1	B	390	<div> <div>8%</div> <div>66%</div> <div>15%</div> <div>•</div> <div>18%</div> </div>
1	C	390	<div> <div>9%</div> <div>66%</div> <div>15%</div> <div>•</div> <div>18%</div> </div>
1	D	390	<div> <div>8%</div> <div>66%</div> <div>15%</div> <div>•</div> <div>18%</div> </div>
2	E	1582	<div> <div>16%</div> <div>76%</div> <div>13%</div> <div>11%</div> </div>

2 Entry composition

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 21213 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called ATP-sensitive inward rectifier potassium channel 11.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	A	321	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2519	1622	430	451	16		
1	B	321	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2519	1622	430	451	16		
1	C	321	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2519	1622	430	451	16		
1	D	321	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			2519	1622	430	451	16		

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	166	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP B2RC52
A	334	ASP	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP B2RC52
B	166	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP B2RC52
B	334	ASP	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP B2RC52
C	166	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP B2RC52
C	334	ASP	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP B2RC52
D	166	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP B2RC52
D	334	ASP	GLY	engineered mutation	UNP B2RC52

- Molecule 2 is a protein called ATP-binding cassette sub-family C member 8.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	E	1412	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			11077	7206	1877	1936	58		

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
E	1	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q09428
E	2	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q09428

- # ADP

- Molecule 4 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

- Molecule 5 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (CCD ID: ATP) (formula: $\text{C}_{10}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_5\text{O}_{13}\text{P}_3$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

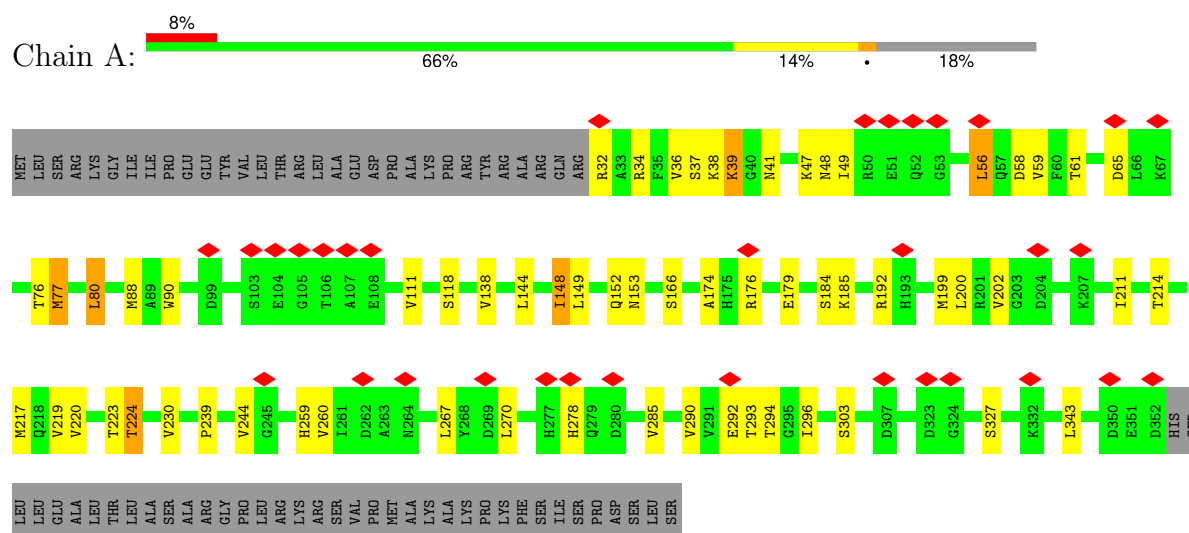


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
5	E	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0
			31	10	5	13	3	

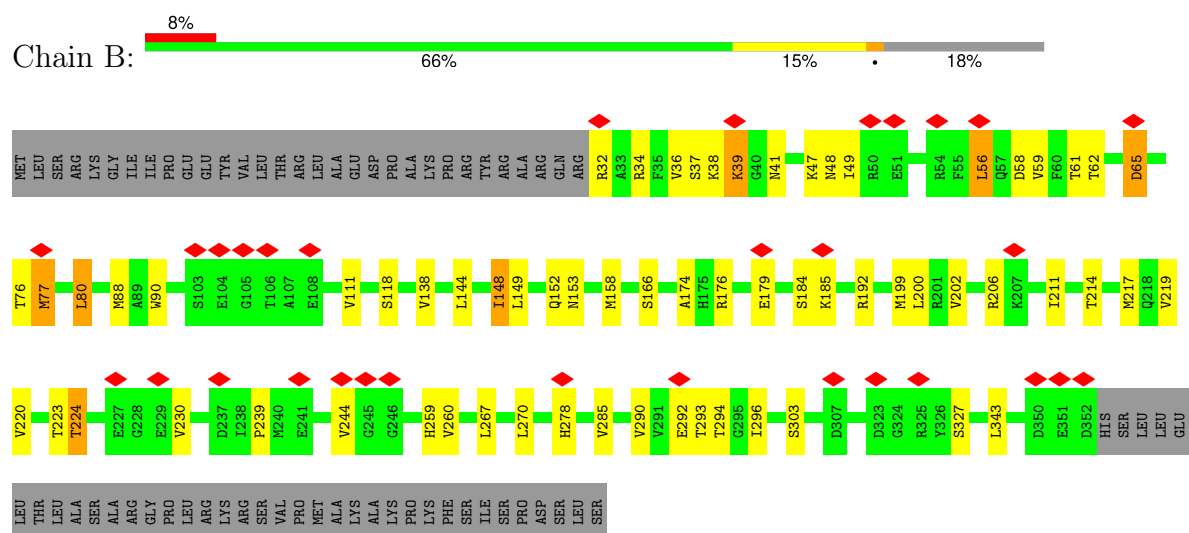
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: ATP-sensitive inward rectifier potassium channel 11



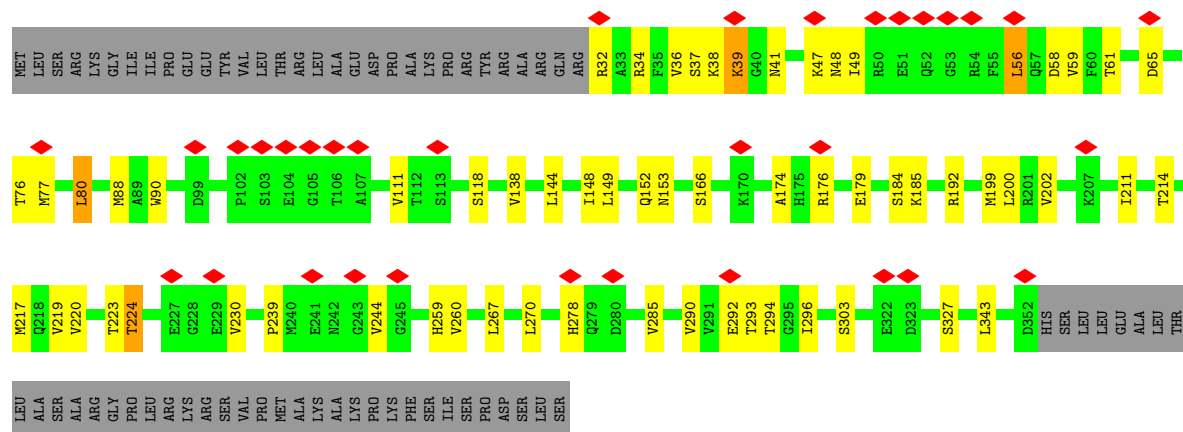
- Molecule 1: ATP-sensitive inward rectifier potassium channel 11



