



# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jun 13, 2024 – 01:43 AM EDT

PDB ID : 3V6T  
Title : Crystal structure of the DNA-bound dHax3, a TAL effector, at 1.85 angstrom  
Authors : Deng, D.; Yan, C.Y.; Pan, X.J.; Wang, J.W.; Yan, N.; Shi, Y.G.  
Deposited on : 2011-12-20  
Resolution : 1.85 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.20.1
EDS	:	2.36.2
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

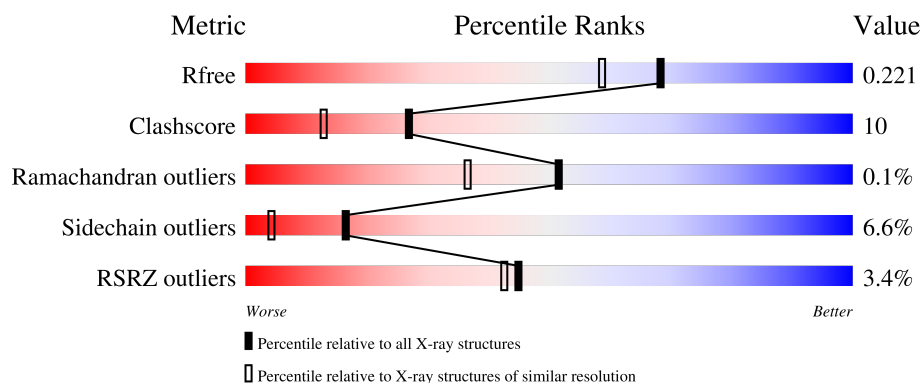
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.85 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.




Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	2469 (1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	141614	2625 (1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2592 (1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2592 (1.86-1.86)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2436 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	499	<div> <div>4%</div> <div>77%</div> <div>19%</div> <div>..</div> </div>
1	B	499	<div> <div>3%</div> <div>78%</div> <div>17%</div> <div>..</div> </div>
2	G	17	<div> <div>6%</div> <div>71%</div> <div>24%</div> <div>6%</div> </div>
2	I	17	<div> <div>59%</div> <div>41%</div> </div>
3	H	17	<div> <div>76%</div> <div>12%</div> <div>12%</div> </div>

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
3	J	17	 71% 29%

## 2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9608 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called dHax3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	491	Total	C	N	O	S	0	6	0
			3599	2251	671	665	12			
1	B	487	Total	C	N	O	S	0	8	0
			3582	2236	666	667	13			

- Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(\*TP\*GP\*TP\*CP\*CP\*CP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*AP\*TP\*CP\*TP\*CP\*TP\*CP\*T)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	G	17	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0	0
			333	163	46	108	16			
2	I	17	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0	0
			334	164	46	108	16			

- Molecule 3 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(\*AP\*GP\*AP\*GP\*AP\*GP\*AP\*TP\*AP\*AP\*AP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*AP\*CP\*A)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	H	17	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0	0
			357	169	80	92	16			
3	J	17	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0	0
			357	169	80	92	16			

- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	406	Total	O	0	0
			406	406		
4	B	368	Total	O	0	0
			368	368		
4	G	75	Total	O	0	0
			75	75		

