



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Jun 16, 2025 – 06:08 PM JST

PDB ID : 7YJ2 / pdb_00007yj2
EMDB ID : EMD-33869
Title : Cryo-EM structure of SPT-ORMDL3 (ORMDL3-N13A) complex
Authors : Xie, T.; Liu, P.; Gong, X.
Deposited on : 2022-07-19
Resolution : 2.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev118
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.44

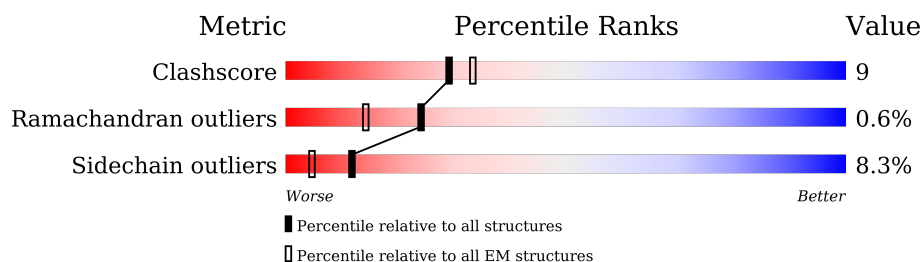
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	B	562	
2	E	50	
3	D	153	
4	C	92	
5	A	423	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
6	PLP	B	601	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9124 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Serine palmitoyltransferase 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
1	B	502	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3953	2523	684	722	24		

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Serine palmitoyltransferase 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
2	E	38	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			298	205	46	47		

- Molecule 3 is a protein called ORM1-like protein 3.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
3	D	143	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			1162	775	190	192	5		

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
D	13	ALA	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP Q8N138

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Serine palmitoyltransferase small subunit A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
4	C	48	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			411	281	58	67	5		

There are 21 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	-20	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q969W0
C	-19	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0
C	-18	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0

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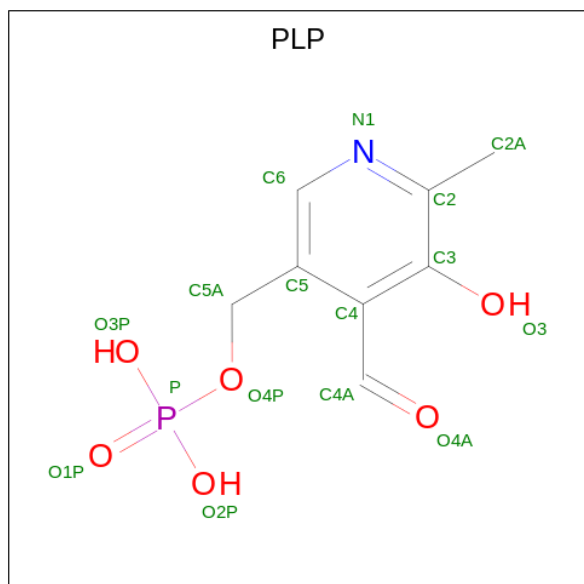
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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
C	-17	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0
C	-16	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0
C	-15	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0
C	-14	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0
C	-13	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0
C	-12	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0
C	-11	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0
C	-10	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0
C	-9	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0
C	-8	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0
C	-7	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0
C	-6	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0
C	-5	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0
C	-4	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0
C	-3	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0
C	-2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0
C	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0
C	0	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP Q969W0

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Serine palmitoyltransferase 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
5	A	423	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			3285	2086	563	620	16		

- Molecule 6 is PYRIDOXAL-5'-PHOSPHATE (CCD ID: PLP) (formula: $C_8H_{10}NO_6P$).

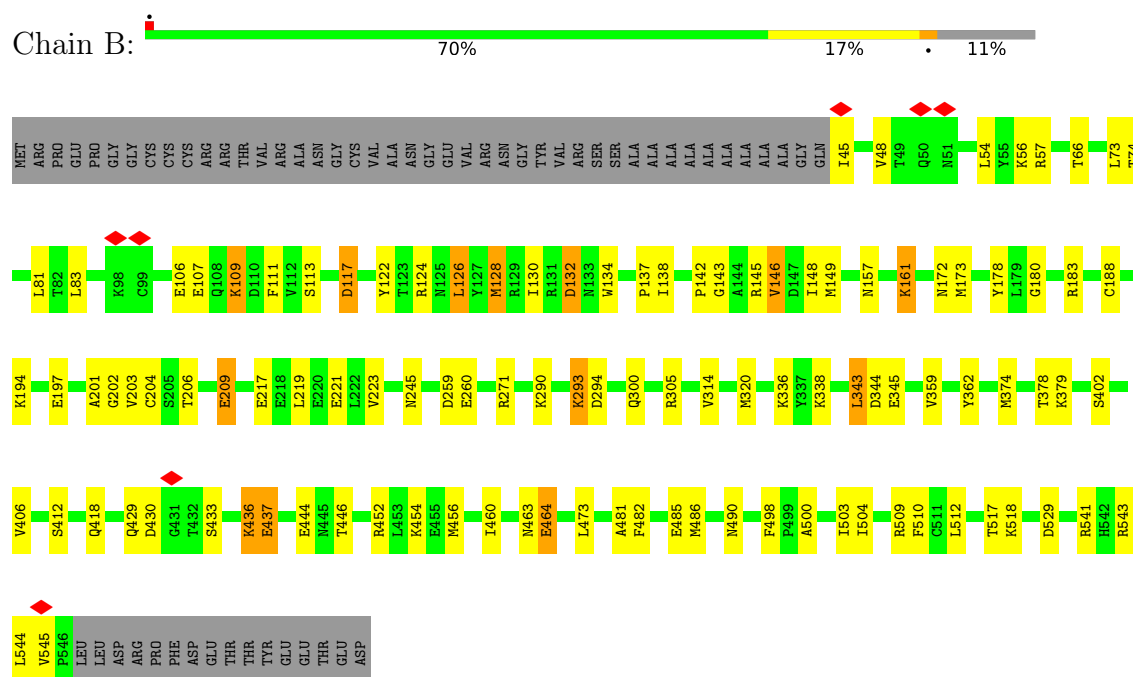


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P	
6	B	1	15	8	1	5	1	0

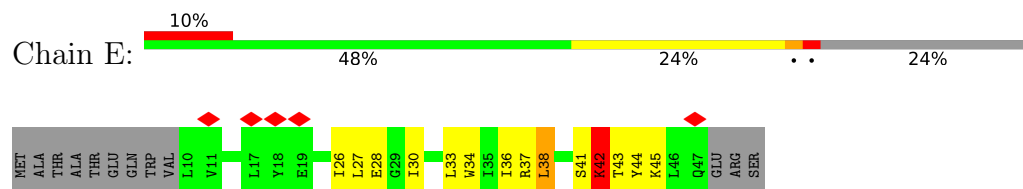
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

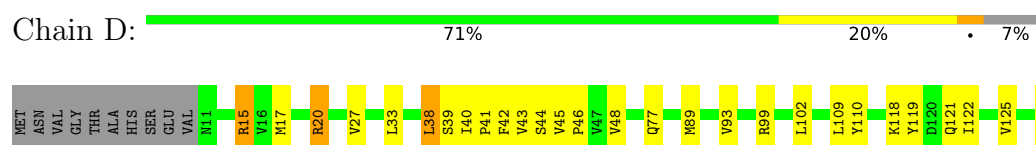
• Molecule 1: Serine palmitoyltransferase 2



• Molecule 2: Serine palmitoyltransferase 1

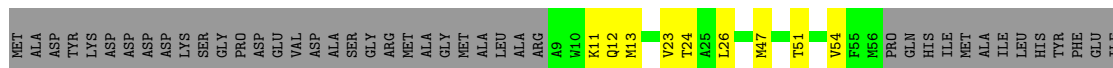


• Molecule 3: ORM1-like protein 3

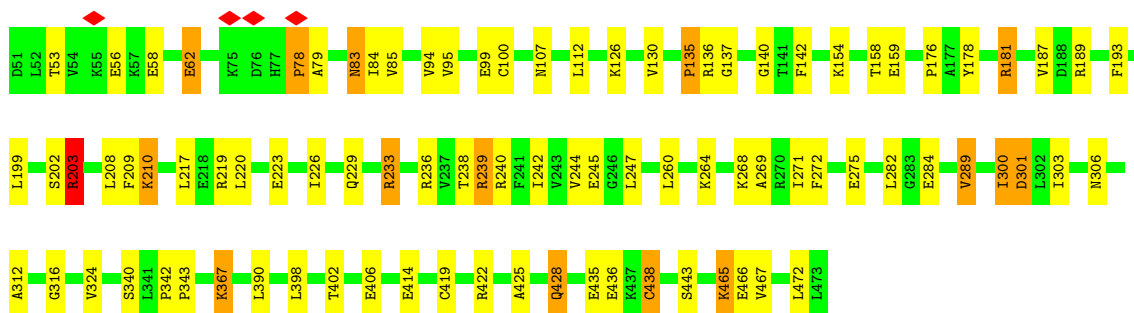
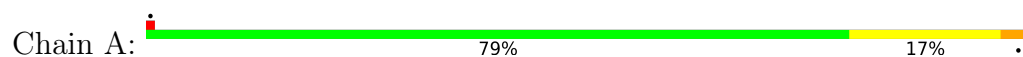