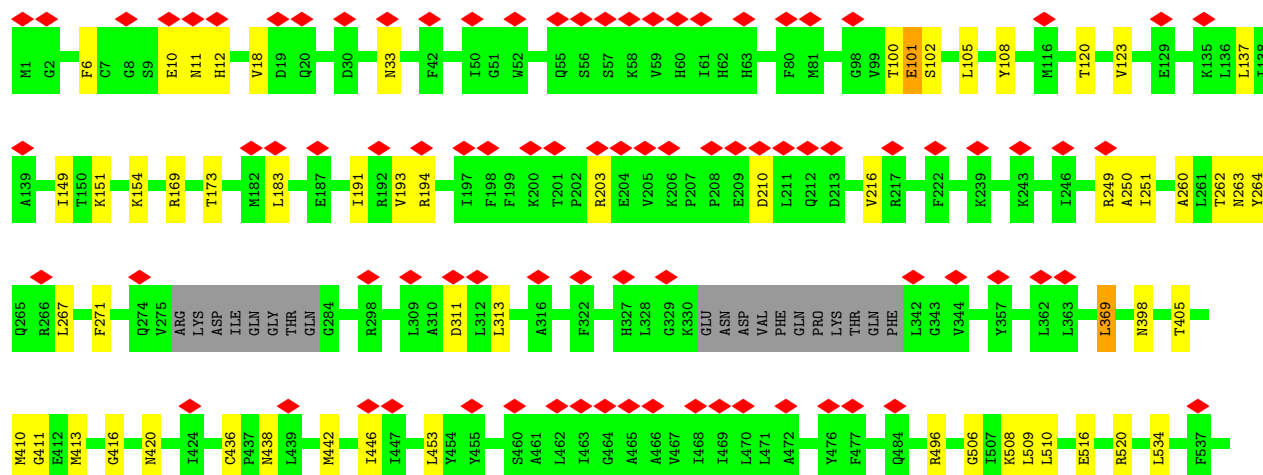
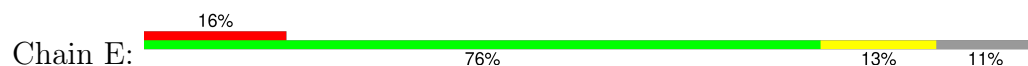
- Molecule 1: ATP-sensitive inward rectifier potassium channel 11



- Molecule 1: ATP-sensitive inward rectifier potassium channel 11



- Molecule 2: ATP-binding cassette sub-family C member 8



D1571	G1470	V1365	R1222	S1100	Q1020	PRO	SER	PRO	F546
S1572	T1476	N1366	D1232	L1101	L1021	PRO	LEU	LEU	M547
R1579	G1479	A1367	N1103	N1103	L1022	GLN	PRO	ARG	N548
A1580	S1483	L1368	R1104	R1104	K1023	GLY	ASP	VAL	T549
D1581	Q1484	G1372	V1259	I1106	H1024	LEU	SER	ASN	A550
K1582	R1487	Q1373	V1259	I1106	M1025	SER	GLU	ARG	I551
		I1375	L1272	M1110	A1029	ALA	ILE	LYS	A554
	C1491	C1378	E1275	R1111	I1030	MET	GLY	ARG	A555
	R1494	G1379	L1276	L1118	V1033	SER	PRO	ALA	V556
	V1497	F1393	S1277	F1125	K1036	ARG	SER	PRO	L557
E1498	R1498	R1394	A1278	S1126	W1037	LEU	GLU	ARG	T559
K1499	K1499	M1395	G1279	S1127	T1038	GLY	THR	GLY	F560
F1503	F1503	T1398	L1280	I1132	D1039	ASP	ALA	LEU	V561
	E1507	G1401	L1283	D1133	S1040	GLU	THR	THR	G562
	S1511	H1402	M1305	I1136	A1041	GLU	ASP	GLY	H563
T1516	T1516	T1405	L1309	C1142	LEU	GLU	ASP	PRO	V564
E1517	E1517	D1406	I1315	S1146	THR	GLU	ILE	GLN	S565
L1520	L1520	G1407	H1316	T1147	PRO	GLY	ARG	SER	F566
		T1410	K1320	L1148	ALA	ALA	LYS	LEU	F567
		A1411	T1321	L1154	ARG	ALA	VAL	VAL	K568
		K1412	Y1326	A1155	ASN	SER	ASP	SER	E569
		L1415	E1327	Y1159	CYS	GLY	Q775	GLY	D571
		L1418	G1328	P1162	LEU	ASP	L780	ASP	F572
		R1419	L1329	V1163	GLN	ASN	E785	ALA	S573
		S1420	L1330	F1164	CYS	LEU	E786	ASP	P574
		R1421	L1335	L1165	THR	SER	N787	GLY	S575
		Q1427	A1331	L1166	LEU	MET	E791	ALA	T589
		D1428	P1332	V1169	D1060	HIS	N795	L594	L594
		V1430	S1333	L1171	Q1061	GLN	R798	S807	S807
		L1431	L1334	L1172	T1062	ARG	M901	L611	L611
		T1436	L1335	I1173	V1063	ALA	N933	R521	R521
		I1436	D1341	Y1176	A1065	ILE	V902	GLU	GLU
		R1437	Q1342	F1177	M1066	W998	I903	GLN	GLN
		F1438	K1343	I1178	V1067	R999	E904	CYS	CYS
		N1439	K1344	Q1179	F1068	A1000	A805	ALA	ALA
		L1440	L1350	K1180	T1069	C1001	L808	PRO	PRO
		E1443	R1353	Q1190	V1070	A1002	Q809	HIS	HIS
		R1444	Y1354	D1193	L1071	L1005	P810	PRO	PRO
		K1445	D1355	D1194	C1072	G1009	D811	THR	THR
		S1449	S1356	P1199	S1073	L1016	T812	GLN	GLY
		A1466	S1357	S1202	I1076	V1017	D813	PRO	PRO
		L1467	L1358		G1075	F1018	M731	GLY	GLY
		P1468	K1359		I1076	L1060	G736	ALA	ALA
		G1469	K1363		L1060	V1081	S741	SER	SER
			H1364		T1082	T1082		LYS	LYS
					K1092			THR	THR
								ALA	ALA
								GLN	GLN
								VAL	VAL

4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	23783	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	57	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	2.536	Depositor
Minimum map value	-1.087	Depositor
Average map value	-0.005	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.085	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.7	Depositor
Map size (Å)	473.19998, 473.19998, 473.19998	wwPDB
Map dimensions	364, 364, 364	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.3, 1.3, 1.3	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ADP, MG, ATP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	A	0.45	0/2576	0.76	2/3502 (0.1%)
1	B	0.45	0/2576	0.76	2/3502 (0.1%)
1	C	0.45	0/2576	0.76	2/3502 (0.1%)
1	D	0.45	0/2576	0.76	2/3502 (0.1%)
2	E	0.44	0/11314	0.85	25/15358 (0.2%)
All	All	0.44	0/21618	0.81	33/29366 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	E	0	7