*Continued on next page...*

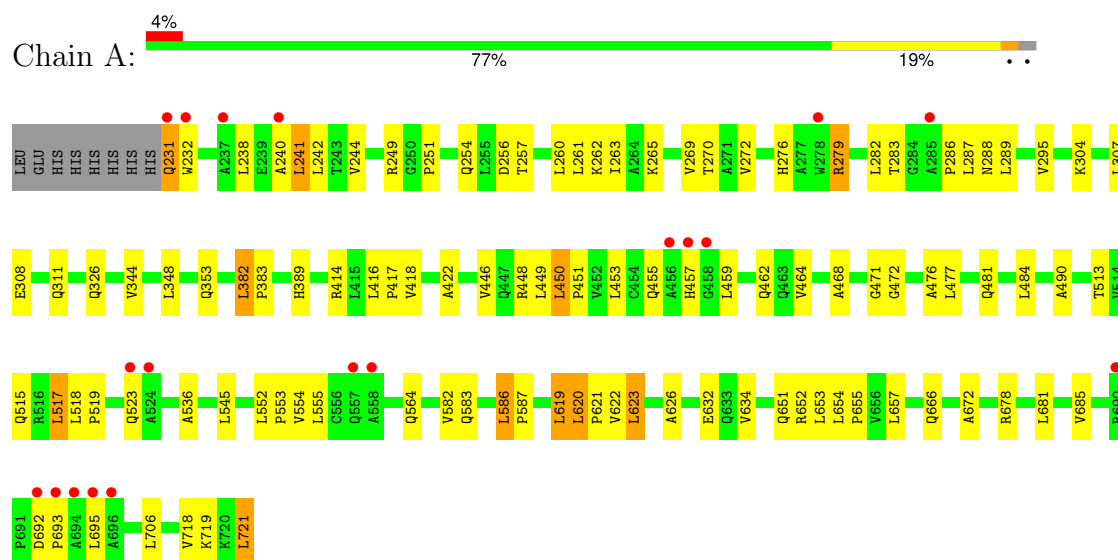
*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	H	62	Total 62	O 62	0	0
4	I	69	Total 69	O 69	0	0
4	J	66	Total 66	O 66	0	0

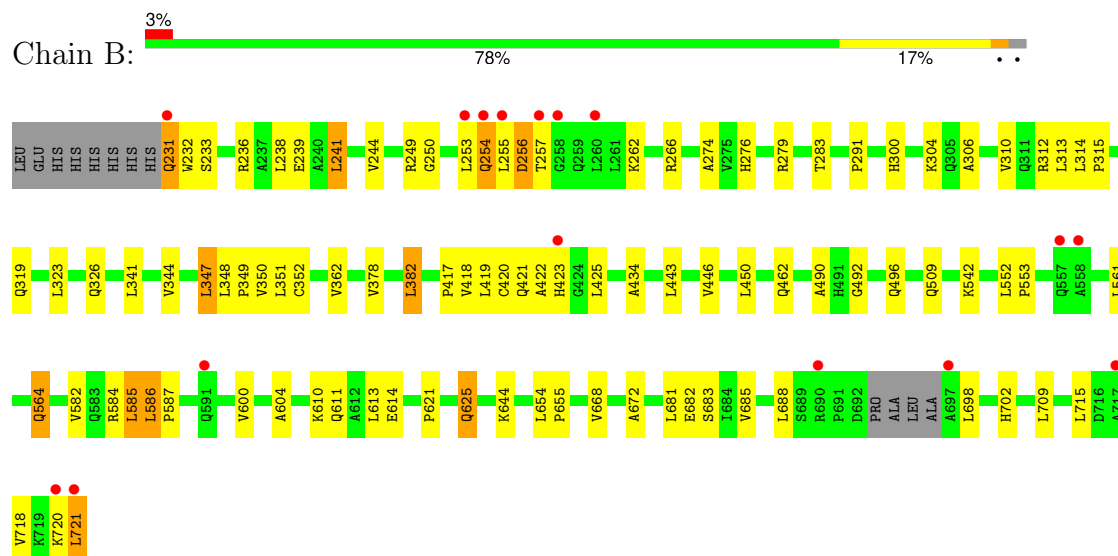
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

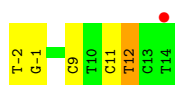
#### • Molecule 1: dHax3



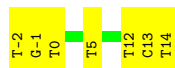
#### • Molecule 1: dHax3



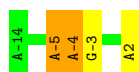
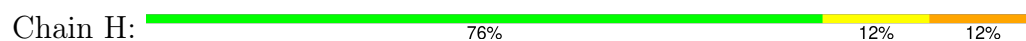
#### • Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(\*TP\*GP\*TP\*CP\*CP\*CP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*AP\*TP\*CP\*TP\*CP\*TP\*CP\*T)-3')



• Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(\*TP\*GP\*TP\*CP\*CP\*CP\*TP\*TP\*TP\*AP\*TP\*CP\*TP\*CP\*TP\*CP\*T)-3')



• Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(\*AP\*GP\*AP\*GP\*AP\*GP\*AP\*TP\*AP\*AP\*AP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*AP\*CP\*A)-3')



• Molecule 3: DNA (5'-D(\*AP\*GP\*AP\*GP\*AP\*GP\*AP\*TP\*AP\*AP\*AP\*GP\*GP\*GP\*AP\*CP\*A)-3')



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	81.72Å 87.68Å 88.49Å 90.00° 103.04° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	32.32 – 1.85 32.32 – 1.85	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.5 (32.32-1.85) 99.5 (32.32-1.85)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.66 (at 1.85Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.7.1_743)	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.205 , 0.222 0.204 , 0.221	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	5162 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	25.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.076	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.33 , 51.6	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	9608	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	32.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.33% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.39	0/3652	0.51	0/4989
1	B	0.34	0/3632	0.48	0/4957
2	G	0.71	0/368	1.44	2/564 (0.4%)
2	I	0.79	0/369	1.40	3/566 (0.5%)
3	H	0.64	0/405	1.16	2/625 (0.3%)
3	J	0.55	0/405	1.00	0/625
All	All	0.44	0/8831	0.71	7/12326 (0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	G	12	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	-6.80	103.24	108.00
2	I	12	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	-6.54	103.42	108.00
3	H	-4	DA	P-O3'-C3'	6.24	127.18	119.70
2	G	9	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	-6.00	103.80	108.00
2	I	5	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	-6.00	103.80	108.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3599	0	3745	86	0
1	B	3582	0	3717	72	0

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	G	333	0	195	5	0
2	I	334	0	198	7	0
3	H	357	0	190	6	0
3	J	357	0	190	3	0
4	A	406	0	0	12	0
4	B	368	0	0	6	0
4	G	75	0	0	0	0
4	H	62	0	0	0	0
4	I	69	0	0	0	0
4	J	66	0	0	0	0
All	All	9608	0	8235	168	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 168 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:695:LEU:CD1	1:A:718:VAL:HG12	1.65	1.26
1:A:695:LEU:HD11	1:A:718:VAL:HG12	1.13	1.12
1:B:253:LEU:HD13	1:B:283:THR:HG21	1.35	1.07
1:A:270[A]:THR:HG22	4:A:1037:HOH:O	1.52	1.06
3:H:-4:DA:H2''	3:H:-3:DG:O5'	1.60	1.01

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	495/499 (99%)	472 (95%)	22 (4%)	1 (0%)	47	33
1	B	491/499 (98%)	473 (96%)	18 (4%)	0	100	100

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	986/998 (99%)	945 (96%)	40 (4%)	1 (0%)	51 36

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	286	PRO

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	379/383 (99%)	352 (93%)	27 (7%)	14 3
1	B	378/383 (99%)	355 (94%)	23 (6%)	18 5
All	All	757/766 (99%)	707 (93%)	50 (7%)	16 4

5 of 50 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	238	LEU
1	B	313	LEU
1	B	721	LEU
1	B	241	LEU
1	B	256	ASP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	702	HIS
1	B	276	HIS
1	A	538	ASN
1	A	523	GLN
1	B	254	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	491/499 (98%)	-0.03	19 (3%) 39 38	13, 26, 60, 89	15 (3%)
1	B	487/499 (97%)	0.02	16 (3%) 46 44	13, 27, 59, 94	9 (1%)
2	G	17/17 (100%)	-0.34	1 (5%) 22 22	15, 19, 45, 90	0
2	I	17/17 (100%)	-0.48	0 100 100	15, 17, 67, 92	0
3	H	17/17 (100%)	0.23	0 100 100	27, 34, 62, 72	0
3	J	17/17 (100%)	-0.02	0 100 100	23, 35, 66, 69	0
All	All	1046/1066 (98%)	-0.02	36 (3%) 45 42	13, 27, 61, 94	24 (2%)

The worst 5 of 36 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	456	ALA	5.9
1	B	721	LEU	5.7
1	B	697	ALA	4.4
1	B	253	LEU	4.2
1	B	257	THR	4.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.