- Molecule 4: Serine palmitoyltransferase small subunit A



- Molecule 5: Serine palmitoyltransferase 1



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	249589	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1000	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	2000	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.260	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.158	Depositor
Average map value	-0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.006	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.028	Depositor
Map size (\AA)	276.48, 276.48, 276.48	wwPDB
Map dimensions	256, 256, 256	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (\AA)	1.08, 1.08, 1.08	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PLP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	$\# Z > 5$
1	B	0.44	0/4036	0.63	1/5449 (0.0%)
2	E	0.32	0/305	0.77	0/416
3	D	0.38	0/1197	0.63	0/1634
4	C	0.35	0/426	0.64	0/580
5	A	0.42	0/3345	0.63	3/4521 (0.1%)
All	All	0.42	0/9309	0.64	4/12600 (0.0%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	A	300	ILE	N-CA-C	7.09	118.22	111.91
5	A	78	PRO	N-CA-CB	6.09	109.64	103.25
5	A	135	PRO	CA-C-O	-5.22	117.36	121.38
1	B	117	ASP	N-CA-C	5.04	118.21	111.75

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	B	3953	0	3944	80	0
2	E	298	0	304	8	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	D	1162	0	1201	26	0
4	C	411	0	401	2	0
5	A	3285	0	3305	66	0
6	B	15	0	6	6	0
All	All	9124	0	9161	167	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (167) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:379:LYS:NZ	6:B:601:PLP:C4A	1.69	1.56
1:B:433:SER:O	1:B:437:GLU:HG2	1.49	1.13
1:B:111:PHE:CD1	5:A:268:LYS:HG2	1.98	0.99
5:A:58:GLU:OE2	5:A:62:GLU:HG3	1.73	0.87
1:B:111:PHE:CE1	5:A:268:LYS:HG2	2.09	0.86
5:A:189:ARG:HD2	5:A:438:CYS:SG	2.18	0.83
5:A:233:ARG:HG3	5:A:233:ARG:HH11	1.43	0.83
1:B:66:THR:O	3:D:20:ARG:NH1	2.12	0.82
5:A:275:GLU:OE1	5:A:289:VAL:HG12	1.80	0.81
1:B:320:MET:CE	1:B:509:ARG:NH2	2.48	0.77
2:E:27:LEU:HD12	2:E:27:LEU:O	1.86	0.76
5:A:85:VAL:HG22	5:A:95:VAL:HG22	1.68	0.75
1:B:132:ASP:OD2	1:B:157:ASN:ND2	2.21	0.74
5:A:181:ARG:HD3	5:A:203:ARG:HB2	1.72	0.71
5:A:158:THR:HG22	5:A:159:GLU:H	1.57	0.70
3:D:118:LYS:O	3:D:119:TYR:HB2	1.91	0.69
1:B:320:MET:HE2	1:B:509:ARG:HH21	1.58	0.69
1:B:320:MET:HE2	1:B:509:ARG:NH2	2.09	0.68
1:B:320:MET:HE1	1:B:509:ARG:NH2	2.09	0.68
1:B:66:THR:HG23	3:D:20:ARG:HD3	1.76	0.67
1:B:134:TRP:O	5:A:137:GLY:O	2.13	0.67
1:B:436:LYS:NZ	1:B:436:LYS:HB2	2.10	0.66
1:B:217:GLU:OE1	1:B:217:GLU:HA	1.96	0.66
1:B:378:THR:HG21	6:B:601:PLP:O1P	1.95	0.65
1:B:379:LYS:NZ	6:B:601:PLP:C4	2.58	0.63
5:A:300:ILE:O	5:A:300:ILE:HG22	2.00	0.61
1:B:206:THR:OG1	1:B:209:GLU:HG3	2.01	0.61
1:B:433:SER:O	1:B:437:GLU:CG	2.38	0.61
5:A:58:GLU:OE2	5:A:62:GLU:CG	2.48	0.60