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 33 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	E	191	ILE	CA-C-N	7.21	135.31	121.54
2	E	191	ILE	C-N-CA	7.21	135.31	121.54
2	E	1470	GLY	CA-C-N	6.51	133.98	121.54
2	E	1470	GLY	C-N-CA	6.51	133.98	121.54
2	E	249	ARG	CA-C-N	6.27	133.51	121.54

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 7 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	E	101	GLU	Peptide
2	E	102	SER	Peptide
2	E	11	ASN	Peptide
2	E	250	ALA	Peptide
2	E	251	ILE	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2519	0	2547	20	0
1	B	2519	0	2547	23	0
1	C	2519	0	2547	21	0
1	D	2519	0	2547	18	0
2	E	11077	0	11354	104	0
3	E	27	0	12	0	0
4	E	2	0	0	0	0
5	E	31	0	12	1	0
All	All	21213	0	21566	182	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 182 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:E:1019:SER:O	2:E:1023:LYS:HB2	1.88	0.74
2:E:1516:THR:O	2:E:1520:LEU:HB2	2.01	0.60
2:E:801:MET:O	2:E:805:ALA:HB2	2.04	0.58
2:E:1503:PHE:HB2	2:E:1533:VAL:HG12	1.88	0.56
2:E:687:PHE:HB3	2:E:731:MET:HG2	1.89	0.55

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	319/390 (82%)	303 (95%)	16 (5%)	0	100	100
1	B	319/390 (82%)	302 (95%)	17 (5%)	0	100	100
1	C	319/390 (82%)	303 (95%)	16 (5%)	0	100	100
1	D	319/390 (82%)	303 (95%)	16 (5%)	0	100	100
2	E	1398/1582 (88%)	1308 (94%)	90 (6%)	0	100	100
All	All	2674/3142 (85%)	2519 (94%)	155 (6%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	278/337 (82%)	245 (88%)	33 (12%)	4	21
1	B	278/337 (82%)	245 (88%)	33 (12%)	4	21
1	C	278/337 (82%)	245 (88%)	33 (12%)	4	21
1	D	278/337 (82%)	245 (88%)	33 (12%)	4	21
2	E	1198/1368 (88%)	1189 (99%)	9 (1%)	79	85
All	All	2310/2716 (85%)	2169 (94%)	141 (6%)	18	43

5 of 141 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	166	SER
1	D	200	LEU
1	D	327	SER
1	B	148	ILE
1	B	144	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 39 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	E	1020	GLN
2	E	1373	GLN
2	E	1130	ASN
2	E	1308	GLN
2	E	1488	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	ADP	E	1601	4	24,29,29	0.84	0	29,45,45	1.45	3 (10%)
5	ATP	E	1604	4	28,33,33	0.81	0	34,52,52	1.28	1 (2%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	ADP	E	1601	4	-	3/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
5	ATP	E	1604	4	-	4/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	E	1604	ATP	N3-C2-N1	-4.59	122.45	128.67
3	E	1601	ADP	N3-C2-N1	-4.45	122.63	128.67
3	E	1601	ADP	C4'-O4'-C1'	2.27	112.00	109.92
3	E	1601	ADP	O3A-PB-O1B	-2.00	100.49	111.04

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 7 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	E	1601	ADP	PA-O3A-PB-O3B
5	E	1604	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
3	E	1601	ADP	O4'-C4'-C5'-O5'
5	E	1604	ATP	PB-O3A-PA-O1A
5	E	1604	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A

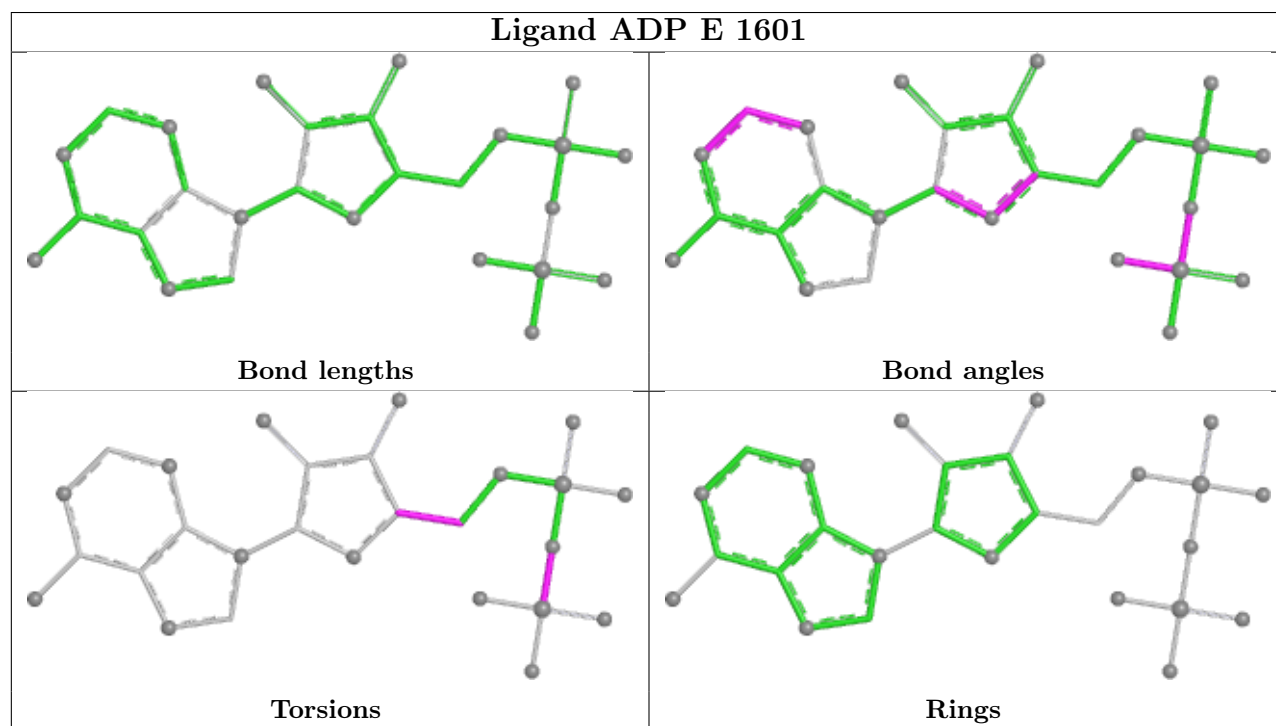
There are no ring outliers.