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:379:LYS:CE	6:B:601:PLP:C4A	2.78	0.59
1:B:111:PHE:HD1	5:A:268:LYS:HG2	1.61	0.59
1:B:314:VAL:HG23	1:B:343:LEU:HD23	1.83	0.59
5:A:189:ARG:O	5:A:189:ARG:HG3	2.03	0.58
1:B:320:MET:CE	1:B:509:ARG:HH21	2.14	0.58
5:A:282:LEU:HD21	5:A:390:LEU:HD13	1.85	0.58
1:B:128:MET:O	1:B:128:MET:HG3	2.04	0.58
5:A:233:ARG:HG3	5:A:233:ARG:NH1	2.18	0.57
1:B:48:VAL:HG12	1:B:54:LEU:HD13	1.88	0.56
5:A:178:TYR:OH	5:A:324:VAL:O	2.20	0.56
2:E:38:LEU:HD12	2:E:38:LEU:O	2.07	0.55
3:D:141:GLN:HE21	3:D:141:GLN:N	2.04	0.55
5:A:94:VAL:HG22	5:A:99:GLU:HG2	1.88	0.55
1:B:456:MET:HE1	1:B:529:ASP:HB2	1.87	0.55
1:B:122:TYR:CD1	1:B:126:LEU:HD13	2.41	0.55
1:B:106:GLU:O	1:B:109:LYS:HG3	2.07	0.55
5:A:306:ASN:HA	5:A:316:GLY:HA2	1.89	0.55
1:B:113:SER:O	5:A:239:ARG:NH2	2.40	0.55
3:D:110:TYR:CG	3:D:131:LEU:HD12	2.42	0.55
3:D:77:GLN:O	5:A:181:ARG:HB2	2.06	0.54
3:D:147:ILE:HG23	3:D:148:PHE:HD2	1.72	0.54
5:A:219:ARG:O	5:A:223:GLU:HG3	2.08	0.54
5:A:53:THR:OG1	5:A:56:GLU:OE2	2.21	0.54
1:B:202:GLY:O	5:A:112:LEU:HD11	2.08	0.54
3:D:147:ILE:HG22	3:D:147:ILE:O	2.08	0.53
5:A:100:CYS:SG	5:A:425:ALA:HB2	2.48	0.53
1:B:245:ASN:OD1	1:B:402:SER:OG	2.25	0.53
3:D:38:LEU:HG	3:D:38:LEU:O	2.09	0.52
5:A:233:ARG:HH11	5:A:233:ARG:CG	2.14	0.52
1:B:45:ILE:N	1:B:54:LEU:HD11	2.24	0.52
5:A:238:THR:O	5:A:240:ARG:NH1	2.42	0.52
1:B:446:THR:HA	1:B:512:LEU:HD13	1.92	0.52
5:A:187:VAL:HG21	5:A:199:LEU:HD11	1.92	0.52
3:D:147:ILE:HG23	3:D:148:PHE:CD2	2.45	0.51
1:B:111:PHE:CE1	5:A:268:LYS:CG	2.89	0.51
3:D:45:VAL:N	3:D:46:PRO:CD	2.73	0.51
5:A:181:ARG:CD	5:A:203:ARG:HB2	2.41	0.51
1:B:503:ILE:HG23	1:B:504:ILE:H	1.76	0.50
1:B:504:ILE:HG13	1:B:504:ILE:O	2.12	0.50
3:D:110:TYR:CD1	3:D:131:LEU:HD12	2.47	0.50
5:A:209:PHE:O	5:A:210:LYS:O	2.29	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:E:34:TRP:CD1	2:E:34:TRP:C	2.91	0.49
5:A:264:LYS:HG3	5:A:269:ALA:O	2.12	0.49
3:D:89:MET:O	3:D:99:ARG:NH1	2.45	0.49
5:A:83:ASN:ND2	5:A:83:ASN:N	2.60	0.49
3:D:141:GLN:N	3:D:141:GLN:NE2	2.60	0.49
3:D:121:GLN:O	3:D:121:GLN:HG2	2.13	0.49
5:A:244:VAL:HG22	5:A:245:GLU:H	1.78	0.49
5:A:419:CYS:SG	5:A:467:VAL:HG21	2.53	0.49
1:B:142:PRO:HA	1:B:146:VAL:CG1	2.43	0.48
5:A:135:PRO:O	5:A:137:GLY:N	2.46	0.48
1:B:517:THR:HG22	1:B:518:LYS:N	2.29	0.48
1:B:454:LYS:HE3	1:B:460:ILE:HB	1.95	0.48
3:D:33:LEU:O	3:D:33:LEU:HG	2.12	0.48
5:A:112:LEU:HD13	5:A:312:ALA:HB1	1.96	0.48
4:C:24:THR:OG1	4:C:26:LEU:HD13	2.14	0.48
5:A:208:LEU:H	5:A:208:LEU:HD23	1.79	0.48
5:A:242:ILE:HG21	5:A:260:LEU:HD11	1.96	0.47
5:A:271:ILE:O	5:A:272:PHE:HD1	1.97	0.47
2:E:44:TYR:O	2:E:44:TYR:CG	2.68	0.47
5:A:398:LEU:HD11	5:A:472:LEU:HD21	1.95	0.47
1:B:344:ASP:OD1	6:B:601:PLP:H2A1	2.15	0.47
1:B:436:LYS:NZ	1:B:436:LYS:CB	2.73	0.47
1:B:498:PHE:C	1:B:500:ALA:H	2.23	0.47
1:B:481:ALA:O	1:B:485:GLU:HG2	2.15	0.47
1:B:74:THR:HG21	1:B:504:ILE:HG22	1.97	0.46
1:B:473:LEU:O	1:B:473:LEU:HD12	2.15	0.46
5:A:428:GLN:HG2	5:A:443:SER:O	2.15	0.46
5:A:422:ARG:HH22	5:A:466:GLU:CD	2.22	0.46
1:B:452:ARG:O	1:B:456:MET:HG3	2.16	0.46
3:D:41:PRO:C	3:D:42:PHE:HD1	2.23	0.45
2:E:45:LYS:HD3	3:D:93:VAL:HG22	1.98	0.45
1:B:498:PHE:O	1:B:500:ALA:N	2.49	0.45
1:B:45:ILE:HD12	1:B:56:LYS:HD2	1.99	0.45
1:B:482:PHE:O	1:B:486:MET:HG2	2.17	0.45
5:A:136:ARG:O	5:A:136:ARG:HG3	2.17	0.45
5:A:209:PHE:CZ	5:A:217:LEU:HD12	2.52	0.45
3:D:89:MET:HE1	3:D:102:LEU:HD12	1.99	0.44
5:A:58:GLU:CD	5:A:62:GLU:HG3	2.40	0.44
5:A:406:GLU:O	5:A:406:GLU:HG2	2.18	0.44
2:E:34:TRP:CD1	2:E:34:TRP:O	2.70	0.44
1:B:293:LYS:HB3	1:B:293:LYS:HE2	1.56	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:201:ALA:O	1:B:412:SER:OG	2.36	0.44
5:A:58:GLU:O	5:A:62:GLU:HB2	2.18	0.44
1:B:161:LYS:HB3	1:B:161:LYS:HE3	1.22	0.44
1:B:518:LYS:HE2	1:B:518:LYS:HB2	1.70	0.44
5:A:465:LYS:HB2	5:A:465:LYS:HE2	1.51	0.43
3:D:15:ARG:HE	3:D:15:ARG:HB3	1.43	0.43
5:A:136:ARG:H	5:A:140:GLY:HA3	1.83	0.43
1:B:271:ARG:HH11	1:B:271:ARG:CG	2.31	0.43
3:D:45:VAL:HB	3:D:46:PRO:HD3	2.01	0.43
5:A:136:ARG:HB2	5:A:340:SER:HB3	1.99	0.43
5:A:233:ARG:NH1	5:A:233:ARG:CG	2.73	0.43
5:A:83:ASN:N	5:A:83:ASN:HD22	2.16	0.43
1:B:107:GLU:OE2	1:B:107:GLU:N	2.51	0.43
1:B:143:GLY:C	1:B:145:ARG:H	2.25	0.43
1:B:430:ASP:N	1:B:430:ASP:OD1	2.51	0.43
1:B:138:ILE:HD11	5:A:142:PHE:CE1	2.54	0.43
1:B:204:CYS:SG	5:A:107:ASN:HB3	2.59	0.43
1:B:541:ARG:HD3	1:B:541:ARG:HA	1.77	0.43
2:E:34:TRP:O	2:E:34:TRP:HD1	2.02	0.43
1:B:73:LEU:HD22	4:C:23:VAL:HG13	2.00	0.43
5:A:189:ARG:CD	5:A:438:CYS:SG	3.00	0.43
1:B:81:LEU:HD13	1:B:126:LEU:HG	2.00	0.43
5:A:209:PHE:C	5:A:210:LYS:O	2.62	0.42
1:B:503:ILE:HG23	1:B:504:ILE:N	2.33	0.42
3:D:132:MET:O	3:D:136:ILE:HG12	2.19	0.42
5:A:142:PHE:HE2	5:A:343:PRO:HG3	1.83	0.42
1:B:146:VAL:HG22	1:B:172:ASN:HB2	2.02	0.42
1:B:463:ASN:OD1	1:B:464:GLU:N	2.52	0.42
1:B:219:LEU:O	1:B:223:VAL:HG23	2.20	0.42
1:B:188:CYS:HB3	1:B:418:GLN:HE22	1.84	0.42
1:B:138:ILE:HG22	1:B:148:ILE:HG12	2.01	0.42
1:B:259:ASP:OD1	1:B:260:GLU:N	2.53	0.42
3:D:40:ILE:HG22	3:D:43:VAL:HG22	2.02	0.42
5:A:158:THR:HG22	5:A:159:GLU:N	2.29	0.42
1:B:173:MET:HE3	1:B:510:PHE:CD1	2.54	0.42
1:B:128:MET:HE2	1:B:128:MET:HB2	1.72	0.41
1:B:137:PRO:HG2	1:B:149:MET:HB2	2.02	0.41
3:D:122:ILE:O	3:D:125:VAL:HG12	2.20	0.41
5:A:209:PHE:HB3	5:A:220:LEU:HD12	2.02	0.41
5:A:367:LYS:HE3	5:A:367:LYS:HB2	1.30	0.41
1:B:402:SER:O	1:B:406:VAL:HG12	2.21	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:E:42:LYS:HB3	2:E:43:THR:H	1.61	0.41
5:A:247:LEU:HD12	5:A:247:LEU:HA	1.87	0.41
1:B:66:THR:HG23	3:D:20:ARG:CD	2.47	0.41
1:B:300:GLN:HG3	1:B:305:ARG:O	2.21	0.41
1:B:338:LYS:HE3	1:B:338:LYS:HB2	1.85	0.41
1:B:344:ASP:CG	6:B:601:PLP:H2A1	2.46	0.41
5:A:176:PRO:HA	5:A:202:SER:HB3	2.02	0.41
1:B:344:ASP:OD1	1:B:374:MET:SD	2.79	0.40
1:B:359:VAL:HA	1:B:362:TYR:HB3	2.03	0.40
3:D:109:LEU:O	3:D:109:LEU:HD23	2.22	0.40
5:A:130:VAL:O	5:A:342:PRO:HB3	2.21	0.40
5:A:193:PHE:HE1	5:A:435:GLU:O	2.03	0.40
5:A:135:PRO:C	5:A:137:GLY:H	2.30	0.40
1:B:178:TYR:C	1:B:180:GLY:H	2.28	0.40
1:B:436:LYS:HB2	1:B:436:LYS:HZ3	1.83	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	500/562 (89%)	465 (93%)	35 (7%)	0	100	100
2	E	36/50 (72%)	32 (89%)	3 (8%)	1 (3%)	4	16
3	D	141/153 (92%)	132 (94%)	8 (6%)	1 (1%)	19	49
4	C	46/92 (50%)	45 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
5	A	421/423 (100%)	382 (91%)	34 (8%)	5 (1%)	11	35
All	All	1144/1280 (89%)	1056 (92%)	81 (7%)	7 (1%)	24	52

All (7) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	A	210	LYS
5	A	79	ALA
5	A	301	ASP
5	A	78	PRO
2	E	42	LYS
3	D	17	MET
5	A	203	ARG

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	417/466 (90%)	385 (92%)	32 (8%)	10	31
2	E	28/44 (64%)	19 (68%)	9 (32%)	0	0
3	D	131/139 (94%)	120 (92%)	11 (8%)	9	28
4	C	43/78 (55%)	37 (86%)	6 (14%)	3	9
5	A	354/357 (99%)	331 (94%)	23 (6%)	14	40
All	All	973/1084 (90%)	892 (92%)	81 (8%)	12	28

All (81) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	57	ARG
1	B	83	LEU
1	B	109	LYS
1	B	117	ASP
1	B	124	ARG
1	B	126	LEU
1	B	128	MET
1	B	130	ILE
1	B	132	ASP
1	B	146	VAL
1	B	161	LYS
1	B	183	ARG
1	B	194	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	197	GLU
1	B	203	VAL
1	B	209	GLU
1	B	221	GLU
1	B	290	LYS
1	B	293	LYS
1	B	294	ASP
1	B	336	LYS
1	B	343	LEU
1	B	345	GLU
1	B	429	GLN
1	B	436	LYS
1	B	437	GLU
1	B	444	GLU
1	B	464	GLU
1	B	490	ASN
1	B	543	ARG
1	B	544	LEU
1	B	545	VAL
2	E	26	ILE
2	E	28	GLU
2	E	30	ILE
2	E	33	LEU
2	E	36	ILE
2	E	37	ARG
2	E	38	LEU
2	E	41	SER
2	E	42	LYS
3	D	15	ARG
3	D	20	ARG
3	D	27	VAL
3	D	38	LEU
3	D	39	SER
3	D	44	SER
3	D	48	VAL
3	D	141	GLN
3	D	145	VAL
3	D	147	ILE
3	D	150	ILE
4	C	11	LYS
4	C	12	GLN
4	C	13	MET