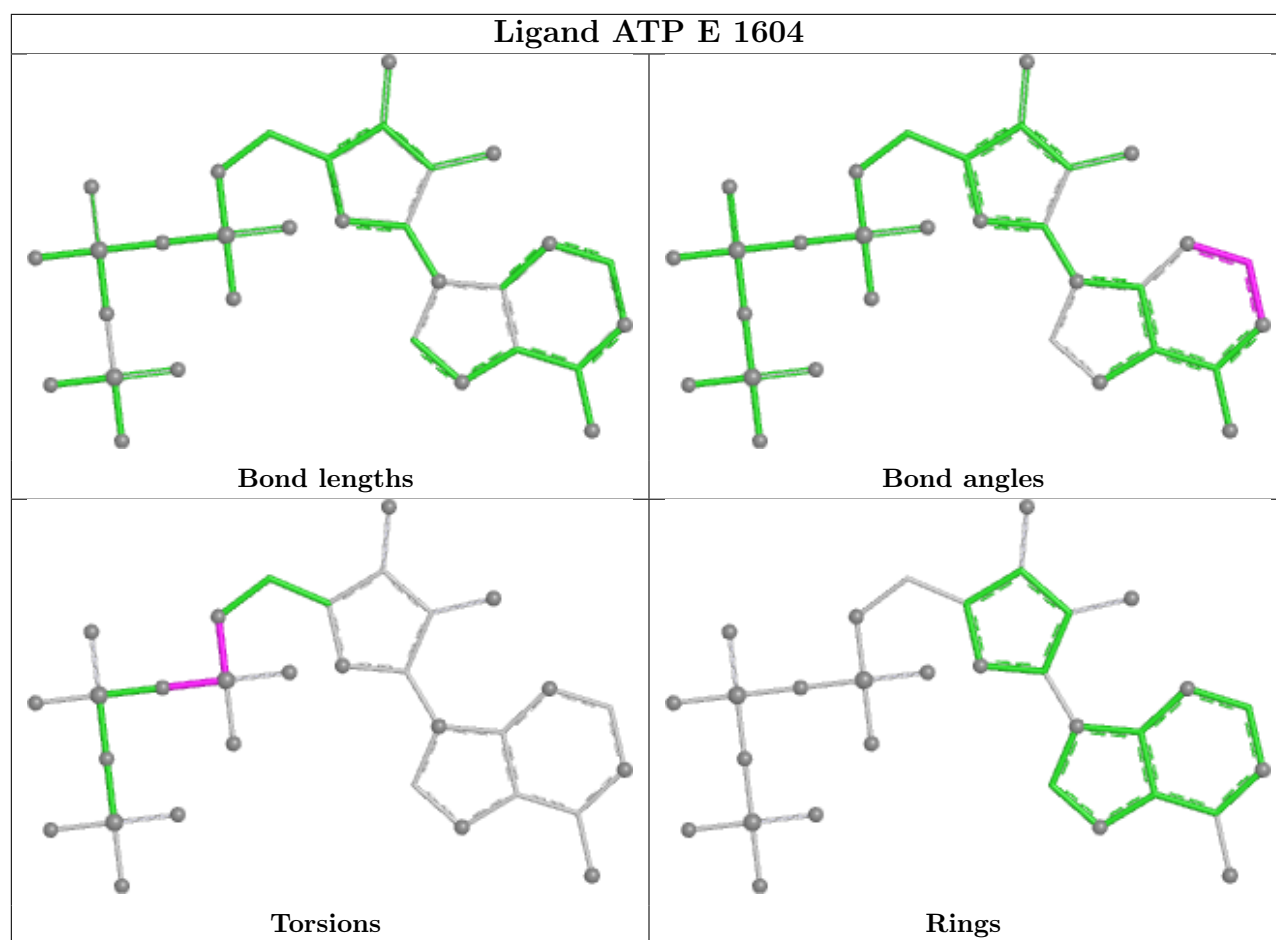
1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	E	1604	ATP	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will

also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

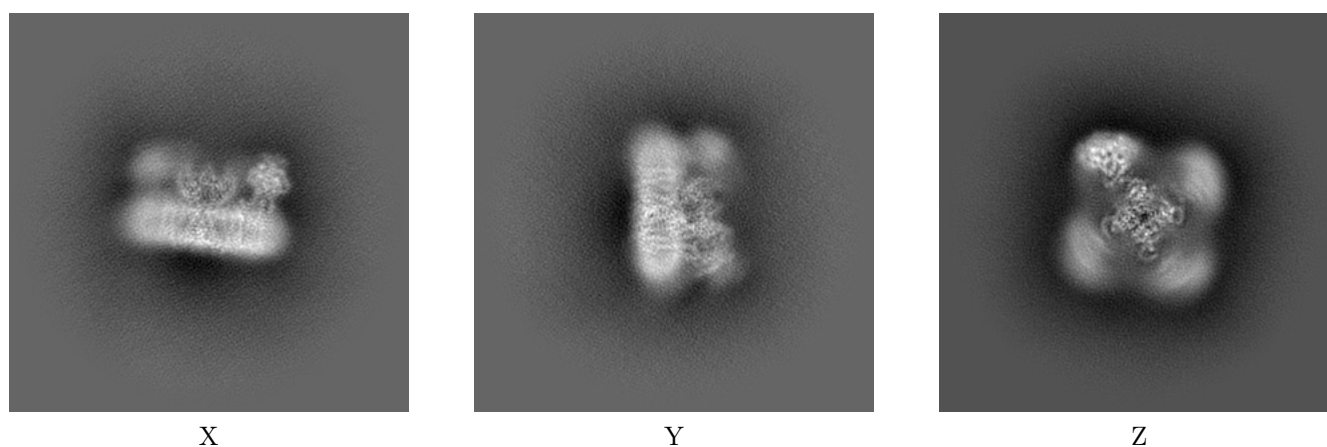
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-24842. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

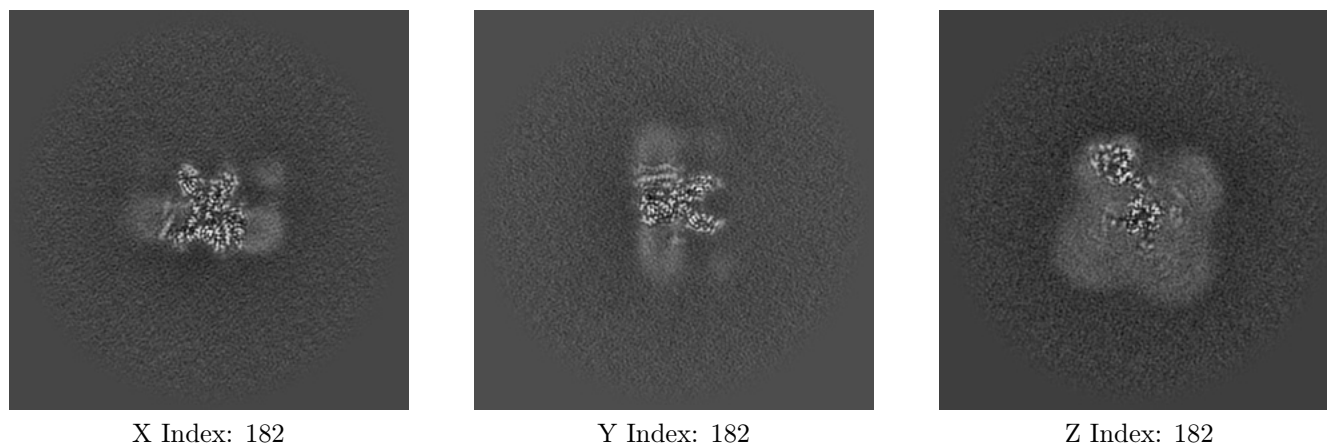
6.1.1 Primary map



The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

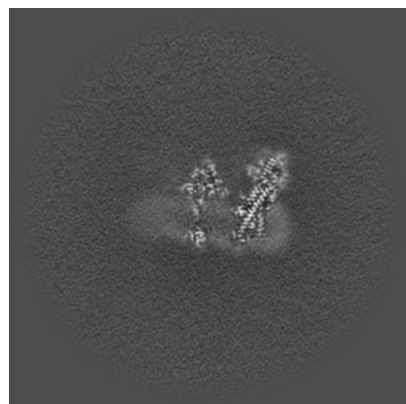
6.2.1 Primary map



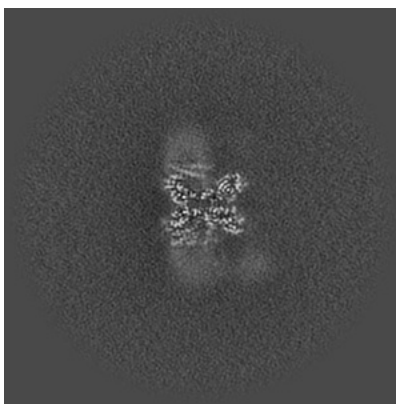
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

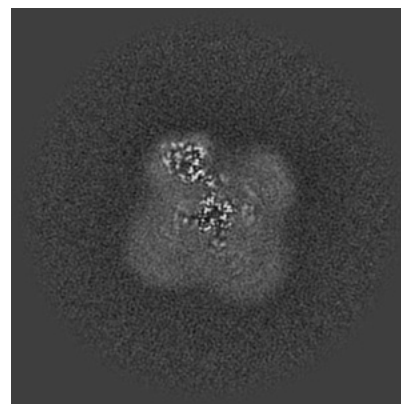
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 167



Y Index: 174

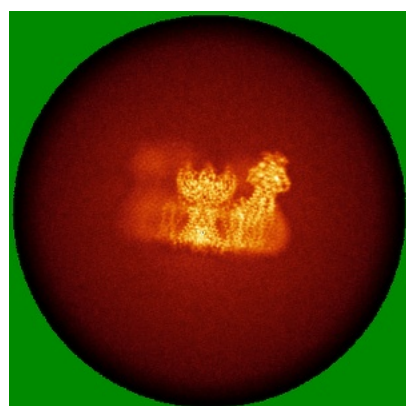


Z Index: 182

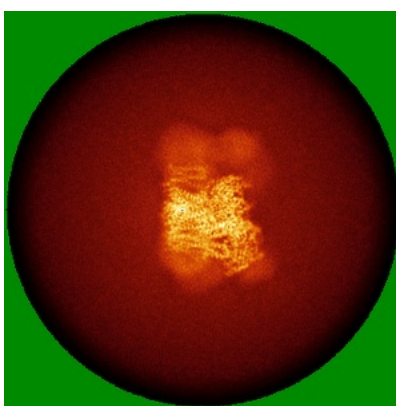
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

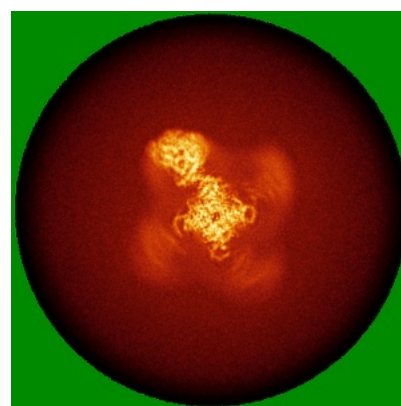
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.7. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

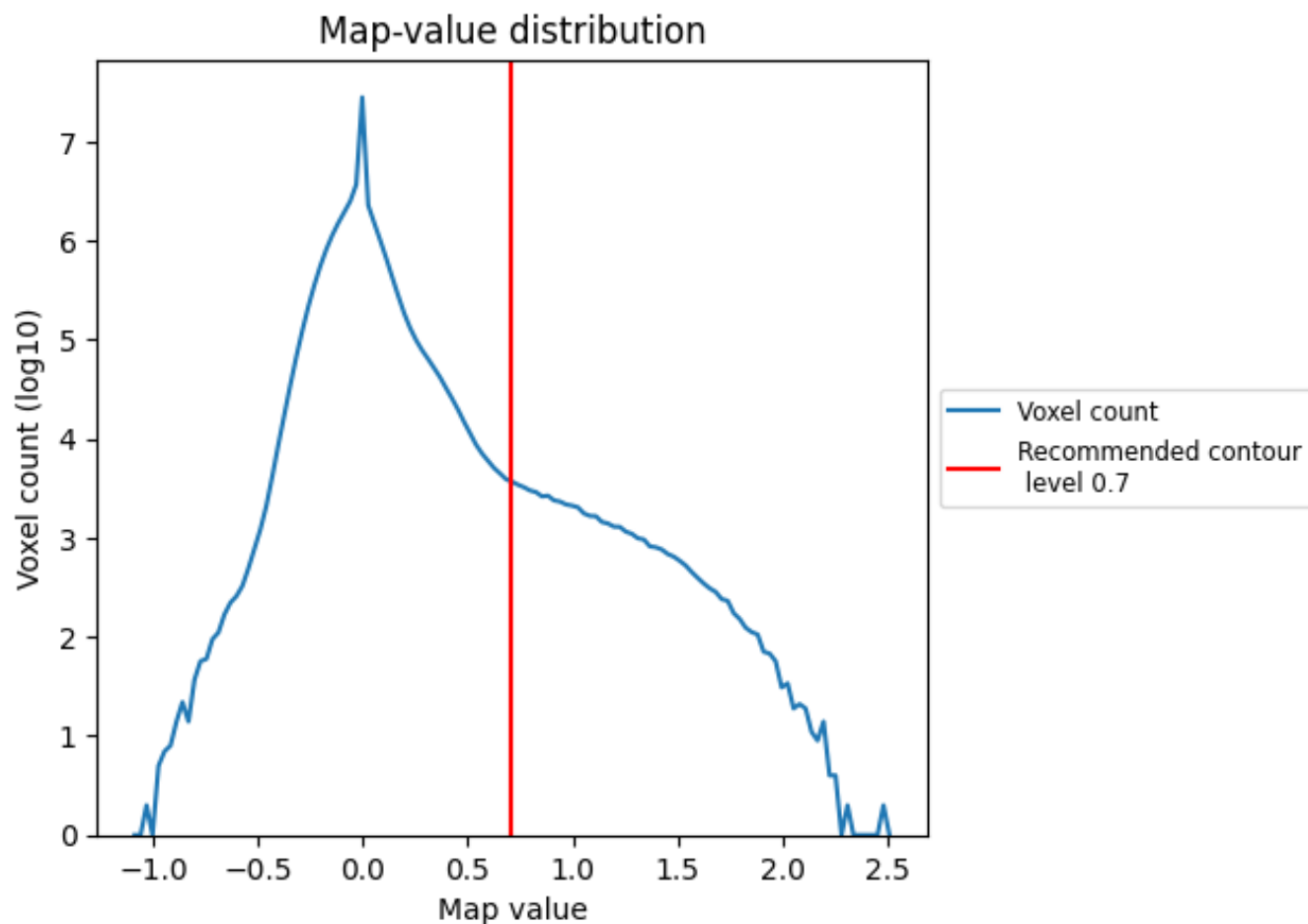
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