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	C	47	MET
4	C	51	THR
4	C	54	VAL
5	A	62	GLU
5	A	83	ASN
5	A	84	ILE
5	A	126	LYS
5	A	154	LYS
5	A	181	ARG
5	A	203	ARG
5	A	226	ILE
5	A	229	GLN
5	A	233	ARG
5	A	236	ARG
5	A	239	ARG
5	A	284	GLU
5	A	289	VAL
5	A	301	ASP
5	A	303	ILE
5	A	367	LYS
5	A	402	THR
5	A	414	GLU
5	A	428	GLN
5	A	436	GLU
5	A	438	CYS
5	A	465	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (15) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	154	HIS
1	B	284	ASN
1	B	286	GLN
1	B	418	GLN
1	B	440	GLN
1	B	441	GLN
3	D	127	ASN
3	D	141	GLN
5	A	65	GLN
5	A	83	ASN
5	A	224	GLN
5	A	285	HIS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
5	A	359	ASN
5	A	407	GLN
5	A	421	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
6	PLP	B	601	-	15,15,16	3.06	3 (20%)	20,22,23	1.19	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	PLP	B	601	-	-	3/6/6/8	0/1/1/1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	B	601	PLP	C3-C2	7.95	1.48	1.40
6	B	601	PLP	C5-C4	7.38	1.48	1.40
6	B	601	PLP	C3-C4	4.02	1.48	1.40

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	B	601	PLP	C6-N1-C2	2.16	123.17	119.17

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	B	601	PLP	C5A-O4P-P-O2P
6	B	601	PLP	C5A-O4P-P-O3P
6	B	601	PLP	C5A-O4P-P-O1P

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 6 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	B	601	PLP	6	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

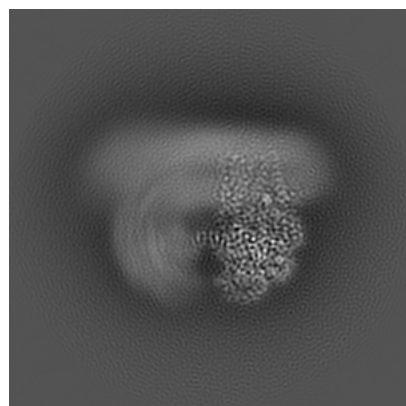
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-33869. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

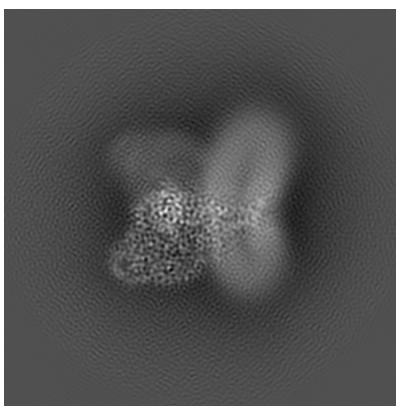
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

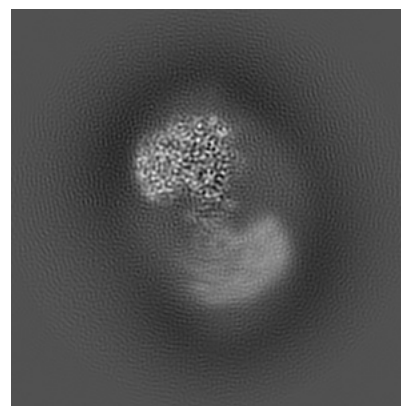
6.1.1 Primary map



X

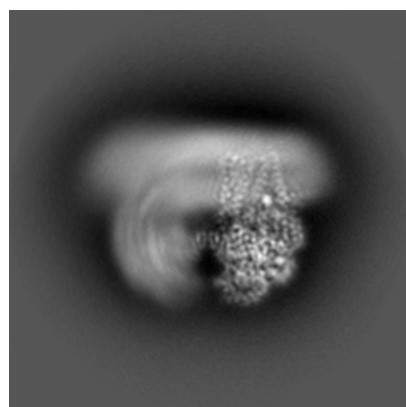


Y

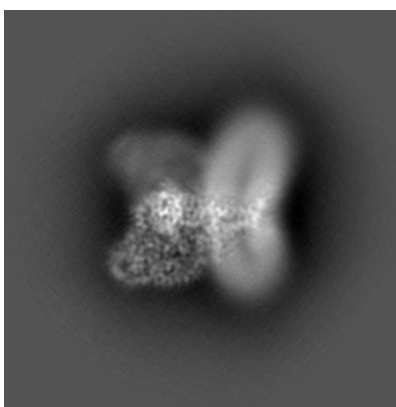


Z

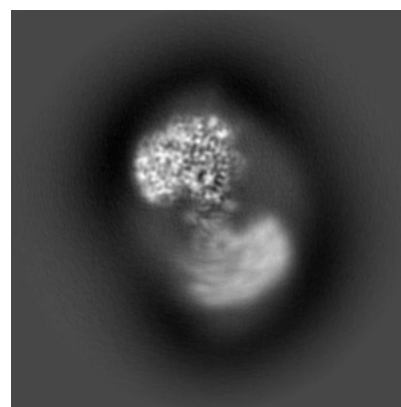
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

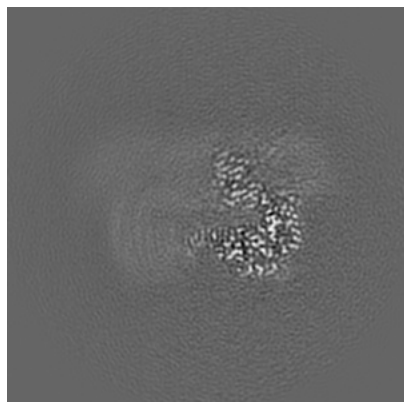


Z

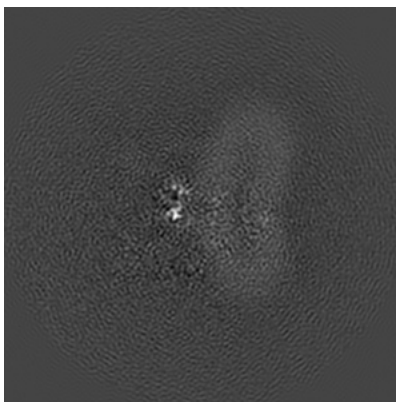
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

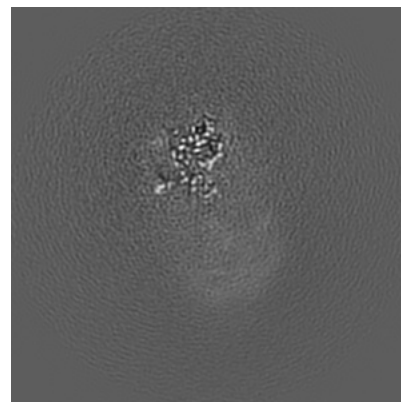
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 128

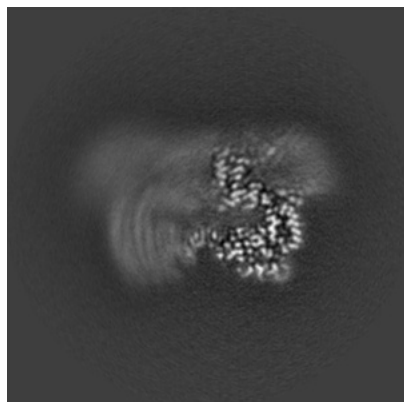


Y Index: 128

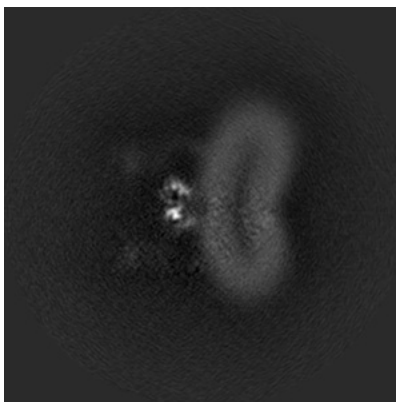


Z Index: 128

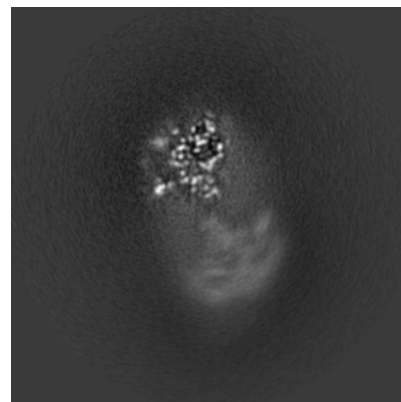
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 128



Y Index: 128

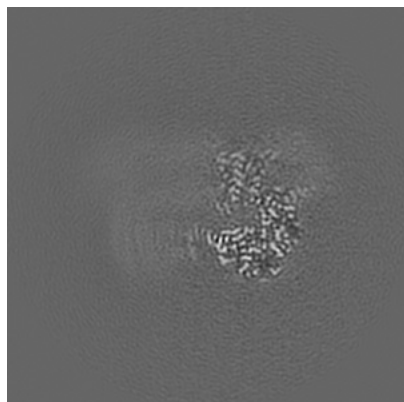


Z Index: 128

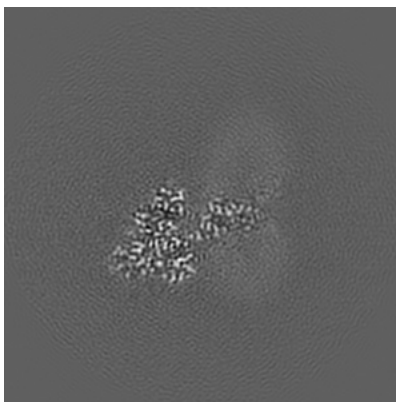
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

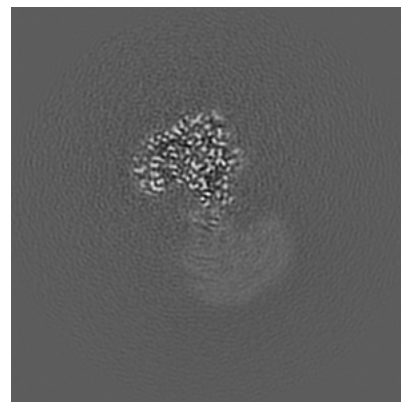
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 125

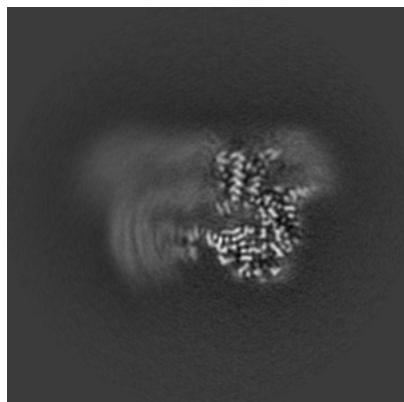


Y Index: 147

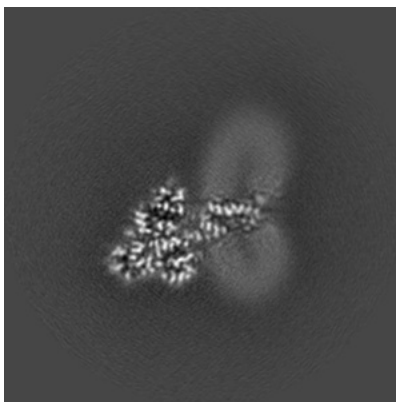


Z Index: 105

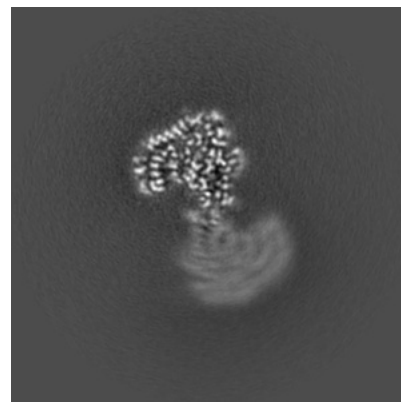
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 125



Y Index: 147

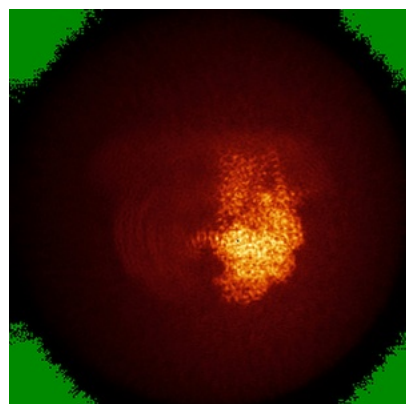


Z Index: 105

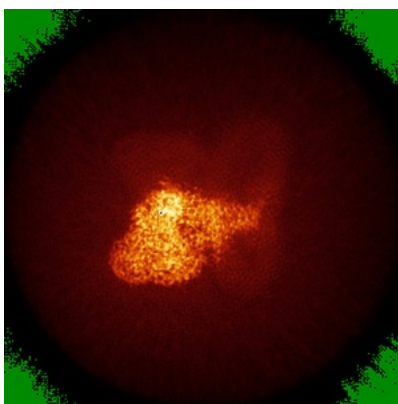
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

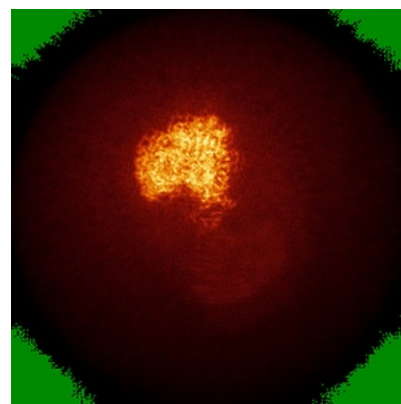
6.4.1 Primary map



X

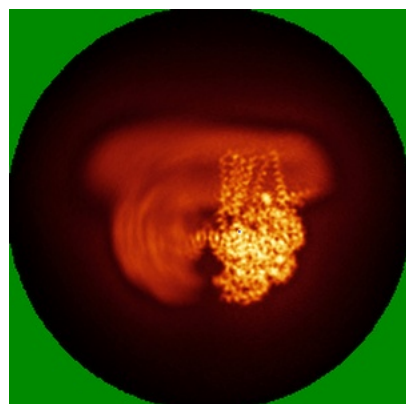


Y

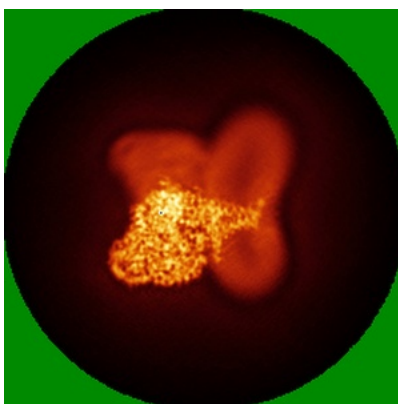


Z

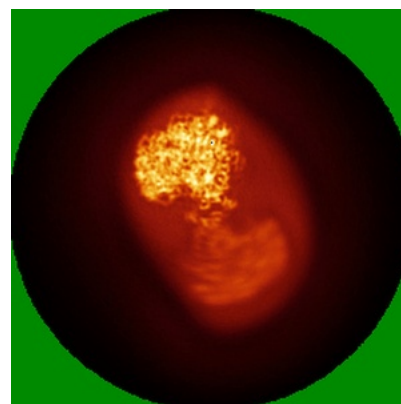
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