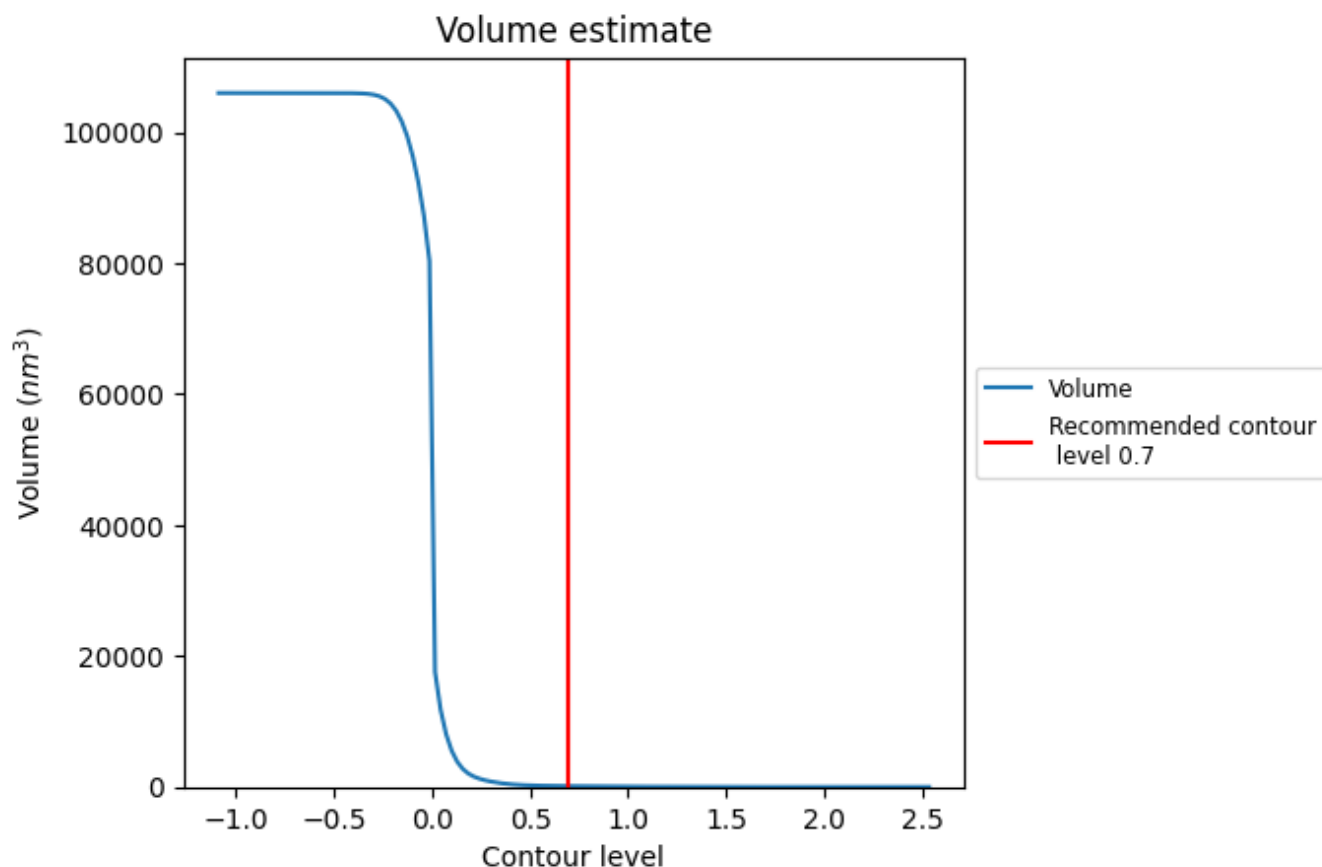
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

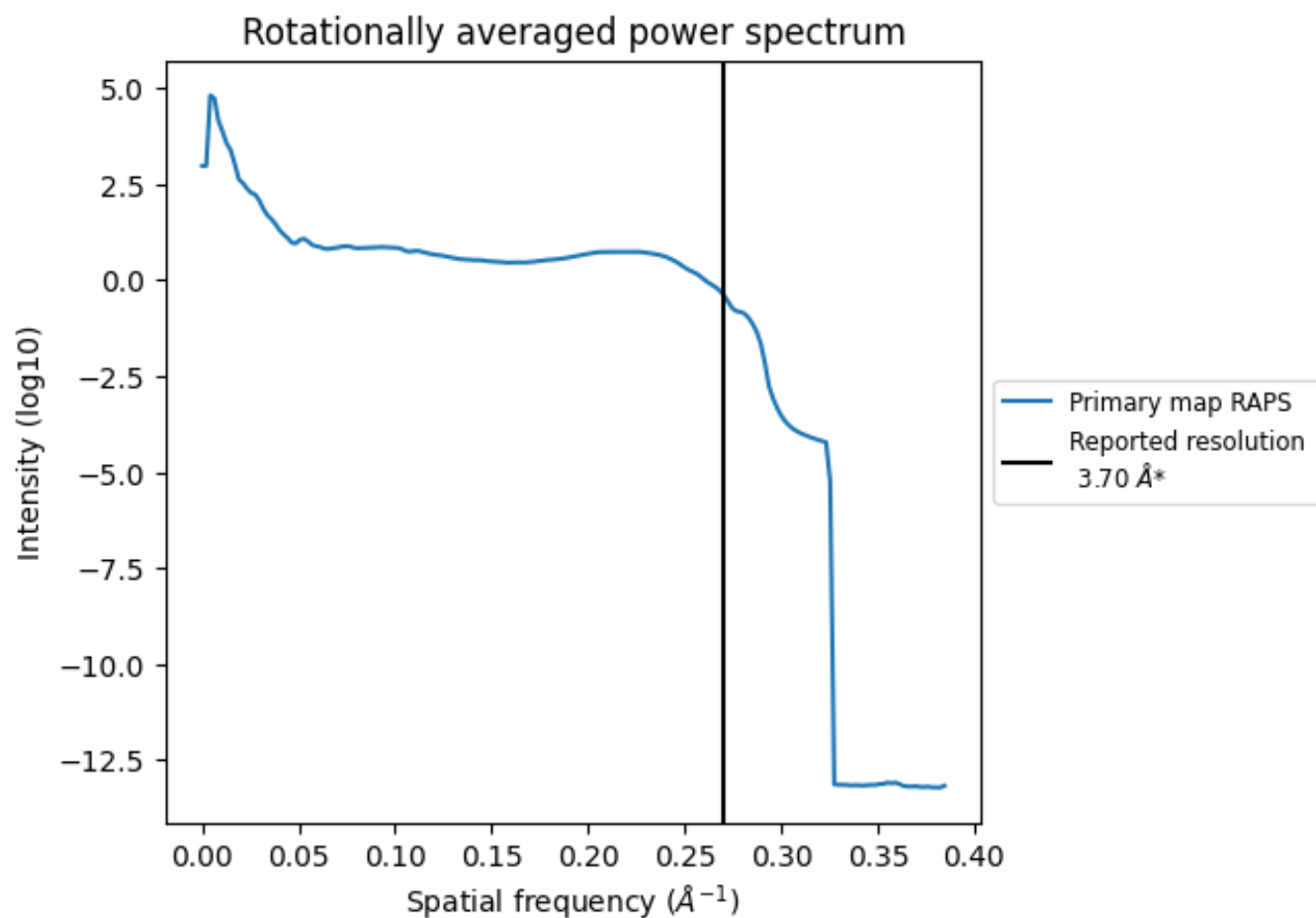
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 125 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 113 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