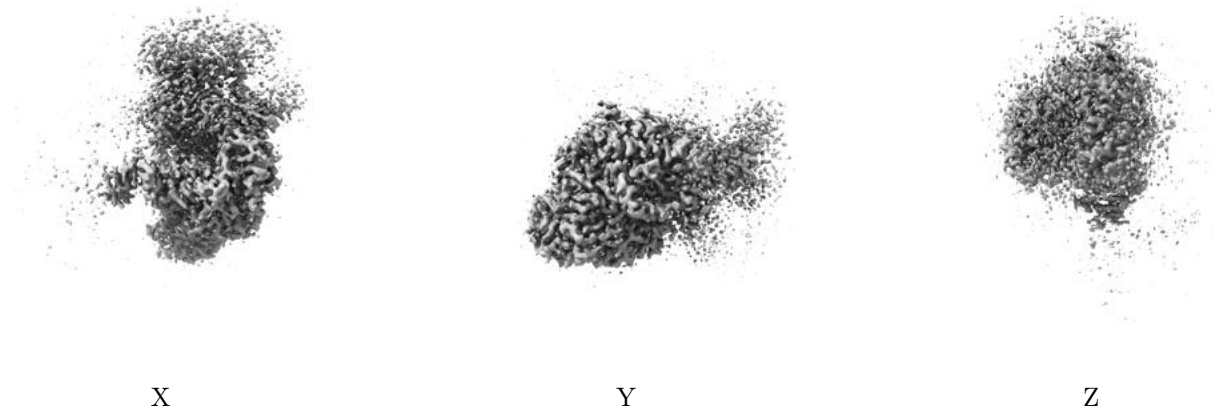


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

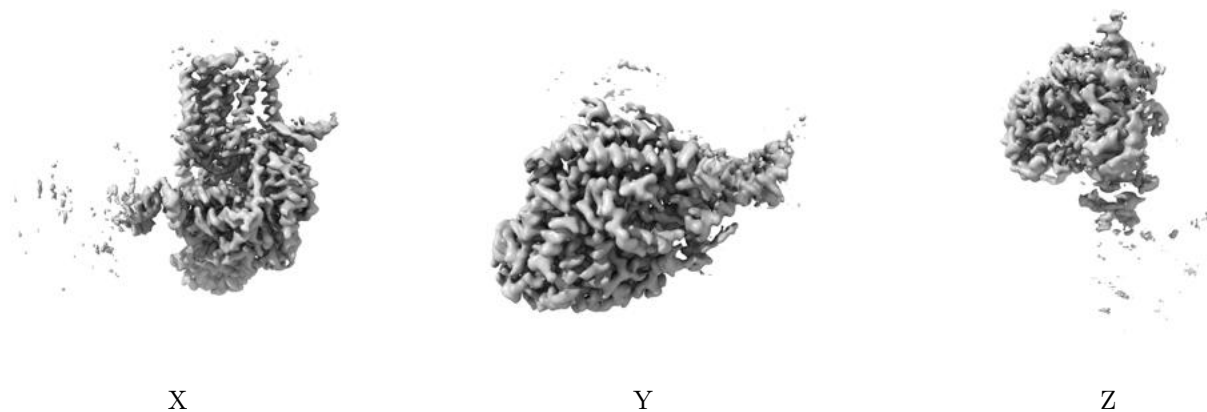
6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.028. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

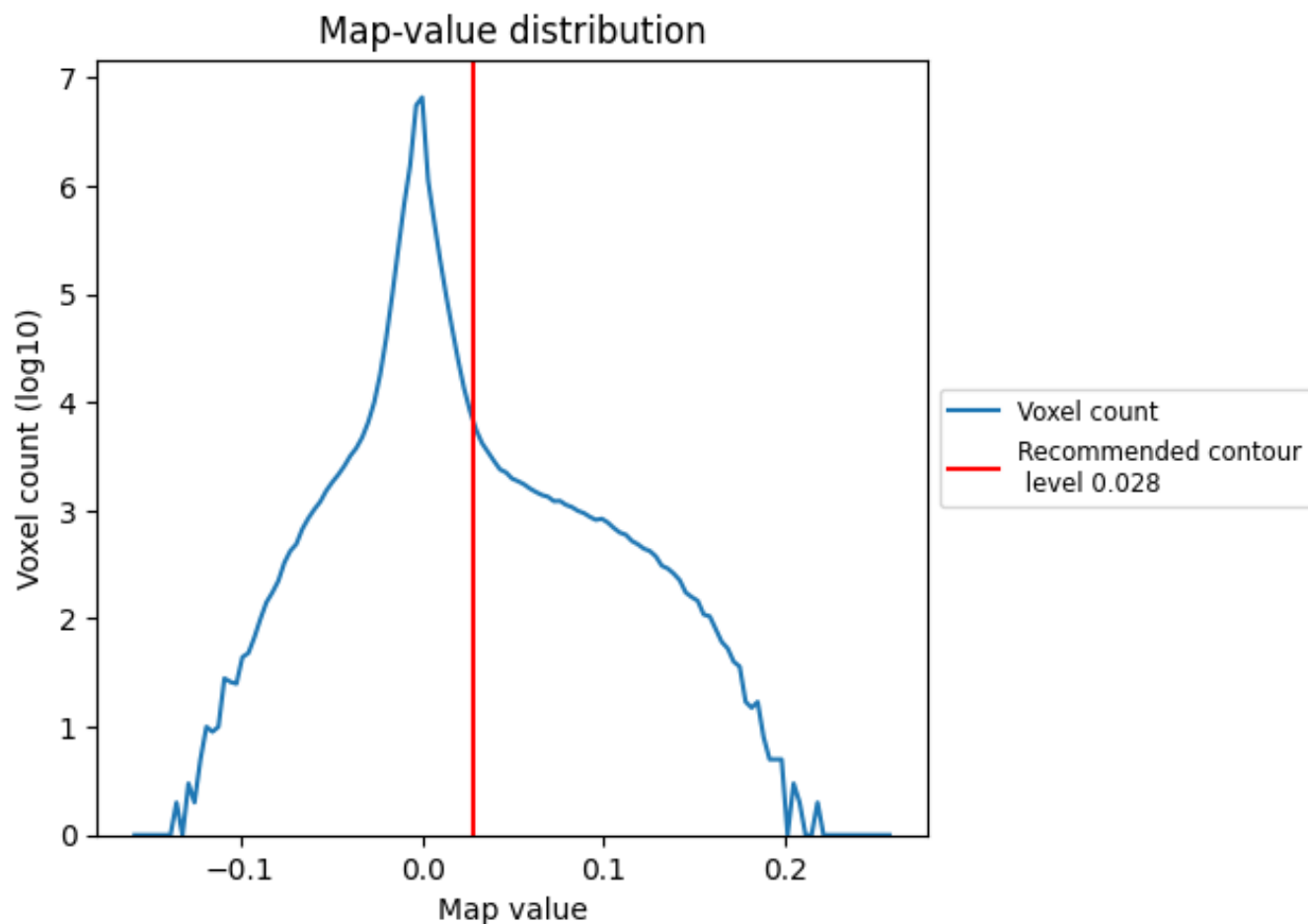
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

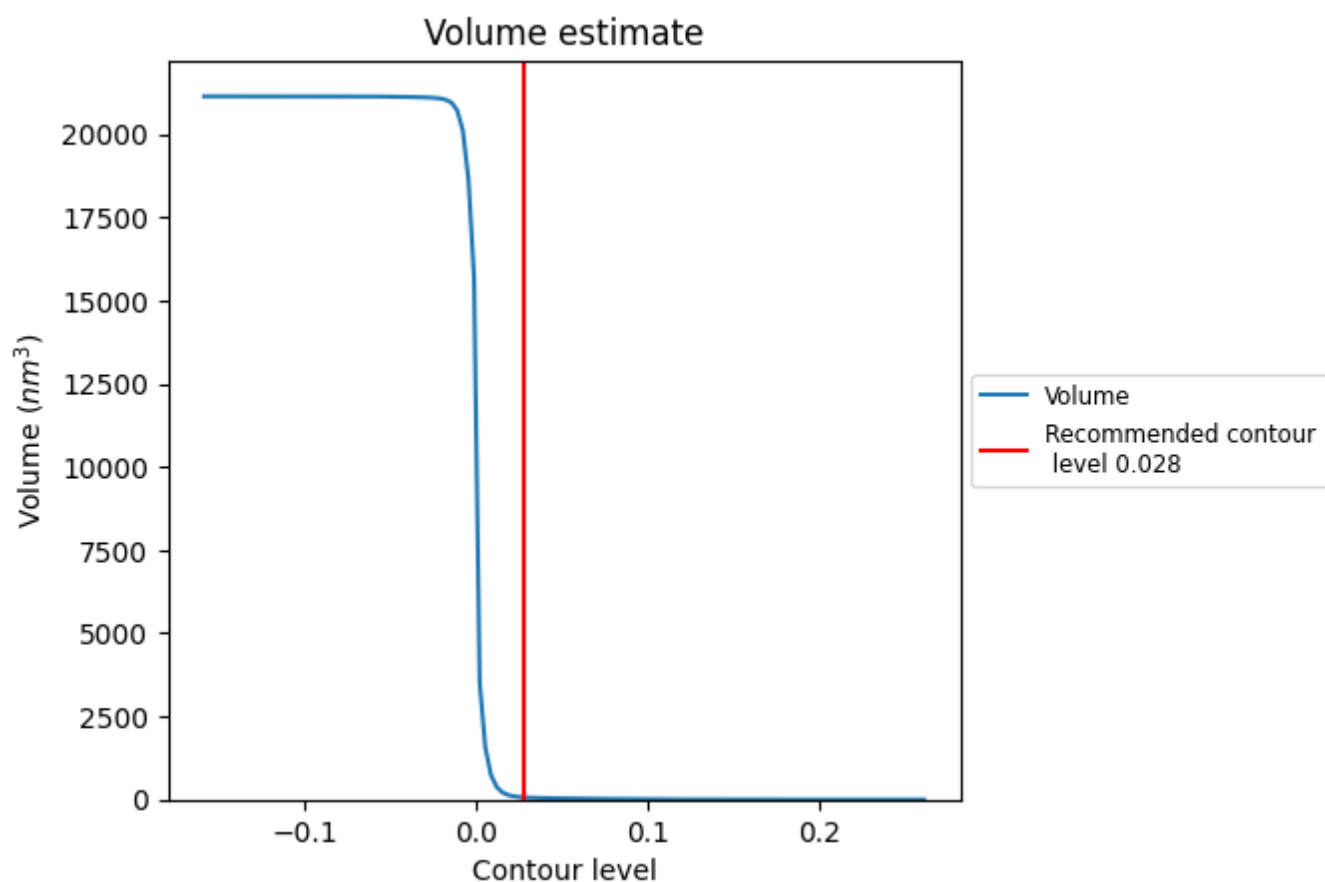
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