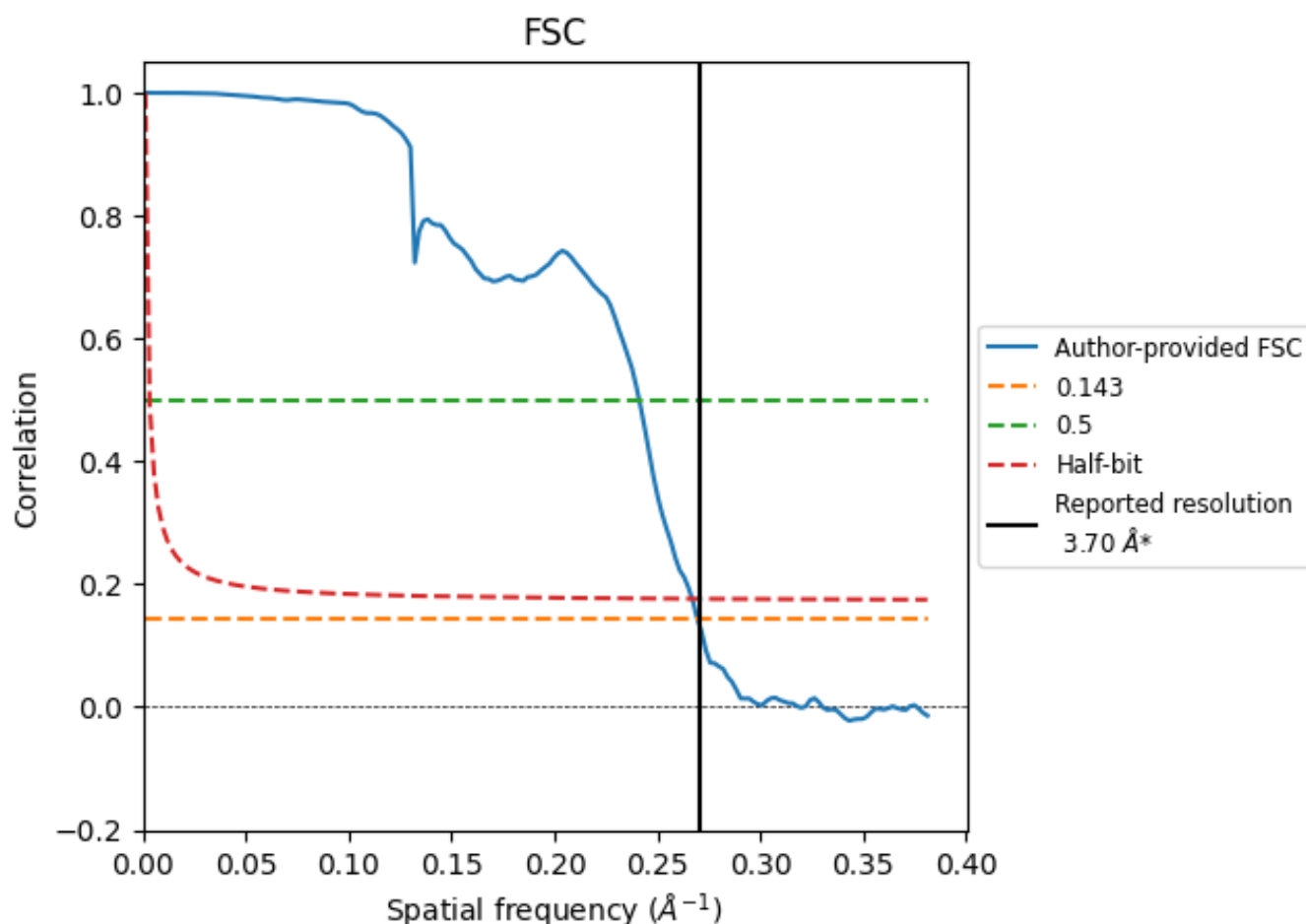


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.270 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.270 Å⁻¹

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

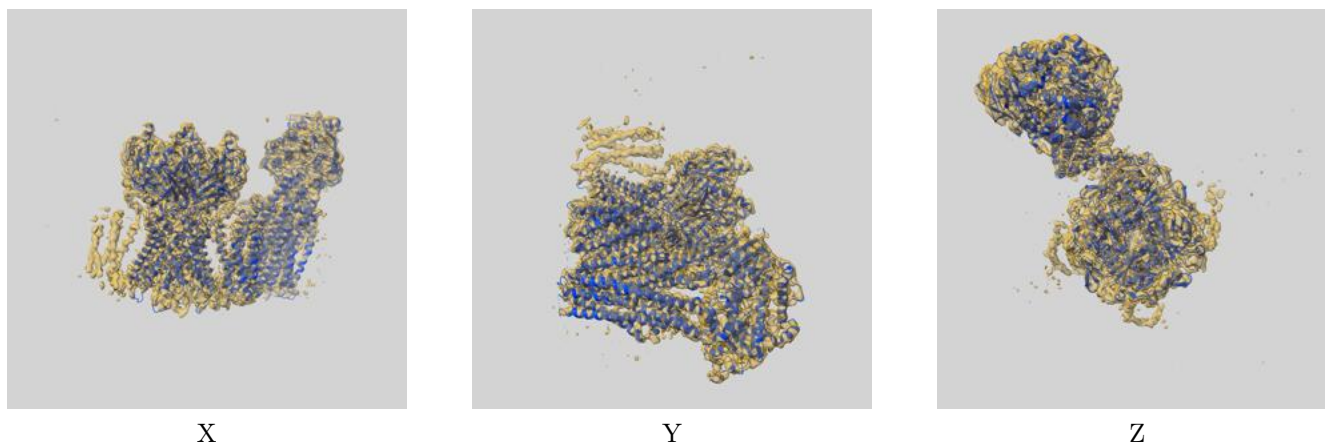
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	3.70	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	3.71	4.15	3.75
Unmasked-calculated*	-	-	-