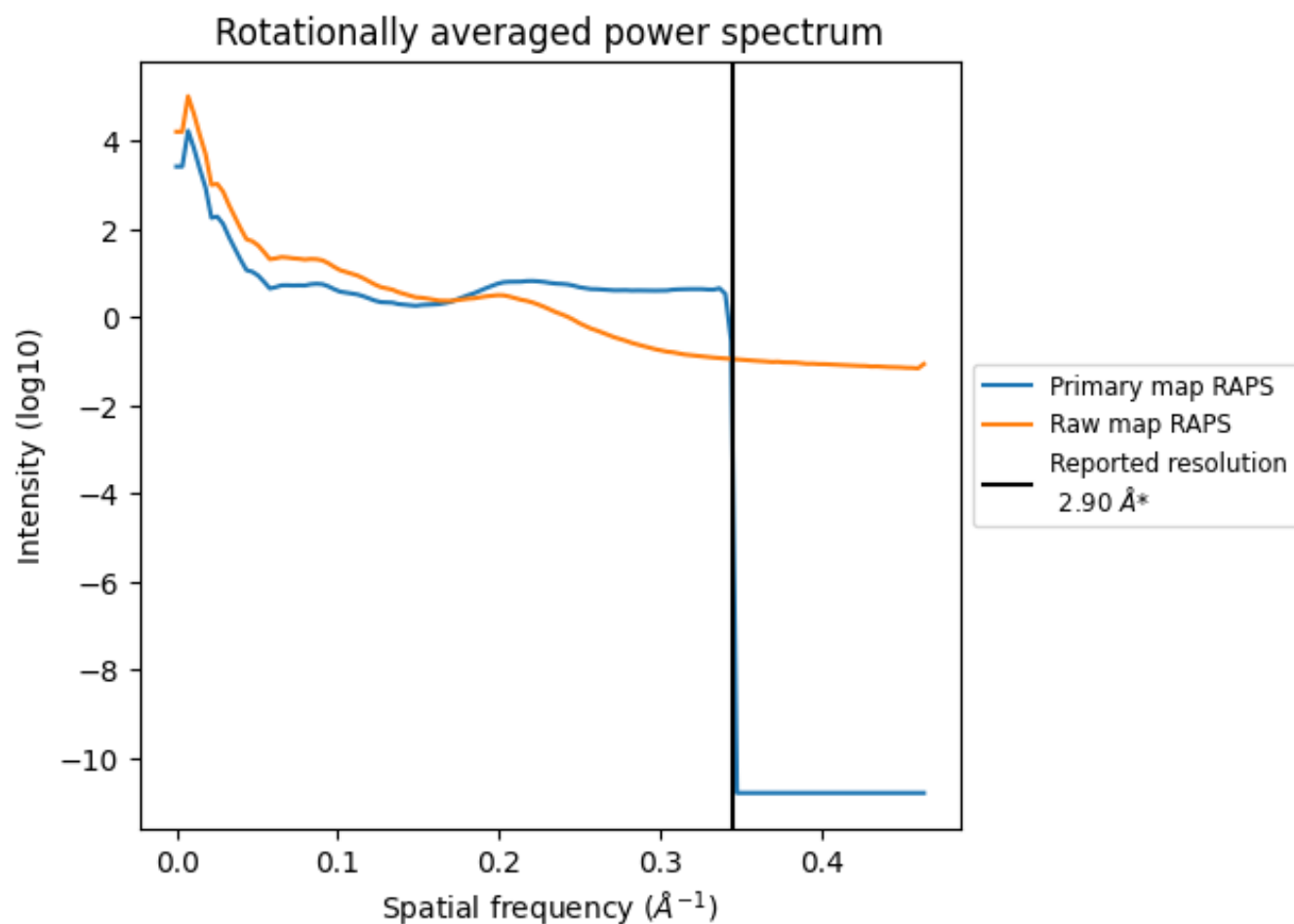
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 66 nm^3 ; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 59 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum ⓘ

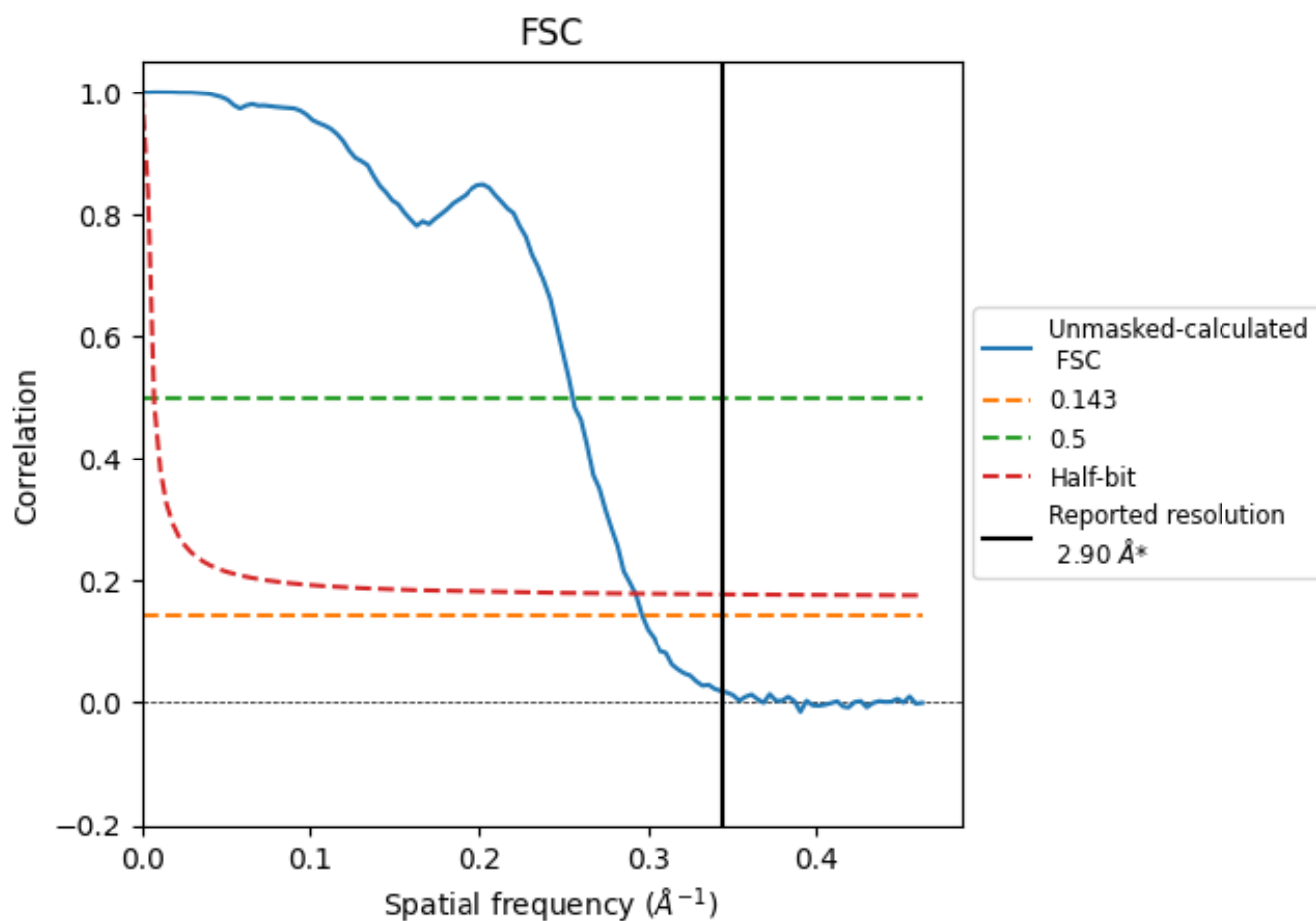


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.345 Å⁻¹

8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.345 \AA^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

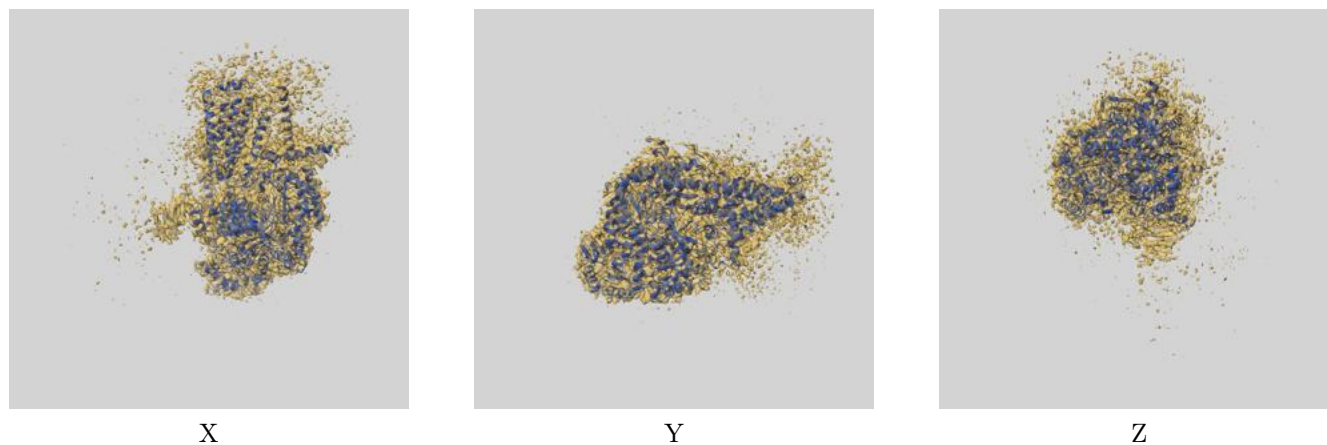
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.90	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	-	-	-
Unmasked-calculated*	3.37	3.91	3.42

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.37 differs from the reported value 2.9 by more than 10 %

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

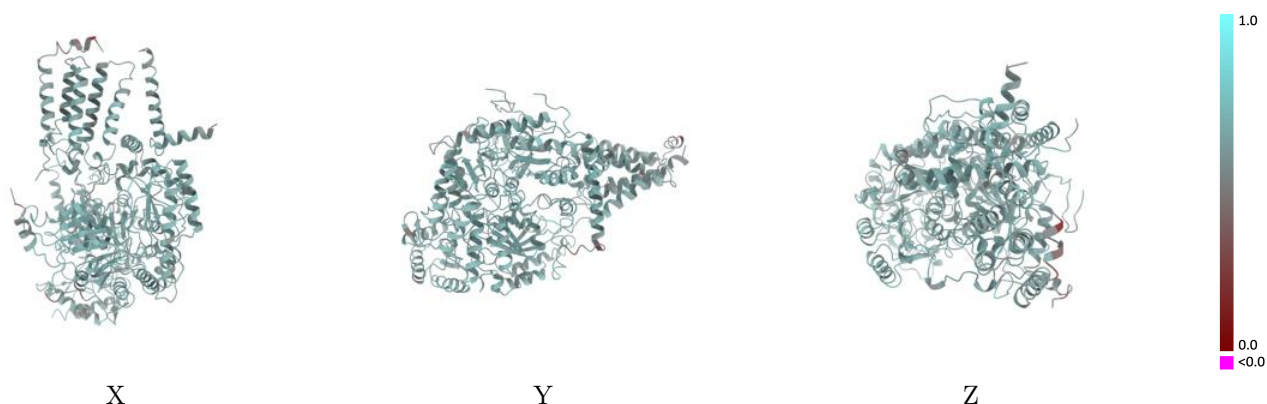
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-33869 and PDB model 7YJ2. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section [3](#) on page [7](#).

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



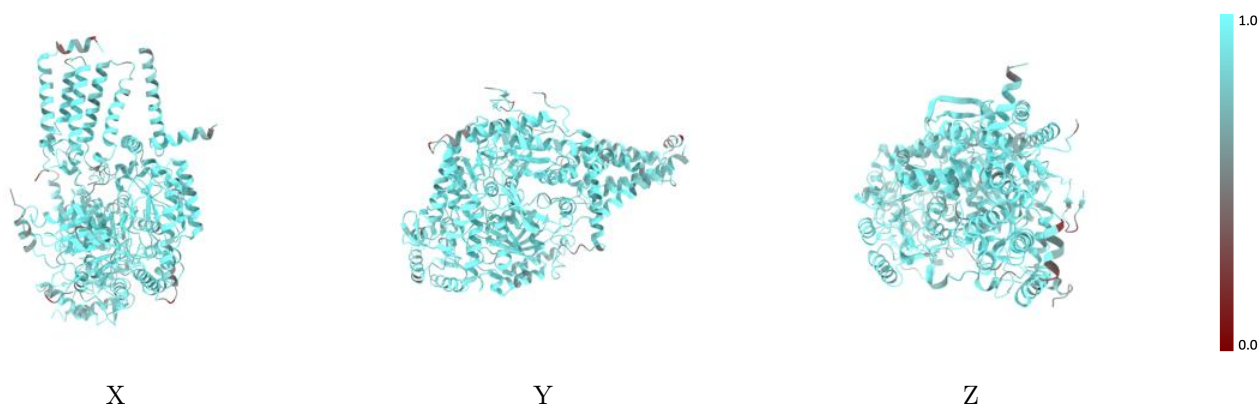
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.028 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



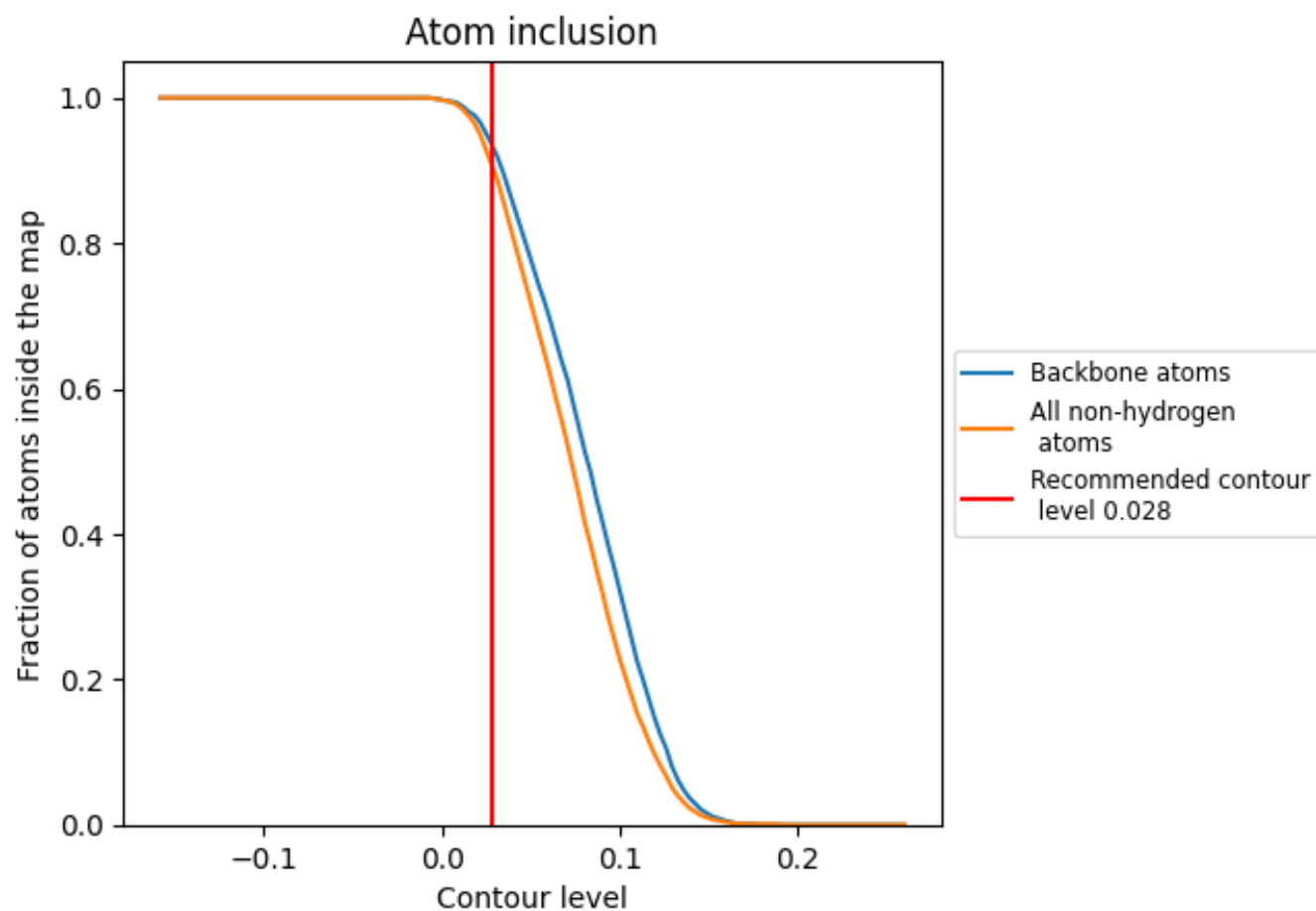
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [i](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.028).

9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 94% of all backbone atoms, 91% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary ⓘ

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.028) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	<div></div> 0.9090	<div></div> 0.6110
A	<div></div> 0.9150	<div></div> 0.6150
B	<div></div> 0.9270	<div></div> 0.6220
C	<div></div> 0.8550	<div></div> 0.5880
D	<div></div> 0.8910	<div></div> 0.5970
E	<div></div> 0.7430	<div></div> 0.5240