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

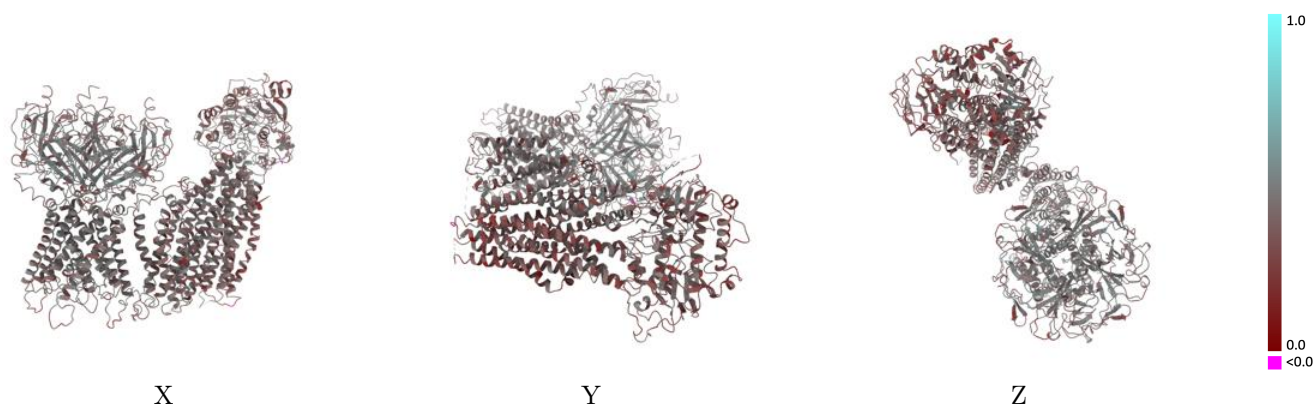
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-24842 and PDB model 7S5X. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [6](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



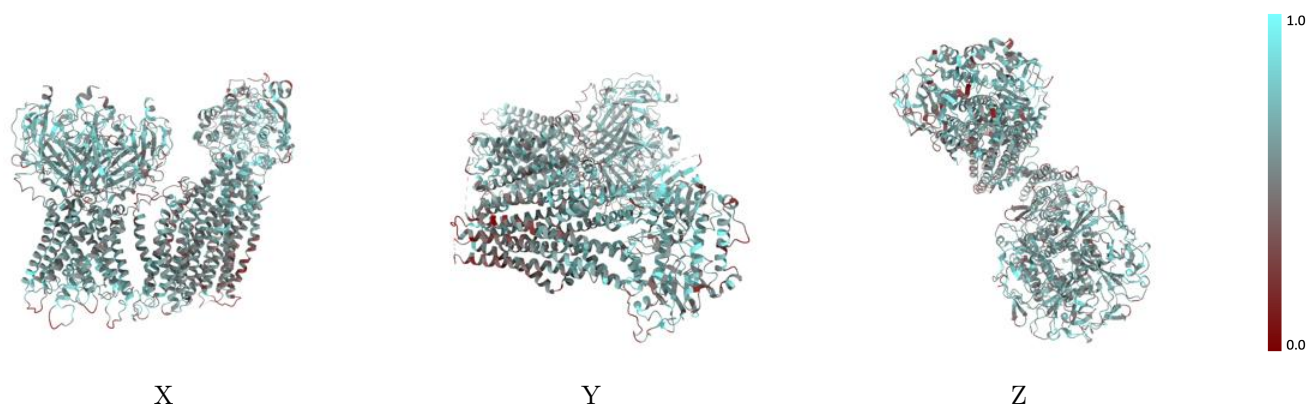
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.7 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



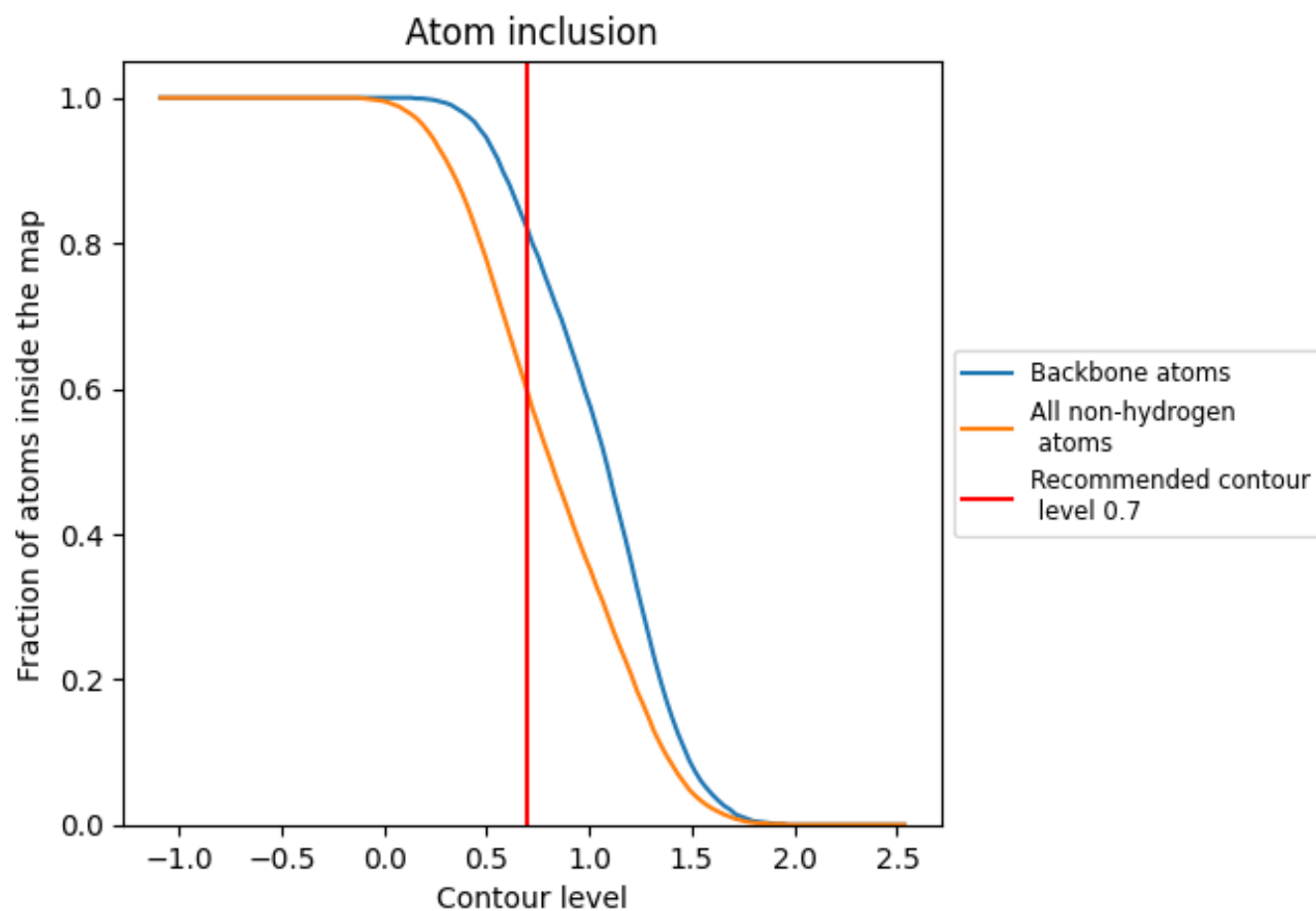
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.7).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 82% of all backbone atoms, 60% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.7) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	<div></div> 0.5950	<div></div> 0.4010
A	<div></div> 0.6170	<div></div> 0.4320
B	<div></div> 0.6240	<div></div> 0.4380
C	<div></div> 0.6010	<div></div> 0.4330
D	<div></div> 0.6180	<div></div> 0.4300
E	<div></div> 0.5760	<div></div> 0.3730

